

FINANCIAL TIMES

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draw up the rules

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Nafta fails to clean up
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Bank of China

The boss seeks
obedience

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FT WEEKEND

Summer Arts
Festival guide

TOMORROW

World Business Newspaper <http://www.FT.com>

FRIDAY JUNE 6 1997

● The fifth part of
our 12-part series, FT
Mastering Finance,
appears on Monday.
Topics include
foreign exchange,
shareholder value
and the takeover
premium.



Financial services processing ready to switch online

Use of the Internet by financial services companies for processing transactions is set to soar, according to a survey by Ernst & Young, the accounting and consultancy firm. At the moment about 13 per cent of 130 financial services companies in 17 countries surveyed are using the Internet for transactions with customers - but this is set to jump to 60 per cent by 1999, or 87 per cent for US firms. Only 6 per cent have no plans to introduce transaction processing on the Internet. "In 1996, there was virtually no Internet transaction processing in the US," said Phil Lawrence of Ernst & Young's financial services consulting group. Page 18; Editorial Comment, Page 17

Employers fearful over EU: The presidents of Unice, the European employers' federation, will today make a heartfelt plea to EU leaders to preserve the balance between economic and social objectives when the union's founding treaty is amended later this month. Having watched with some alarm the changing colour of EU governments over the past month, they will stress that social initiatives must not be allowed to damage competitiveness. Page 2

Swiss weapons vote: A Swiss referendum on whether to ban arms exports could affect all but the humble Swiss Army Knife. Swiss Army Brands, the US company with sole rights to the Swiss Army trademark, insists the penknife is a pocket tool, not a weapon. Page 18

Venezuelan oil bonanza: Investors have bid a record amount in Venezuela's tender for oil operating licences to secure their access to the western hemisphere's largest proven reserves. More than 130 companies bid in excess of \$1.9bn for rights to operate 14 out of 20 fields. Page 19

Ukrainian travesty: Ukraine's energy sector has failed to live up to its promise less than three months after the establishment of a competitive market structure. "It's a travesty," said one Western expert. Page 3

German GDP up: Germany's economic recovery has become significantly better entrenched in the first three months of this year, with gross domestic product half a per cent higher than in the last quarter of 1996. Page 2

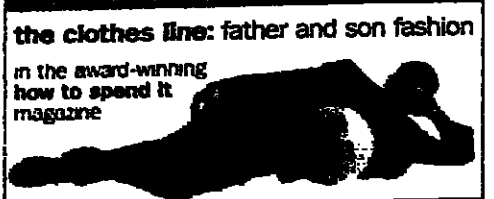
Bulgarian expansion plans: Bulgari, the Italian jewellery group, plans to open 20 stores worldwide over the next two years and diversify into new products including eyewear and leather goods. Page 19

Deal for part-time workers: European trade unions and employers are expected to sign an agreement today giving part-time employees across the EU the legal right to equal treatment with those in full-time jobs. Page 2

European music royalties: The UK and Dutch societies responsible for collecting royalties on behalf of musicians are working on plans to establish a pan-European network. Page 6

Hungarian changes: The Hungarian government plans to alter the level of state-held stakes in some 90 of the 193 companies considered vital to the national interest. Page 2

Maxim's wine sales: Paris restaurant Maxim's auctioned off 8,000 bottles of wine from its cellars, earning FF9.7m (\$1.9m) for the restaurant's owner Pierre Cardin.



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STOCK MARKET INDICES	
New York: S&P 500	7,336.10 (+0.53)
Dow Jones Ind. Av.	7,331.10 (+0.53)
NASDAQ Composite	1,391.87 (+12.0)
Europe and Far East	
CAC 40	3,860.85 (+5.48)
DAX	3,673.03 (+11.19)
FTSE 100	4,576.2 (+19.1)
Nikkei	20,488.15 (+123.41)
US LUNCHTIME RATES	
Federal Funds	5 1/4%
3-mth Treas. Bill	5.062%
Long Bond	6.85%
Yield	6.88%
OTHER RATES	
UK: 3-mth Interbank	8.14% (61.74)
UK: 10 yr Govt	10.02% (107.1)
France: 10 yr Govt	58.25 (98.01)
Germany: 10 yr Govt	101.25 (101.25)
Japan: 10 yr JGB	103.28 (103.27)
NORTH SEA OIL (Aargau)	
Brent Dated	\$17.84 (18.36)
GOLD	
New York: COMEX	\$343.0 (\$40.9)
London: COMEX	\$342.95 (\$42.05)
DOLLAR	
New York: DOLLAR	1.5325
DM	1.7293
FF	1.3646
SFR	1.4472
Y	116.825
London: DOLLAR	1.5300 (1.6283)
DM	1.7280 (1.7234)
FF	1.3625 (1.352)
SFR	1.4472 (1.4448)
Y	116.875 (116.14)
Tokyo: DOLLAR	116.84
STERLING	
DM	2.0167 (2.0162)

Move set to anger Germany ■ Waigel faces test of strength over budget discipline

MEPs force Emu pact changes

By Lionel Barber and John Kampfer in Malmö

In a move certain to anger Germany, the European Parliament has pushed through amendments which weaken the "stability and growth pact" on budget discipline in the future single currency zone. European Union finance ministers will consider the amendments in Luxembourg on Sunday and Monday. Already, the meeting looks like turning into a test of

strength for Mr Theo Waigel, German finance minister and architect of the pact.

Mr Waigel's reputation has taken a hammering in the past fortnight after the Bundestag rejected his plan to revalue its gold and foreign exchange reserves to meet the 1997 public deficit criterion for Emu. Moreover, the new Socialist-led government in France has raised doubts about the terms of the pact, which was agreed only after marathon negotiations between France and Ger-

many at the EU summit in Dublin last December.

It emerged yesterday - in the margins of the Congress of the Party of European Socialists in Malmö, Sweden - that MEPs had, in effect, held the Dutch presidency to ransom over the pact, which calls for sanctions and fines against countries breaching the deficit limit of 3 per cent of gross domestic product.

Mr Alan Donnelly, a British socialist MEP, said he had warned Mr Gerrit Zalm, Dutch

finance minister, that failure to accept amendments would run the risk of there being no parliamentary opinion on the subject in time for the Amsterdam summit on June 16-17.

The amendments to the pact threaten concessions which Mr Waigel and Mr Hans Tietmeyer, Bundesbank president, trumpeted in May after a meeting of EU finance ministers in the Dutch town of Noordwijk. Before imposing sanctions against "fiscal delinquents", EU finance ministers must dis-

tinguish between (benign) borrowing for investment and borrowing to fund deficits.

Germany's insistence that euro-zone countries should aim for budgetary balance in the medium term appears in a council resolution with cross-references to the EU regulation creating the stability pact. These cross-references have been removed, dashing German hopes that the text could have quasi-legal force rather than being a mere political declaration.

Germany - supported by the Dutch - wanted the proceeds from fines to be distributed to the sound members of the euro-zone. But the European Parliament insists there is no legal basis for this. EU finance ministers still have the power to throw out the amendments, but this would lead to an impasse before the Amsterdam

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Europe, Page 16

Nippon Life in pension link-up with US group

By Gwen Robinson in Tokyo and John Authers in New York

Nippon Life, the world's largest life insurer, and Putnam Investments, one of the largest US fund managers, yesterday launched a strategic alliance to manage Japanese pension funds in one of the most significant moves yet by a foreign fund manager into Japan's life market.

The move comes in response to growing competition and declining investment yields among Japanese life insurers ahead of the government's "big bang" financial deregulation, at a time when US mutual fund companies are looking to expand into foreign markets.

Nippon Life, which has a sales force of 76,000 and 17.5m policyholders, gives Putnam a strong foothold in the Japanese market. The Japanese group has total assets of ¥39,000bn (\$355bn) and accounts for nearly 21 per cent of the Japanese market.

Under the deal, Putnam will manage ¥80bn in assets globally for Nippon Life, mostly covering non-Japanese securities, and develop products for Japanese institutional pension clients.

It will also share data and research, and train Nippon Life's employees in investment management, marketing and client service.

"The tie-up is very significant, but not very surprising, in view of the explosive growth in Japanese pension funds and the ongoing shift of money from life insurance con-

tracts to fund management contracts," said Mr Andrew Smithers, an independent London-based economist.

Japanese life insurers manage about a third of the country's corporate pension assets, he said, but they hold them under relatively unattractive conditions which guarantee returns for only one year.

Pension funds were increasingly fighting back by switching to contracts linked to fund management, he added.

The alliance seems certain to be the model for further joint ventures. The Japanese market is lucrative and has until recently been highly protected. Foreigners offering more sophisticated services and higher returns have a powerful appeal for domestic pension funds.

Boston-based Putnam, the fifth largest US mutual fund manager with total assets of \$190bn, last year registered \$36bn in new cash flow into mutual funds alone, making it the biggest seller of mutual funds through intermediaries, and allowing it to overtake the sales registered by Fidelity Investments, the world's largest fund manager.

It is also a leader in managing so-called 401(k) defined-contribution pension funds for companies, managing about \$30bn.

Much of its success is based on a system of quantitative fund management which requires fund managers to adhere rigidly to guidelines, providing funds which invest in a narrowly defined range of securities.



Leading from the front: France's new prime minister Lionel Jospin leads some of his ministers out of their first cabinet meeting in Paris yesterday where they were formally introduced to President Jacques Chirac. Reports, Page 2

Korean leader's son on bribery charges

By John Burton in Seoul

The younger son of South Korea's president Kim Young-sam was charged yesterday with bribery and tax evasion in a further blow to his father's administration.

Mr Kim Hyun-chul was formally charged with taking Won3.2bn (\$35m) in bribes from several businessmen, and with evading Won1.5bn in taxes on a political slush fund that he controlled.

His recent arrest came in the wake of the bribes-for-loans scandal surrounding the bankrupt Hanbo steel group, in which several top government officials have been impli-

cated. Eleven senior businessmen and politicians were convicted this week in the scandal.

The president's son had been cleared of allegations that he was connected to the Hanbo affair but prosecutors uncovered the alleged bribery while investigating that case.

They claim the son, who had

political aspirations and was known as the "crown prince", had managed a Won12bn slush fund left over from his father's 1992 election campaign - and it is 1992 election funds that are at the centre of a new controversy.

The political opposition alleges that Hanbo contributed up to \$100m to the presi-

dent in return for gaining bank loans after his election.

President Kim's refusal last week to disclose the donors to his election campaign, and to answer charges that he exceeded the legal limit on campaign spending, provoked street rioting by students

Continued on Page 18

Foreign backers seek talks on Nigeria LNG sacking

By Robert Corzine in London and Antony Goldman in Lagos

Foreign partners in Nigeria's \$4bn liquefied natural gas project are urgently seeking a meeting with the government after Mr Dan Etete, the oil minister, sacked the board of directors of what is the biggest industrial venture in sub-Saharan Africa.

The foreign partners in Nigeria LNG (NLNG) include Royal Dutch/Shell, Elf of France and Agip of Italy. Yesterday they held emergency consultations to agree a common approach to the issue.

Mr Etete said he acted because "the rights of some shareholders were being denied", while the authority of the board was being "usurped by some self-styled powerful shareholders".

Mr Etete also ordered NLNG's senior executives to report directly to his office. Nigeria holds a 49 per cent stake in NLNG through the

state-owned Nigeria National Petroleum Corporation.

Construction at the project site on Bonny Island in Rivers state, Nigeria's main oil and gas producing region, has not been affected. But Mr Etete's action is seen as a serious threat to the project, which is due to begin exporting in 1999.

The foreign partners have declined to comment publicly on Mr Etete's move, although they are thought to be looking into the legality of the action. But as one industry observer noted yesterday, even if the six foreign directors are not affected by his action, the removal of the six NNPC-nominated directors would leave the board without a quorum and thus powerless to act.

While Mr Etete has been accused of incompetence and corruption by a number of prominent officials, he is widely held to have enjoyed the confidence of General Sani Abacha, the head of state.

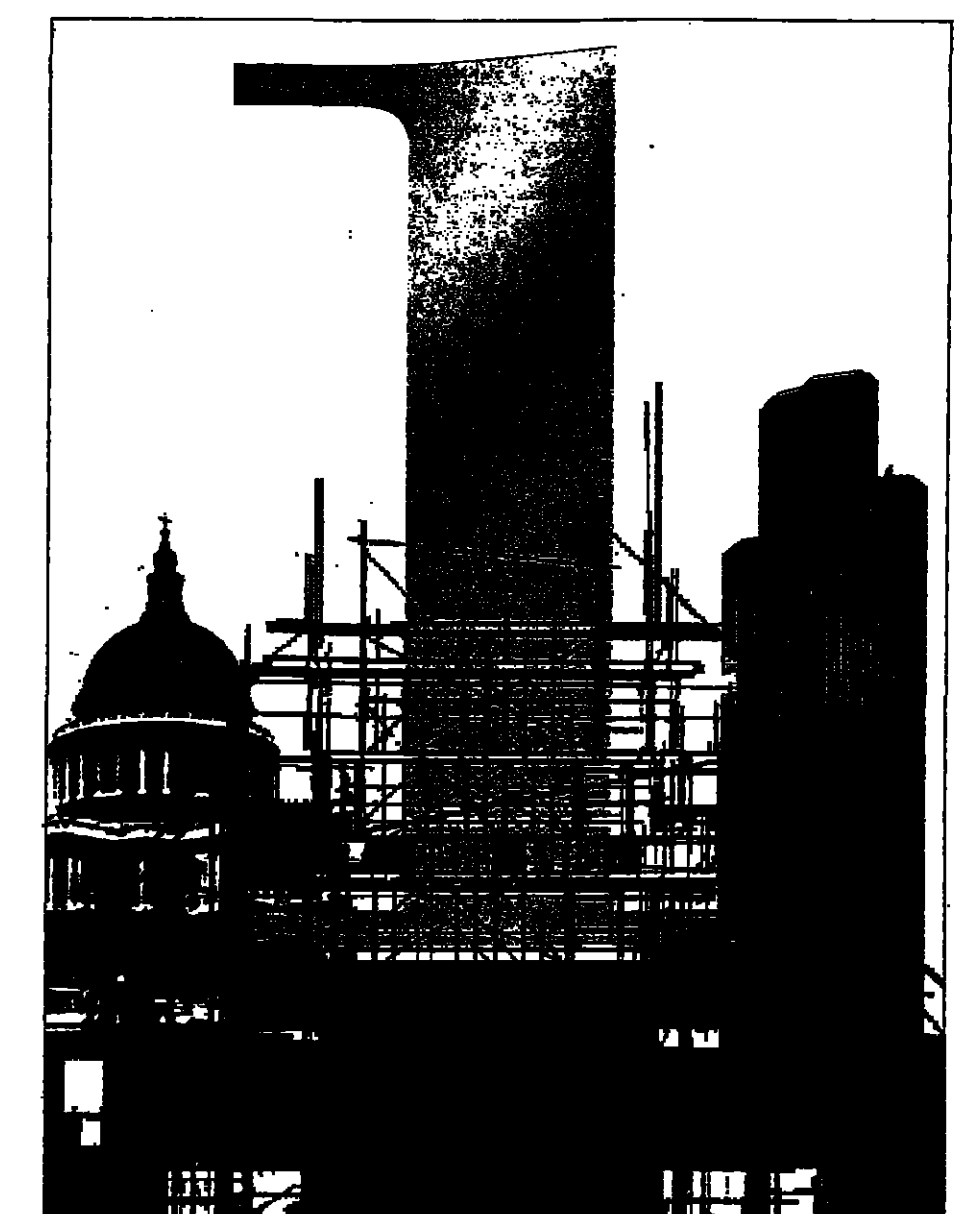
"A decision of this magni-

tude could not have been taken without full endorsement from the very top," said one diplomat in Lagos.

Nigerian oil industry officials have suggested that Agip, which has a 10.4 per cent stake in NLNG, shared the minister's frustration over contractual terms granting Shell, the second largest shareholder with a 25.6 per cent stake, the right to nominate NLNG's managing director.

There was intense speculation as to whether Mr Etete's actions were linked to controversy over a long-term contract worth several billion dollars to supply LNG to Enel, Italy's state electricity generator. Enel has tried to cancel the contract, which is now the subject of arbitration. Last March Mr Etete personally intervened in the dispute.

There is increasing discontent among US and European operators over Mr Etete's management, which introduced new layers of bureaucracy.



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Political foes declare 'mutual respect' as French prepare for an uneasy cohabitation

Chirac sizes up Jospin's cabinet

By David Buchan and David Owen in Paris

France's cohabitation government moved gingerly into gear yesterday with a cabinet meeting at which the Socialist prime minister, Mr Lionel Jospin, promised to respect "the high constitutional prerogatives" of the Gaullist President Jacques Chirac, who in turn called for "mutual respect".

The purely formal session was for Mr Jospin to introduce to President Chirac the 16 ministers and 10 junior state secretaries named on Tuesday evening. But it was not followed by a "family photo" of the president and his ministers on the Elysée steps, as happens when they are of the same party.

Though dominated by Mr Jospin's Socialist party, the government has a Green as environment minister and three Communists, responsible for transport, sport and tourism. However, the Paris Bourse reacted well, with its CAC-40 index closing 2.11 per cent up on the day.

There was less encouraging news in figures released yesterday by Insee, the national statistics institute, showing that the French economy grew by a slower-than-expected 0.2 per cent in the first quarter, held back by dwindling stocks and declining investment.

The figures confounded economists' forecasts of between 0.4 and 0.5 per cent and increased doubts about

the departing centre-right administration's predictions for 1997 growth of "a minimum" of 2.3 per cent. Slower growth would make it harder for the new government to narrow the public deficit to 3 per cent of gross domestic product and so qualify for European monetary union.

Mr Jospin has ruled out new austerity measures as a means of achieving this Maastricht criterion, which was recently dismissed as "dogma" by Mr Dominique Strauss-Kahn, the new economics minister.

The poor stocks and investment performance in yesterday's figures largely offset positive contributions from consumption and foreign trade. The overall rate

of expansion was unchanged from the final quarter of 1996 which brought growth for the year as a whole to a sluggish 1.5 per cent.

Mrs Martine Aubry, the labour and social affairs minister, who ranks number two in the government, said after the meeting she would work with Mr Strauss-Kahn to "get the country going again" and to "stimulate recovery and jobs".

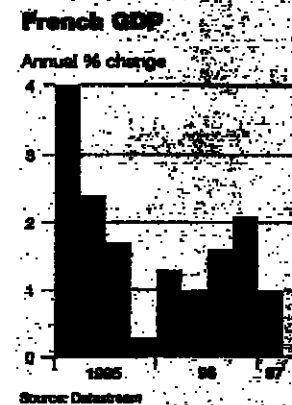
Mr Strauss-Kahn said he intended to "pursue that part of the previous government's action which went in the right direction", and that France's partners, especially Germany, "have no cause for concern".

He and other ministers met later to prepare next week's Franco-German sum-

mit. Mr Pierre Moscovici, junior minister on Europe, said the new government would stick to Mr Jospin's campaign commitments to get Europe to take more account of France's social and job concerns.

Mrs Aubry, daughter of Mr Jacques Delors, the former European Commission president, is one of eight women who are full or junior ministers. This makes the new government one of France's most feminine, after a campaign in which 30 per cent of the Socialist candidates were female. Ranking third in the government is Mrs Elisabeth Guigou as justice minister.

Mr Jospin has put his own stamp on the government by generally ignoring past



Source: Datapoint
Socialist heavyweights in favour of fresh blood and out of a need to accommodate his Communist, Citizens' Movement and Green electoral allies.

Foreign minister faces policy balancing act

The new foreign minister of France's Socialist-led government, Mr Hubert Védrine, is a clever, wry veteran of the Mitterrand years at the Elysée palace, who combines idealism about Europe with a certain cynicism about diplomacy in general.

Like the new defence minister, Mr Alain Richard, Mr Védrine is a relatively unknown figure, and his appointment seems tailored to ensure President Jacques Chirac can continue to exercise his constitutional right to take the lead in shaping foreign and security policy.

Mr Védrine, 49, was chosen because of his considerable experience of running foreign policy in times of "cohabitation", when the president and government come from rival political parties.

He enjoys a close friendship with key players such as Mr Joachim Bitterlich, Chancellor Helmut Kohl's francophone foreign policy adviser, whom he will see again at next week's Franco-German summit. However, he is not enamoured of the conditions which the Socialists have tied to the single currency, which may set him at odds with his junior minister for Europe, Mr Pierre Moscovici, who wrote those conditions into the Socialist campaign programme.

Mr Richard, 51, has no significant experience of defence, except as a budgetary issue in the Senate. This would have left Mr Chirac a clear field, were it not for general Socialist opposition to several aspects of the president's wide-ranging defence reforms.

More Gaullist than the Gaullist president, the Socialist have criticised Mr Chirac for so far failing to persuade the US to "Europeanise" Nato sufficiently to ease his constitutional right to take the lead in shaping foreign and security policy.

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David Buchan



New faces: Foreign minister Hubert Védrine, a clever, wry veteran (top), while economics minister Dominique Strauss-Kahn has been long allied with Mr Jospin

Super-ministry of economics to hold key power

He may not rank at the top of the pecking order in Mr Lionel Jospin's cabinet, but Mr Dominique Strauss-Kahn will hold one of the most powerful positions in the new Socialist government.

In France, where protocol is not to be taken lightly, the super-ministry of economics, finance and industry has been ranked in sixth position, symbolically coming after those departments concerned with some of the left's top campaign priorities including employment and justice.

But Mr Strauss-Kahn has four junior ministers reporting to him, more than any of his colleagues. Moreover, never before in the history of the Fifth Republic has the industry ministry been grafted on to the economics and finance ministry.

With a doctorate in economics and a degree from HEC, France's best-rated business school, Mr Strauss-Kahn, long allied with Mr Jospin, has already held ministerial office and was one of the co-authors of the Socialists' electoral economic programme.

He faces considerable challenges, notably in helping answer the question of whether France needs to continue with austerity measures if it is to meet the Maastricht criteria for monetary union; in determining

whether the Socialists will definitely prevent further privatisations as they suggested during the election campaign; and discussing possible new taxes.

In line with recent tradition Mr Strauss-Kahn's budget minister is a close aide of the prime minister. Mr Christian Sauter is an economist and long-time ally of Mr Jospin.

In selecting the other three junior ministers under Mr Strauss-Kahn, Mr Jospin has taken no risks, appointing only one who is not in the Socialist party: Mr Jacques Dondoux, from the Radical Socialist party.

But one of the most important relationships for Mr Strauss-Kahn will be with that of Ms Martine Aubry, who has been appointed the top-ranking minister in government after Mr Jospin, in charge of another super-ministry to cover employment, solidarity, and social and urban affairs.

It is between her and Mr Strauss-Kahn that the debates may prove the most fierce, over the funding for fulfilling the Socialists' pledges to create 700,000 jobs - half in the public sector - and to move progressively towards a reduction from a 39 to a 35 hour week without any reduction in salary.

Andrew Jack

Deal to give full rights to part-time workers

By Robert Taylor, Employment Editor

European trade unions and employers are expected to sign an agreement today which will give part-time employees across the European Union the legal right to equal treatment with those in full-time jobs.

The deal will establish for the first time the principle of non-discrimination for part-time employees, both male and female. It will give equal access to pay, bonus, shift and other additional payments for comparable employees and will ensure equal contractual terms are provided for them in occupational sick leave schemes and paid holiday leave.

In addition, the deal, to be signed in The Hague, will enable part-time employees

to get equal access to share options, staff discounts and occupational pensions.

The agreement will be presented to the EU Commission president, Mr Jacques Santer, today. Member governments will be expected to give their approval in the autumn. It would then be adopted as a legally binding directive on all EU states and become law within two years.

The agreement is the second such deal reached between employers and trade unions in the EU, after one covering unpaid parental leave signed earlier this year.

The part-time agreement will apply to the UK once the new Labour government has signed the social chapter as it has promised to do.

The stated purpose of the

deal is to remove discrimination against part-time workers, improve the quality of part-time work, and facilitate voluntary work on a part-time basis.

But the measure has been watered down under employer pressure to enable casual workers to be excluded "wholly or in part for objective reasons" from its provisions.

The part-time agreement will have a particular impact in the UK, ensuring 5.7m part-time employees will have an absolute right for the first time to equal contractual rights, staff benefits and discounts.

The Trades Union Congress has estimated 60 per cent of British part-timers are at present excluded from such rights.

Employers fearful over EU's changing colour

By Emma Tucker in Brussels

The presidents of Unice, the European employers' federation, will today make a heartfelt plea to EU leaders to preserve the balance between economic and social objectives when the Union's founding treaty is amended later this month.

Having watched with some alarm the changing colour of EU governments over the past month, they will stress that social initiatives must not be allowed to damage competitiveness.

The Unice leaders are meeting in The Hague 10 days before heads of state meet in Amsterdam to agree revisions to the treaty.

Following the election victories of the Labour party in Britain and the Socialist party in France, Mr Zygmunt

Tyszkiewicz, Unice's secretary general, reckons that where recently he could count on 28 "pro-employer" votes in the Council of Ministers - enough to form a blocking minority - he is now down to eight.

News that the British government intends to promote liberal supply-side reforms in Europe has come as a relief. But Unice is taking no risks.

"We would be extremely anxious if there was any dilution of the notion that public service of a revenue generating nature should be open to competition," said Mr Tyszkiewicz. France wants a declaration included in the treaty calling for special consideration for the role of public services.

Further, the proposed employment chapter for the

treaty contains what business leaders view as dubious references to employment "incentives".

On the other hand, the word "competitiveness" has found its way into the new draft treaty as a "task" for the EU. "We would have preferred it as an 'objective'," comments Mr Tyszkiewicz. "But at least it shows that somebody's heart was in the right place."

Another concern for some is the likely failure of the revised treaty to grant the Commission wholesale powers to negotiate trade agreements in areas such as intellectual property, public procurement and services. However, industry itself is split on whether trade matters should be left to the member states or transferred to Brussels.

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TV battle may prove Irish poll decider

By John Murray Brown in Dublin

Ireland's 2.7m voters go to the polls today in what promises to be one of the closest general elections in years.

An opinion poll in yesterday's Irish Independent suggested the opposition Fianna Fáil party could win enough seats with the support of the small right-of-centre Progressive Democrats to form the next government. But with 14 per cent still undecided, much will depend on floating voters.

However, with some pollsters predicting a hung parliament is also focused on the Greens and other independents who could hold the balance of power.

In a lacklustre campaign, the government has questioned the competence of Fianna Fáil, pointing to the breakdown of its last two attempts at cohabitation with the PDs in 1992 and with Labour in 1994, which resulted in the formation of the current "rainbow" coalition of Fine

Gael, Labour and Democratic Left. By contrast, Mr John Bruton, the Fine Gael prime minister, has made much of the harmonious record of his coalition, despite the apparent ideological differences.

For much of the campaign the Fianna Fáil leader, Mr Bertie Ahern, held the upper hand, setting the agenda on tax and crime but he failed to establish a substantial lead.

Mr Ahern appeared more comfortable on the campaign trail, where some party officials feared his earthy Dublin ways might alienate more conservative country voters. One Fine Gael minister even suggested the state broadcaster Radio Telefís Éireann was guilty of partisan coverage, for assigning its top correspondent to cover the Fianna Fáil leader's campaign.

But in what might be seen as the key turning point in the three-week campaign, Mr Bruton appeared to outscore Mr Ahern on Wednesday night in the only head-to-head television debate. The Irish Times, which

has been far from uncritical of the prime minister, described it as "the best performance of his political life".

Even on Northern Ireland, where Fine Gael is seen to be too pro-British, Fianna Fáil failed to capitalise. To Mr Ahern's claim that it was "the primary role" of an Irish prime minister to represent the interests of Northern nationalists, Mr Bruton retorted that "the unionists are Irish people and the Taoiseach [prime minister] has to look after them as Irish people. I believe the people in the Shankill are just as Irish as the people in the Falls Road."

With all the parties fighting over the centre ground, the campaign has provided a curious display of political cross-dressing. Mr Bruton, the prosperous County Meath farmer, has donned the ideological clothing of his left-leaning partners, while Mr Ahern has appeared to move rightwards - in an apparent bid to woo PDs transfers.

"If we have the money we should

spend it," Mr Bruton intoned, as he elaborated his views on free education - although he attended a top private school.

Notwithstanding the fact that many Dublin public houses either had the sound turned down for the debate, or switched channels to watch the England-Italy football match, Fine Gael strategists are confident the prime minister has swayed sufficient numbers of undecideds in marginals, on which the result looks like turning.

"He was just being himself," said a clearly relieved Bruton loyalist.

The real question is whether the outgoing three-party coalition can muster enough transfers, with Fine Gael gains compensating for the losses expected from Labour.

Ironically, Fianna Fáil's fate could be decided by the performance of the PDs, who despite the personal standing of Ms Mary Harney, the party leader, look set to lose seats in Dublin and Limerick.

Editorial Comment, Page 17

EUROPEAN NEWS DIGEST

Fishing protest blocks Lisbon

More than 50 trawlers and other fishing vessels blockaded Lisbon's fishing port yesterday in protest against a government measure banning fishing beyond the 12 mile limit for 24 hours a week.

The Socialist government ordered the Sunday ban on fishing in the open seas to help restore dwindling fish stocks. But vessel owners say the measure is discriminatory and ineffective because the more powerful Spanish fleet, which fishes in the same waters, will not be affected.

The protest, organised by the vessels owners' union with the support of fishermen, prevented some cargo ships from leaving or entering Lisbon and was expected to spread.

Peter Wise, Lisbon

Chemical groups in wage deal

Germany's big chemical companies yesterday welcomed a union agreement with the country's 600,000 chemical workers which could allow companies to cut wages by up to 10 per cent during economic downturns. They said the agreement was an important step towards introducing greater flexibility into the labour market.

The agreement between employers in one of Germany's most important industries and the IG Chemie union will allow struggling companies to ask for wage cuts in return for not laying off workers. It will also introduce greater freedom for workers' wages to rise more easily when companies' profits are increasing. "This is a very good solution that has been found. We have flexibility in both directions," said Hoechst.

The agreement was hailed by union negotiators as "a new era".

Graham Bowley, Frankfurt

Spain confident over Emu

Spain is counting on going ahead with the launch of the European single currency at the beginning of 1999 despite uncertainty over the approach the new French Socialist government will take, according to Mr José María Aznar, the prime minister.

He said he had talked by telephone on Tuesday with Germany's Chancellor Helmut Kohl - the only other surviving leader of a centre-right government in the EU - and that they were both "absolutely decided" on sticking to the planned single-currency timetable.

Mr Aznar, who has pinned his government's credibility on the outcome of its bid to join the single currency, said a delay would not be "a disaster" but that Spain saw no advantage in it. He added that the "core" group of single-currency countries should be "as wide as possible" and repeated Spain's insistence on having its case considered separately from Italy's.

David White, Madrid

Hungary amends sell-off law

The Hungarian government plans to alter the level of state-held stakes in some 80 of the 193 companies considered vital to the national interest. In an amendment to the privatisation law accepted by the cabinet yesterday, the permanent public stake in 18 companies will be reduced to one golden share, which will ensure a government veto over strategic management decisions such as core business and company name.

Companies affected include Matav, the national telecoms company, OTP Bank, Hungaropharma, the pharmacy chain, salami producers Hertz and Pick Szeged, porcelain manufacturers Zsolnay and the engineering company Ganz Ansaldo.

The publicly-held stake will be increased in a number of other companies, chief of which is the state broadcasting monopoly Antenna Hungaria, in which the state will now hold a long-term 50 per cent stake, up from 25 per cent under the current law.

Kester Eddy, Budapest

Backing for Swiss bank guard

Mr Newt Gingrich, speaker of the US House of Representatives, has endorsed special legislation to grant legal residency in the US for a young Swiss bank guard who tried to stop Nazi-era bank records from being shredded. Mr Christopher Mehl, 29, told US legislators last month that he and his family had received threats since he exposed the order to shred Holocaust-era documents when he was a night security guard at the Union Bank of Switzerland.

"The heroic efforts of this young man deserve commendation, not prosecution, and I will do everything in my power to ensure that this legislation is quickly brought to the House floor and approved," said Mr Gingrich. He also called for an end to what he called "a thick veil of Swiss bank secrecy" surrounding the issue of unclaimed assets of Holocaust victims still in Swiss banks.

Reuter, Washington

Daimler-Benz executive probe

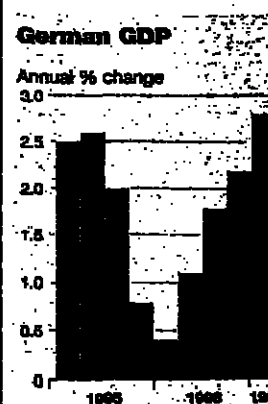
A senior executive of Daimler-Benz, the German industrial group, is being investigated by state prosecutors for allegedly infringing rules on the disclosure of the company's earnings.

The investigation surrounds remarks made by Mr Eckhard Cordes, a member of the Daimler board, at the Geneva motor show in March. Mr Cordes announced estimates of company sales and profits before they had been officially released and his remarks caused a sharp rise in Daimler shares.

Graham Bowley

ECONOMIC WATCH

Germans see modest recovery



Germany's economic recovery became significantly better entrenched in the first three months of this year, with gross domestic product 0.5 per cent higher than in the last quarter of 1996, official statistics showed yesterday. The federal statistical office figures provided some relief for Germany as it struggles to meet the deficit criteria this year for European economic and monetary union. However, many analysts regard the government's forecast of

2.5 per cent growth in 1997 as optimistic.

Modest economic growth is failing to have any impact on Germany's high unemployment. May labour market statistics today could show a rise in the seasonally adjusted total and a smaller than expected drop in the unadjusted total. The real economic growth rate of 1.4 per cent reported for the first three months of 1997 compared with a year before was lower than in the third and fourth quarters of 1996. But there were three fewer working days in the first quarter of 1997 than in the comparison period.

Bundesbank figures adjusted for calendar effects show a year-on-year growth rate of 2.8 per cent in the first quarter. Adding to the relatively upbeat picture was a 3.3 per cent increase in manufacturing orders between April and March, reported by the economics ministry in Bonn. The federal statistical office said GDP in former eastern Germany was 2.8 per cent higher in the first quarter, compared with a year before. In the west it was 1.2 per cent higher.

Ralph Atkins, Bonn

NEWS: EUROPE

Ukraine parliament backs draft civil code

By Chrystia Freeland in Moscow

Ukraine's often recalcitrant parliament yesterday approved the country's draft civil code on the first reading. In a move which reformers said would create a legal foundation for the country's fledgling market economy.

"This is the most important step the parliament has taken since passing the constitution," Mr Serhi Holovaty, minister of justice, said. "This is a big step in our progress towards market reforms and legal reforms."

Preliminary passage of the code comes at a time when Ukraine's shaky economic performance has become the target of criticism from foreign governments and financial institutions backing the young nation. The country's economy contracted by 10 per cent last year, and economists warn that it could shrink by another 8 per cent if the government does not alter its policies.

The civil code, which narrowly failed to be approved by parliament two weeks earlier, will be reviewed by a parliamentary com-

mission during the summer and is due to return to the legislature for a second reading in October. Reformers were confident it would become law before the end of the year.

If passed, the code could become a significant force in stabilising Ukraine's business environment. Foreign businessmen complain that the country's inadequate and often contradictory legal system poses one of the biggest threats to investment. "This is a very, very important foundation of our new democracy in Ukraine," Mr Hol-

vaty said. "It has great significance for the economy."

Yesterday's preliminary approval of the code is also a breakthrough in the government's relationship with parliament.

The leftist-dominated legislature, which has not yet approved the 1997 budget, has emerged as a blocking force in government efforts to drag Ukraine out of its protracted economic depression. But, due to the lobbying efforts of the ministry of justice, the civil code sailed through parliament. Parliamentary elections are

scheduled for early next year, but law-makers involved in drafting the code predicted the current crop of MPs would be eager to pass the code before the spring vote because of its historic significance.

Preliminary approval of the code could also strengthen the hand of the small team of reformers within the Ukrainian cabinet. This young group enjoys the backing of Mr Leonid Kuchma, the president, but is at loggerheads with Mr Pavlo Lazarenko, the prime minister, whom many

observers blame for the nation's economic stagnation.

The code is largely the achievement of Mr Holovaty, who is closely allied with Ukraine's reformist economic ministers. His victory could enhance the authority of the entire team in Ukraine's shadowy and protracted struggle for political power.

Western lawyers said the civil code was a major step in Ukraine's efforts to replace its ungainly, Soviet-era laws with a western legal system appropriate for a capitalist economy.

Czechs put two banks up for sale

By Vincent Boland in Prague

Two of the Czech Republic's big state controlled banks are to be offered for sale later this year under a proposal submitted yesterday by the finance ministry as it steps up privatisation of the banking sector.

The move meets a pledge by Mr Václav Klaus, the prime minister, two months ago that there would be a renewed commitment to tackling outstanding sell-offs, which have been in limbo since last year's inconclusive general election. The ministry's plans call for the sale of the state's stake of just under 49 per cent in Komerční Banka and Československá Obchodní Banka. CSOB is wholly owned by Czech and Slovak state institutions; a fact that could complicate the sell-off timetable.

A "strong strategic investor" will be sought for each bank while raising the "maximum revenue" from the sales. Komerční, believed to be the biggest bank in eastern Europe, had total assets of \$18.5bn at March 31. At yesterday's closing price the stake was worth \$558m. CSOB has assets of about \$7bn.

However, the Czech National Bank has not yet abandoned its own tentative plan to merge CSOB and Česka Spořitelna, a state-controlled savings bank, before any sell-off. A spokesman said yesterday that, while the central bank supported the "main principles" of the ministry's proposal, it "would not like to cancel this [merger] idea and explore the benefits that might arise from it".

Analysts yesterday welcomed the ministry's proposal, saying it was a recognition that ending state involvement in the sector was essential to overcoming the structural problems created by the government's vouchers-for-shares privatisation programme of the early 1990s.

Kiev power reform switched back on

International pressure is forcing government's hand

Electrical engineers are not known for their frivolity, but on March 15 Ukraine's electricity bosses were afloat in champagne, vodka and good cheer. They were celebrating the creation of a modern, western-style wholesale electricity market they hoped would help pull the country out of its post-Soviet doldrums.

For Ukraine, whose energy sector is famous only for the Chernobyl nuclear disaster a decade ago, establishment of a competitive market structure was no mean feat. Western economists hailed the system as the best in the former Soviet Union and visiting experts were astounded to find Kiev's national dispatch centre making more tariff calculations more quickly than their counterparts in Britain, which prides itself on having created one of the world's most effective and liberal electricity markets.

But, nearly three months on, Ukraine's model system has failed to live up to its promise of creating a more efficient market - and eventually offering cheaper power - to the country's unfeebled industry and its impoverished citizenry. Instead, the power sector is caught up in a crippling web of non-payments and the

wholesale market has been corrupted by state intervention, often in the interests of government cronies.

"It's a travesty," said a western expert. "These guys had created a really effective free-market exchange; the arrangement worked beautifully. But then the government started to wilfully interfere. And it's all being done for the sake of relatively few people."

The bureaucratic meddling that has perverted an otherwise effective market reform is typical of the problems that have caused the Ukrainian economy to shrink by 10 per cent last year and could bring a further contraction of up to 8 per cent this year. Kiev's stumbling electricity reforms are also being closely watched by others in the region, particularly neighbouring Russia, which is about to embark on its own electricity overhaul.

The Ukrainian government's actions will come under particular scrutiny over the next month, as the World Bank decides whether to suspend a \$317m loan granted to help develop the electricity market. Early last month it warned that Kiev was in violation of some of the covenants of the loan and is threatening to freeze the credits, which are a vital source of support for the

energy-poor country of 51m. According to Bank economists, who have worked closely with the Ukrainians in reforming the sector, Kiev's problem is that it has created the structure for a competitive market but failed to privatise the operators in that market, creating opportunities for continued government intervention and preventing true rivalry emerging.

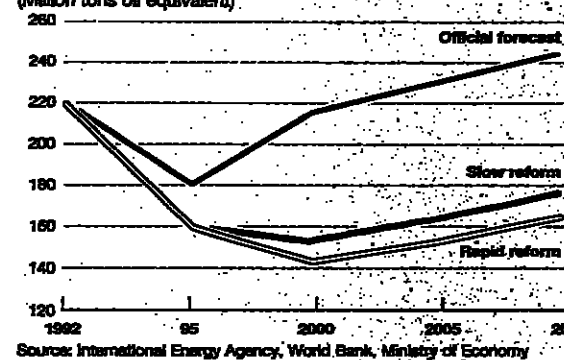
"The Ukrainians are half-way there," said Mr Laszlo Lovel of the World Bank. "They have put in place the basic institutions and rules to operate a competitive market. But all of the actors on that market are state-owned and report to the ministry of power. State ownership makes them very vulnerable to government pressure to tolerate non-payment... and if you all have the same owner you cannot be truly competitive."

Ukraine's embattled economic reformers wholeheartedly agree. They argue that the government's failure to liberalise the market fully is part of a larger unwillingness to surrender state control over the economy. Not only has this reluctance thwarted economic recovery, but for a lucky few it has also translated into vast personal fortunes.

"Deregulation has not hap-

Ukraine: energy demand

Reforming the sector saves energy, even as the economy grows (Million tons of equivalent)



Source: International Energy Agency, World Bank, Ministry of Economy

pened and without this there can be no growth," said Mr Victor Pynzenyk, who resigned as minister responsible for economic reforms earlier this year in frustration at the slow pace of change. "In many cases the cause is corruption, because the *apparatchiks* know what deregulation means for their personal lives. The big figures in the government are interested in preserving a monopoly in various markets, and one of the most profitable is electricity."

Over the past few weeks, however, the "big figures in government" have had their knuckles rapped, raising a hope that their grip on the economy may be giving way. President Leonid Kuchma and most of the cabinet were summoned to Washington earlier this month to be scolded for the country's poor economic performance. International financial institutions are starting to take a tougher line.

One of the fruits of this pressure has been a package of promises to open up the electricity market. According to Mr Ihor Mitukov, Ukraine's reformist finance minister, the government has already passed a series of resolutions aimed at improving payment discipline within the sector. In an interview, he said Ukraine was also committed to beginning a sell-off of regional electricity companies.

If these reforms are pushed through, the prospects for Ukraine's electricity sector are relatively bright. The complicated structural reforms are already in place - indeed, Ukraine is so advanced in this area that its electricity experts are now advising Russia. Western investors, who made a windfall on Russian electricity companies last year, are already sniffing around.

All the government needs to do is let go. But that, at least in Kiev, seems to be the hardest reform of all.

Chrystia Freeland

Kremlin shrugs off attacks on privatisation

By Chrystia Freeland in Moscow

Russia's Communist-dominated parliament yesterday lambasted the government's privatisation programme, calling it a breeding ground for corruption and blaming it for deep economic decline.

Deputies overwhelmingly backed a resolution condemning the privatisation process, which some reformers in the government view as the Kremlin's most impressive achievement.

Nevertheless, Mr Alfred Kokh, deputy prime minister and head of the State Privatisation Committee, reacted mildly, predicting the government and legislature would reach a compromise over the next stage of privatisation. "Emotional confrontation is giving way to substantive dialogue," he said.

His calm response to a day of vituperative attacks on the government is a measure of the extent to which the parliament is being sidelined as an independent force. With the return of President Boris Yeltsin to active politics this year, the Kremlin has pushed ahead with its chosen policies, with little concern for parliament.

On some issues, such as

Nato expansion, this forceful attitude appears to have produced a near total climb-down by Russia's weak legislators. On others, such as the mini-budget the government is trying to push through, deputies have not given in, but the Kremlin has vowed to carry on even so.

But, while they are unlikely to have much immediate political effect, yesterday's events were a revealing gauge of public attitudes to the state sell-offs which are underpinning the country's new economy. Bruce Clark adds from Washington: The World Bank board was yesterday considering a package of credits to Russia worth nearly \$900m. The package, combined with an \$800m loan for social sector support to be considered later this month, signals a new policy towards Moscow by which larger sums will be lent for broader purposes.

Most World Bank lending to Russia so far has been for specific projects. But Mr James Wolfensohn, the bank's president, said in April it was prepared to lend more than \$6bn to Russia over two years, partly to ease social problems such as unpaid wages, and inadequate housing and medicine.



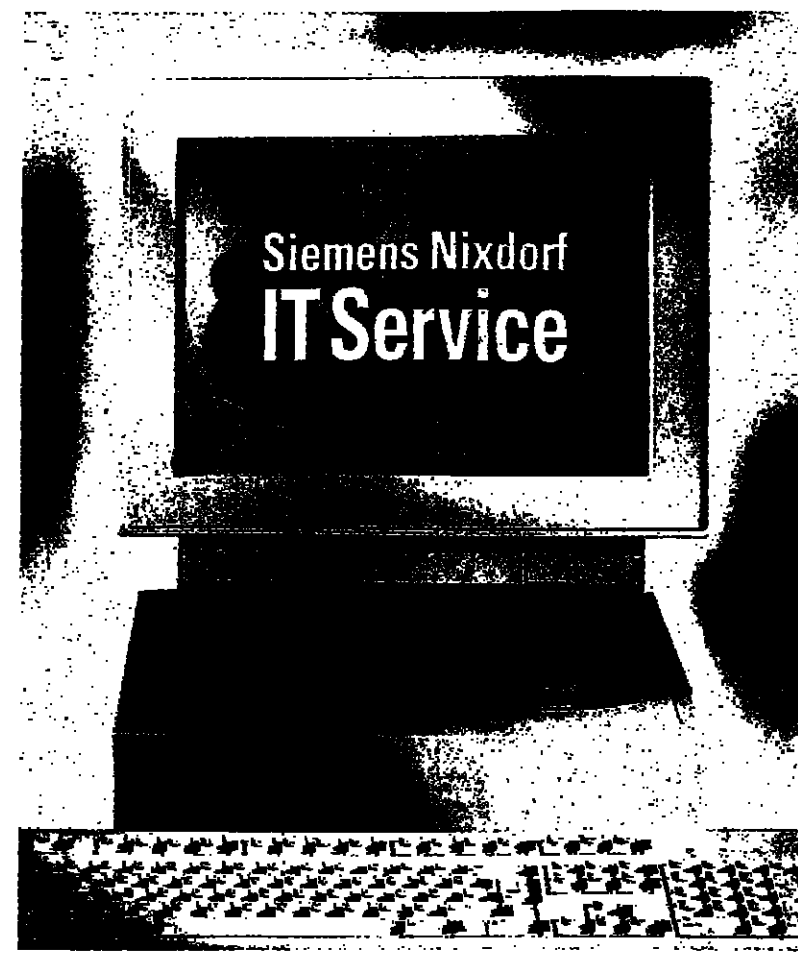
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Shareholders sue Korean bad loan bank

By John Burton in Seoul

Four former executives of Korea First Bank have been sued for negligence in what is believed to be South Korea's first shareholder lawsuit.

The lawsuit concerned \$1.2bn in loans that Korea First had extended to the Hanbo steel group, which went bankrupt in January under nearly \$6bn in debts.

Two former presidents of the bank, who were mentioned in the lawsuit, were convicted this week for accepting bribes from Hanbo in return for the loans.

Negligence claimed over lending to failed Hanbo steel group

As the main creditor for Hanbo and Sammi - another steel group that went bankrupt recently - Korea First is expected to report losses of \$300m in 1997, according to SBC Warburg Securities in Seoul.

Analysts predict that the bank, which was one of Korea's most profitable a few years ago, will continue to suffer losses for several years because of problem loans to steel and construction companies that went bankrupt.

A group of minority shareholders, representing a 0.5 per cent stake in Korea First, filed the lawsuit with the aid of a civic organisation. The lawsuit demands that the former bank executives pay an indemnity of \$1m to Korea First over the Hanbo loans. "We just want bank management, who ignored minority shareholders and dominated the business operation, to accept their responsibilities," said Mr Lee Seung-hee, who arranged the suit on behalf

of the People's Solidarity for Participatory Democracy.

Korea First said the suit was premature as the bank might recover the loans if Hanbo was sold to another investor. The bank claims that most of the Hanbo loans are collateralised by the steelmaker's assets.

Recent changes in securities regulations made the lawsuit possible after the threshold for collective action by minority shareholders was lowered to 0.5 per cent from 5 per cent.

The shareholders alleged the four executives played a leading role in the bank's decision to extend the loans without proper credit analysis.

Korea First officials said they felt secure in providing the loans to Hanbo because the steelmaker enjoyed the support of the state-run Korea Development Bank, which is involved in government-approved industrial projects.

The Hanbo founder was convicted this week of brib-

ing officials to gain government financial support for a project to build Korea's second biggest steel mill, which eventually led to the group's collapse.

To cope with its bad debts and correct an image of lax management, Korea First recently announced a restructuring of its operations, including cutting the number of employees through an early retirement programme and closing unprofitable branches.

It also plans to sell property assets and subsidiaries, including its securities, leasing and savings businesses.

ASIA-PACIFIC NEWS DIGEST

Vietnam growth slows sharply

Vietnam's economy is slowing sharply after three years' rapid expansion, and the government's growth target of 9 per cent this year is likely to be missed by a wide mark, economists and bankers said yesterday. Record low inflation, a slowdown in imports and stockpiles of steel and cement were partly to blame. A virtual freeze in lending by local and foreign banks, prompted by a recent spate of loan defaults and corruption scandals, was stifling manufacturing, they added.

"It's paralysing the activities of the state-owned companies because they're no longer reliable in the eyes of the banks," Mr Jacques Chevallot, senior Vietnam representative for Société Générale, said. Vietnam achieved a record low inflation rate of 1 per cent in the first five months of this year, the lowest since reforms were launched over a decade ago.

Mr Nguyen Sinh Hung, finance minister, conceded domestic demand had slackened "because of weak rice prices". But he stuck to the official 9 per cent target for gross domestic product growth. A more realistic figure would be 6.7 per cent, Mr Jean-Luc Berlasconi, economist at the United Nations Development Programme, said.

Jeremy Grant, *Hanoi*

Top Japanese banker arrested

A board director of Dai-ichi Kangyo Bank, one of Japan's largest commercial lenders, was yesterday arrested on suspicion of making illicit payments to a corporate extortionist, in a widening of the latest financial scandal. Mr Tatsuo Shibuya, head of the bank's general affairs department, which handles shareholders' meetings, was arrested with three other DKB executives. They are among the first bankers to have been held on suspicion of dealing with so-called *sokaiga* gangsters, who demand cash in exchange for undertaking not to cause trouble at annual shareholders' meetings.

The DKB executives are believed to have made payments of up to ¥11.7m (\$100,000) over two years from 1994 to the same gangster-linked property dealer at the heart of the scandal around Nomura Securities, the country's largest stockbroker. Mr Hideo Sakamaki, Nomura's former president, was arrested last week.

William Dawkins, *Tokyo*

Householder spending declines

Japanese household spending dipped slightly in April, the widely forecast consequence of a rise in sales tax from 3 per cent to 5 per cent at the beginning of the month. In real terms, household spending fell by 1 per cent by comparison with the same month last year to an average of ¥343,345 (\$2,930) per household, the government's management and co-ordination agency announced. In nominal terms, without adjusting for inflation, spending rose by 0.9 per cent on the same basis. This was a strong result and showed that the economic recovery was on track, said Mr Richard Werner, chief economist at Jardine Fleming Securities in Tokyo.

William Dawkins

Anwar sacks senior official

Malaysia's recently launched drive against corruption yesterday claimed its highest-ranking government official yet. Ms Siti Zainab Abu Bakar, deputy primary industries minister, was dismissed by Mr Anwar Ibrahim, Malaysia's acting prime minister, in connection with M\$1.8m (US\$716,000) which went missing when she was treasurer of the women's wing of the dominant political party, the United Malays National Organisation.

In a separate development, Mr Lim Keng Yik, primary industries minister, retracted a statement that M\$600m was missing from a fund for the planting of rubber trees. The retraction came after a cabinet meeting at which Mr Anwar had demanded an explanation. He blamed what he called misreporting of his comments by the media.

James Kyne, *Kuala Lumpur*

Philippine inflation slows

The Philippine inflation rate hit a 10-year low and first quarter exports registered strong growth yesterday, prompting the central bank to cut overnight borrowing and lending rates by 2 percentage points. The inflation rate last month was 4.2 per cent, the lowest level in a decade, as food, beverages and tobacco, which together represent 59 per cent of the index, recorded a monthly decline of 0.6 per cent and a small rise of 1.3 per cent year-on-year. The government should now meet its inflation target of 5.5 per cent for 1997, recently revised down from 6.5 per cent, W.L. Carr, the stockbroker, yesterday downgraded its full-year forecast from 7.1 to 6.9 per cent.

The National Statistics Office also reported that first quarter exports rose by 23 per cent to \$7.6bn, up from \$6.2bn a year ago, with electronics and components still the top item at \$1.3bn. The garments industry was a distant second but reversed a recent trend of decline with a 6 per cent improvement to \$1.6bn. The US and Japan remained the main markets, accounting for 34 per cent and 16 per cent of total receipts.

Justin Marazzi, *Manila*

Concerns grow that last distribution centre stocks may run out by June 20

UN steps up N Korea food aid plea

By Peter Montagnon, Asia Editor, in London

United Nations relief agencies yesterday stepped up their campaign to generate assistance for North Korea amid signs that the country's food shortage is becoming critical.

Their new warnings came as a North Korean patrol vessel fired on three South Korean navy ships after it crossed the demarcation line between the two Koreas off the peninsula's west coast.

The incident underlined fears that North Korea might launch an

attack on South Korea in a desperate attempt to rally the country in the face of the growing food shortage. But the government in Seoul took the incident calmly, saying simply that it would raise it with Pyongyang through the military armistice commission.

In New York Ms Catherine Bertini, director of the Rome-based UN World Food Programme, said Pyongyang's last government distribution centres would run out of food on June 20. The safety net, which has provided North Koreans with around 100 grammes of rice a day, would then collapse.

Mr Peter McDermott, a Unicef official just returned from Pyongyang, said in London that a serious shortage of medicines had also developed which was hampering efforts to treat illness stemming from malnutrition, including diarrhoea, pneumonia and other respiratory diseases.

Mr McDermott disputed suggestions in South Korea that the government in Pyongyang has been exaggerating the problem. He said he had visited an orphanage near Wonton, in Kangwon province, where 60 out of 270 children had died over the past year.

But aid agencies badly need more information to discover how widespread the problem is.

The government had agreed to allow a nationwide nutritional study to be undertaken this summer which should yield quantifiable data, Mr McDermott said.

He said that the government in Pyongyang still appeared to be firmly in control of the North Korean population, though it had relaxed restrictions on individual mobility and was turning a blind eye to individual efforts to barter goods for food.



Malnutrition has caused the hair of this small boy at a government nursery in Tongchon to thin.

HK's anti-graft chief stakes out territory

Lily Yam is determined to keep 'independent' in the title of the commission she heads

Lily Yam is a tough woman in a tough post. That much was clear this week when, as the new head of Hong Kong's Independent Commission Against Corruption, she insisted the territory's graft-busters should retain the "independent" in the title.

The Basic Law, China's constitution for post-hand-over Hong Kong, speaks only of a Commission Against Corruption. Removing the word, she argued, was not a cosmetic change.

"It has far-reaching consequences. It is an essential word," she said. Mr Tung Chee-hwa, the territory's future leader and a stickler for the letter of the Basic Law, took note. This week he signalled the name would stay unchanged.

A day later, agents from the ICAC swooped on the Hong Kong Standard, the English-language daily newspaper published by Sing Tao Holdings, one of the territory's biggest media groups. The raid and six arrests signalled "business as usual"

for the commission as Hong Kong approaches its return to China at the end of the month.

"That business is crucial to a successful transition. If you ask people what their biggest worries are, corruption is likely to be mentioned," Ms Yam said in an interview. Surveys by the transition project at Baptist University consistently place corruption at the top of public concerns.

These fears are based on the risk that corruption will cross the border along with the transfer of sovereignty. Mr Michael De Golyer, head of the Baptist University project, said they had been fuelled by the imminent replacement of the elected legislature and concerns that accountability and transparency could be eroded under the new administration.

According to Ms Yam, after a sharp rise in 1993 the number of corruption reports have stabilised at about 3,000 per year. Behind the headline figure she saw cause for encouragement,

pointing to a substantial fall in corruption in the public sector. There had also been a steady rise in the number of complainants prepared to identify themselves, she said. In the 1970s, when Ms Yam first joined the ICAC, only 30 per cent were prepared to do so. Now the proportion was 70 per cent. "That is a sign of confidence in the ICAC," said Ms Yam.

Less encouraging is the rise in private sector cases, a rise in corruption reports in the first quarter of this year, and the risk of increased cross-border corruption ranging from smuggling to illegal immigration. According to Ms Yam, the cross-border problem is less serious than might be imagined. Only 25 of the 719 corruption reports in the first quarter concerned such cases. "But this is an area we are watching very closely indeed."

To reduce the threat, co-operation has been stepped up with authorities in neighbouring Guangdong province. The head of the prevention division has

Hong Kong: holding steady



recently travelled to Guangdong, and mainland officials have come to Hong Kong to take part in "command courses" for investigators. If the ICAC needs to track down a witness in China, then the Guangdong authorities act as a point of contact. Apart from increased co-operation with China, everything else would remain constant, said Ms Yam. The three strategic arms of punishment, prevention and education would stay intact.

She rejected claims that

the judiciary would become less independent, which could undermine her power to prosecute. Nor, she said, would anyone be off-limits. "Will I avoid an investigation into particular personalities?" she asked. "My answer is that under the law my duty is to investigate all reports of corruption. I have no discretion."

She listed a series of safeguards to the system, including the operations review committee, which meets every six weeks and which must approve the ending

of every investigation. The transfer of sovereignty will be a test of that system and of Ms Yam's mettle. She will, however, find time to go to Peru for an international anti-corruption conference. "I joked that if the renegades wanted a hostage I would be a good target - I look Japanese, and I am rather small," she said. Those renegades might want to think twice.

John Ridding and Peter Montagnon

China names its man in Hong Kong

By John Ridding in Hong Kong and Tony Walker in Beijing

China yesterday announced the appointment of Mr Ma Yuzhen, a former ambassador to Britain, as head of its foreign affairs office in Hong Kong and its top civilian official in the territory after it returns to Chinese sovereignty on July 1.

Mr Ma's appointment came as a surprise to many in Hong Kong, who had expected Mr Jiang Enzhu, his successor as ambassador to Britain, would take up the post. Mr Ma will join General Liu Zhenwu, head of the People's Liberation Army garrison in Hong Kong, along with the head of the Hong Kong and Macao Affairs Office and the director of the New China News Agency as Beijing's most influential representatives in the territory.

A spokesman for the foreign ministry in Beijing said the new office would be in accordance with the Basic Law, China's constitution for post-colonial Hong Kong. This says Hong Kong will be granted a high degree of autonomy, but China will be responsible for the territory's defence and foreign affairs.

Diplomats in Hong Kong described Mr Ma as affable and formidable, "one of the new breed of Chinese diplomats," one western counterpart said. Mr Ma, 62, gained a reputation as a skilful negotiator while ambassador in London between 1991 and 1995. This period included

Sino-British disputes over Hong Kong's new airport and political reforms introduced by Mr Chris Patten, Hong Kong's governor.

Mr Ma's most recent task was director of the information office of the State Council, or cabinet, a position which gave him vice-minister status and placed him close to China's leadership, including Premier Li Peng. It seems likely his cabinet office post provided a springboard for his promotion. Indications that Mr Ma was destined for higher office came last month when it emerged he was attending a Communist party school for senior cadres. Before his posting in Britain, Mr Ma was China's consul-general in Los Angeles. He also held diplomatic posts in Ghana and Burma.

The Hong Kong government welcomed the news. "The community will be glad the appointment of Mr Ma has been announced," a statement said. "Hong Kong people will no doubt be interested to hear more details of the establishment of this new office, including the size of its staff and its functions."

China has released Bao Ge, a Shanghai dissident, held without trial for three years. News of his release came a day after the eighth anniversary of the June 4 massacre of pro-democracy activists in central Beijing's Tiananmen Square.

Mr Bao's family said he had been released on Wednesday, but had been warned not to talk about it.

Phone lines to his family home have been cut. Mr Bao, 33, was sentenced in September, 1994 to three years' "re-education through labour" for his human rights views. He is well known as a campaigner for compensation for Chinese victims of Japanese wartime atrocities.

Observer, Page 17

GOVERNMENT OF PAKISTAN

PRIVATISATION COMMISSION REQUIRES A FINANCIAL ADVISOR FOR THE PRIVATISATION OF NATIONAL INVESTMENT TRUST

Government of Pakistan intends to privatise National Investment Trust ("NIT"). A Financial Advisor ("FA") is to be appointed to assist the Government in this process. The Financial Advisor shall amongst other things be responsible for studying the legal & financial structure of NIT as well as the domestic regulatory framework in order to develop the privatisation strategy.

The FA's other responsibilities shall include, but will not be limited to, performing all activities leading up to the sale of strategic share holding and the transfer of management control to a strategic investor. The FA will conduct a detailed review of the present operations of NIT, making recommendations on what percentage of shares should form a strategic stake, study Pakistan's capital markets, carry out financial valuation, structure and promote the proposed sale, negotiate and execute the transaction and conduct appropriate post sale activities.

Expressions of Interest ("EOI") are invited from reputed investment banks, brokerage houses, management consultants and business houses & groups offering financial advisory services. EOI should include a brief profile of the Institutions/Group and a bank draft favouring "Privatisation Commission, Government of Pakistan" of Pak Rs. 50,000/- on account of non refundable processing fee. Detailed Terms of Reference for the assignment will be provided to the parties submitting their EOI.

EOI duly marked "Financial Advisory Services for NIT" should reach the Privatisation Commission at the following address latest by 3 p.m. (PST) on June 21, 1997.

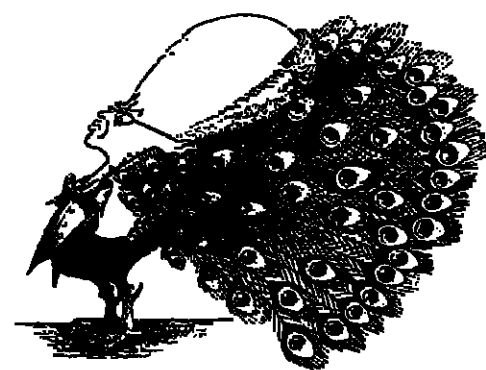


NIT



Ahmad Waqar
Joint Secretary
Privatisation Commission - Government of Pakistan
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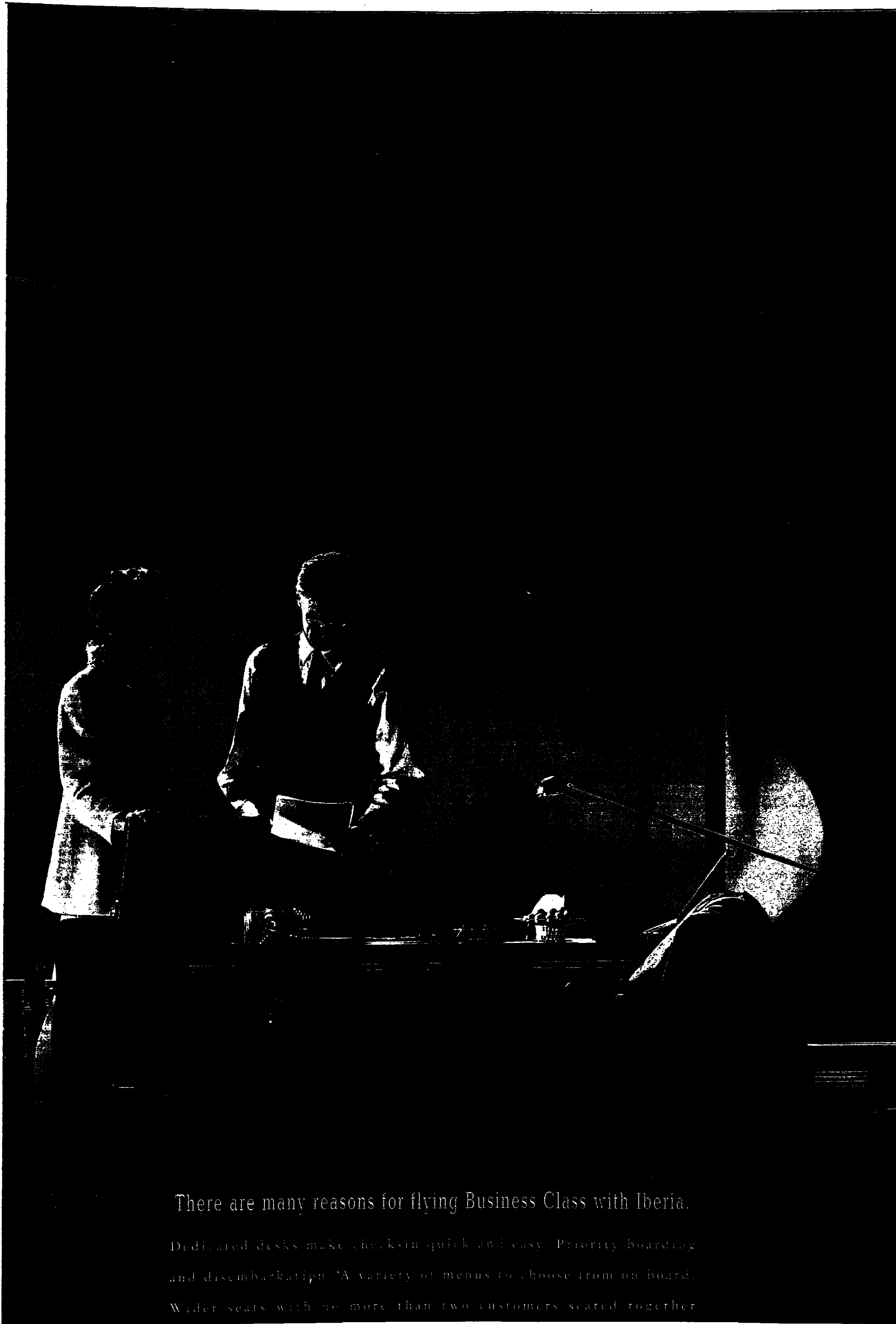
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NEWS: WORLD TRADE

Royalties collectors want European network

By Alice Rawsthorn

The UK and Dutch societies responsible for collecting royalties on behalf of composers, publishers and performers of music are formulating plans to establish a pan-European network.

Senior executives from the Performing Rights Society (PRS) and the Mechanical Copyright Protection Society (MCPS), which represent the UK's music publishers and composers, and Stemma and Buma, their Dutch counterparts, are discussing the feasibility of launching such a network at a meeting in Amsterdam today.

The four societies recently agreed to join forces by forming an operational alliance. They hope to thrash out final details of their alliance at the meeting, and to map out a strategy for extending it to other European countries. The proposals come at a turbulent time for Europe's collection societies, when collection deals for several large music publishers - including Warner Chappell, EMI and Sony - are coming up for renewal.

Regarded as one of the more intricate and obscure areas of the music industry, the collection sector has traditionally been fragmented with different societies taking responsibility for various aspects of the music business in each country.

In the UK, for instance, the PRS has collected royalties for composers or publishers when their work was performed or broadcast, while the MCPS has collected them if the music was recorded or sold as a recording. Buma has fulfilled the PRS's role in the Netherlands, and Stemma that of MCPS.

Record companies and artists have complained that such arrangements were unwieldy, and criticised the collection societies for having unjustifiably high overheads and taking too long to distribute royalties.

Buma and Stemma responded by forming an operational alliance, whereby they remain independent but pool resources when necessary and are run by the same management body. PRS and MCPS are in the final stage of implementing a similar accord in the UK.

The four societies have agreed in principle to form an Anglo-Dutch alliance, and at today's meeting will decide how to bring in other national collection societies. Mr John Hutchinson, chief executive of PRS and MCPS, said the national alliances had already promised to "reduce costs and speed up payment", and that the formation of a pan-European network should accelerate that process.

Cost and speed were key considerations for PolyGram last year when it became the first of Europe's large music publishers to renegotiate its collection deal. PolyGram clinched an accord with MCPS, which triggered a bitter row with rival European societies.

Moral crusaders attack China's trade status

By Patti Waldmeir in Washington

"How would it feel to have your menstrual period tracked on a chart where you work, to ensure you do not become pregnant without permission? How would it feel to be pinned to a table while doctors inject formaldehyde into your baby's brain to cause her death?"

This is trade lobbying taken to new heights. With the above mailing to members, the Family Research Council, a US Christian conservative lobby group, launched

its crusade against White House plans to renew Most Favoured Nation (MFN) trading status for China.

The mailing exhorts members to pray for higher tariffs, as a means to moral ends. Mr Gary Bauer, the council's president, has brought his crusade - against forced abortions, religious persecution, and "slave" labour in Chinese prisons - to millions of conservative listeners through the nationwide network of rightwing talk radio. (The American television networks have refused to air the Council's adverts; Mr

Bauer blames the large corporations which control them, and have interests in China.)

This week, on the anniversary of the Tiananmen Square massacre, the council showed journalists film footage of clandestine baptisms and illegal "house church" meetings spirited out of China by American missionaries. They also told of their own attempts to influence trade with China, by smuggling bibles to Beijing. Chinese Catholics persecuted for their faith told stories of hiding communion wafers behind portraits of

Mao, in Chinese prisons. Academics testified that religious persecution was worse than at any time since the Cultural Revolution.

In a country founded in flight from the persecution of the faith, this was powerful stuff. Mr Bauer speaks to the missionary element in the American soul - to the moral passions choked off by the demise of the Evil Empire and the end of the Cold War. He probably also speaks to an amorphous American fear of a giant "yellow peril" of the future.

He has been joined by an

unlikely alliance of MFN opponents, from the House minority leader, Mr Dick Gephardt - who recently denounced the Clinton administration for what he called "constructive engagement with slave labour" - to the big union federation, the AFL-CIO.

Populists in both the Democratic and the Republican party have found a cause which unites them: fighting MFN, either on human rights, or economic grounds. The unions fear cheap Chinese labour will undermine US jobs, religious conservatives abhor the one-child pol-

icy and church repression, and Mr Gephardt sees fertile ground for his campaign for the Democratic presidential nomination in 2000.

They dismiss the Administration's contention that opening up trade will stimulate both American and Chinese jobs, and Chinese freedoms. "Trickle-down has not worked in economics and it will not work in human rights," says Mr Gephardt. He argues that a foreign policy based on "engagement" with China violates not only national interests, but US national interests.

This extraordinary left-

right coalition against China is unlikely to achieve its stated goal: to deny Beijing the trading status accorded by Washington to most other nations apart from rogue states such as Iraq or Libya. Opponents may be able to veto MFN down in Congress, but the president would simply veto the move. And MFN's opponents are unlikely to muster a veto override.

But even a vote against MFN could seriously damage what could be America's most important bilateral relationship of the 21st century.

Nafta accord has failed to counter environmental destruction on the border

Hazardous trades bring pollution and health fears down Mexico way

NAFTA

There is a street called Chemical Row in Matamoros, the shabby Mexican town across the border from Brownsville, Texas, which is lined with some of the most hazardous industries known to man.

A long, corrugated-iron shack, now rusting with neglect, was once a lead smelter owned by Asarco, the US metals group. Behind it is a pesticide plant owned by a company based in Illinois. Further down the row, subsidiaries of US multinationals produce fertilisers, wood hardeners, and more insecticides.

These and other maquiladoras, Mexico's tax-exempt manufacturing plants, were used in 1992 by a group of Brownsville families whose children were still-born with the rare condition known as anencephaly: deformed skulls with no brain.

The families blamed airborne pollution from Matamoros factories and, in an out-of-court settlement last year, they accepted compensation believed to have been in the region of \$25m.

At the end of Chemical Row, looming over the flat landscape of the Rio Grande valley, is Quimica Fluor, a joint venture between EIDu Pont de Nemours and Mr Carlos Slim, Mexico's telecommunications magnate, which makes sulphuric and hydrofluoric acid.

Quimica Fluor and Asarco have become the subject of a new legal battle in the US, this time brought by Mexican families whose children were born with deformities. For many years Quimica Fluor compensated neighbouring sorghum farmers for their withered crops, but the payments stopped in 1988, when a government decree created an "indemnity buffer zone" around the plant. The farmers, however, continue to live and work on heavily contaminated ground.

The North American Free Trade Agreement, which Mexico joined in January 1994, was meant to address the environmental degradation of the 2,000-mile Mexico-US border. Nafta's proponents argued that lower tariffs would eliminate the tax advantages of the



Mexican industry: pollution problems have affected both sides of the frontier

On July 1 the Clinton administration presents its report on Nafta's first three years amid fierce debate between the champions of free trade and those who fear US jobs are being lost to Mexico's low wage, low pollution-control economy. In a series of articles we analyse the issues.

border maquiladora industry and promote industrialisation further inland.

However, industrial growth on the Mexican side of the border has, if anything, accelerated. Devolution of the peso in December 1994 lowered manufacturing wages in Mexico to a tenth of those in the US, further encouraging US companies to relocate their assembly operations. Since then maquiladora employment on the border has surged by 50 per cent to almost 865,000. Shanty towns have sprouted around hastily built industrial parks, water is scarce, and drainage and sewerage are non-existent.

Although US companies will not admit it, another reason for locating in Mexico is the weak enforcement of environmental laws. Matamoros, with more than 100 maquiladoras, has only three government health and safety inspectors, who normally give advance warning of factory visits. Air quality and industrial effluents are tested only once a year.

The unfettered growth along the border and the perceived loss of US jobs to Mexico's maquiladoras have alarmed US congressmen and environmental groups.

Senator Richard Gephardt, who visited the border earlier this year, wrote to fellow Democrats saying: "We saw 21st century technology combined with 19th century living and working conditions."

"We drove by industrial parks where companies continue to dump their toxic wastes at night into rivers. We saw furniture plants using highly toxic solvents and finishes that once operated in California and throughout the US, and which had moved to Mexico because of lax environmental enforcement."

Last month a group of women from the Philips Electronics Airplex plant in Matamoros gathered at a church hall to discuss their health concerns following the death of one of their colleagues, Mrs Ana Maria Sanchez, who was 38.

The company, which

ordered the autopsy, told employees she had died of a heart attack, but doubts remain.

"The women assemble electronic components with soldering wire which contains lead, and lead fumes are a known cause of brain haemorrhages," says Mr Domingo Gonzalez, an environmental activist with the Texas Centre for Policy Studies.

One after another the women at the meeting rose to complain of severe headaches, high blood pressure and eye infections. "The stench at the plant was sometimes unbearable, they said. They suspected that air extractors were not working properly, but their complaints had gone unheeded."

Mr Tarex Halder, Airplex's general manager in Matamoros, expressed surprise when told of his employees' concerns. Air filters were checked on a weekly basis, he said, and protective masks were available on request. "We have never had a known case of lead poison-

ing, and we employ a doctor on site to attend to any medical problems the women may have."

Following increased scrutiny by US environmental groups and the growing threat of litigation, some maquiladoras have installed water treatment plants and better air filtering systems. But these remain the exception among the 2,000 on the border.

The US Environmental Protection Agency has also launched a computerised tracking system to monitor hazardous materials employed by US-owned maquiladoras, which by law must be transported back to the US for proper disposal.

"Before 'Haztraks', we didn't have a clue about who was generating toxic waste, how much of it existed, or where it was going," says Mr Joseph Schultes of the EPA in Dallas. "Now we can correlate shipments from the cradle to the grave."

The border's soaring health and environmental problems, however, appear to have overwhelmed authorities in both countries.

An \$8bn border clean-up plan, promised by President Bill Clinton in 1993 to win over environmentalists to the Nafta cause, has been slow to materialise.

Two binational entities set up to promote border infrastructure development - the Border Environment Co-operation Commission and the North American Development Bank - have experienced teething problems. To date Nadebank has approved financing for only four small projects.

Mexico's commitment to the joint programme, meanwhile, has dwindled with its economic crisis. Investment in basic sanitation fell from \$235m in 1994 to \$24m in 1995 and \$55m last year, according to environment ministry estimates.

Former Nafta supporters such as Sen Gephardt believe the treaty "simply isn't working". The clean-up of the border has not occurred. The health of border residents has deteriorated. Nafta does not have the power to oblige Mexico to enforce its environmental laws. But the southward migration of US manufacturing plants continues apace.

Leslie Crawford

WORLD TRADE NEWS DIGEST

EU's legal line on Boeing tie

The European Commission will consider the merger between Boeing and McDonnell Douglas on the legal merits of the case, with no consideration of the broader implications for US-EU trade relations, a senior EU official said yesterday. There have been fears of a bitter transatlantic dispute if the EU declares the merger illegal and the US Federal Trade Commission clears it. Mr Alexander Schaub, who heads the EU's competition directorate, said Brussels would "scrutinise this merger under strictly legal terms" and added: "We are not prepared to politicise (the case) or take account of trade considerations within the framework of merger review." He insisted that the Commission's review of the merger did not amount to an "extraterritorial" application of the EU competition laws.

Bruce Clark, Washington

Australia unveils tariff plan

Australia's federal government said yesterday it would freeze tariffs on imported cars at 15 per cent in the year 2000, and hold that level for five years. The tariff would then drop to 10 per cent, with a further review to decide what regime should apply after that. The decision is a victory for the four carmakers - Ford, Holden, Mitsubishi and Toyota - which claimed the industry might no longer be viable if tariffs continued to fall beyond 2000.

The tariff is 22.5 per cent now, but is due to drop steadily until the end of the decade. It has already fallen from 57.5 per cent a decade ago, allowing imported models to take more of the Australian market. Imports now account for more than 50 per cent of car sales.

The local motor industry had argued that if domestic car production wound down, the component industry could also find itself in an unsustainable position. The Australian car market is small in global terms and has shown little growth in recent years. Mr John Howard, prime minister, denied he had "caved in" to the industry in the new conservative coalition's first major decision on a "free trade" issue. The decision is still compatible with Australia's commitment under the "free-trade" agreement of the Asia-Pacific Economic Co-operation (APEC) forum. This requires industrial countries in the region to move to free trade by 2010.

Nikki Tait, Sydney

US warns on financial services

US trade officials said yesterday they were encouraged by World Trade Organisation talks this week on liberalising financial services, but warned that a successful conclusion depended on good market-opening offers from developing countries.

Washington refused to join an international financial services pact in July 1996 because offers from these countries were judged inadequate for the US to open its own banking, insurance and securities markets to all corners, as WTO rules require. "For this negotiation to be successful we need to see significantly improved offers... specifically from the key emerging markets in Latin America and Asia," a US official said. The 50-plus nations taking part in the talks have spent this week exchanging market-opening requests. Offers are due by July 14. The leading trading nations - the US, European Union, Japan and Canada - have pledged to have offers in by then but some developing countries say they will not make offers until September.

Frances Williams, Geneva

Building groups' tracks merge

Desquenne et Giral of France and Amey, the UK construction group, are to work together to pursue work in the growing international market for rail-track laying.

Desquenne is the lead contractor in a joint venture renewing about 200km of track a year for SNCF, the French state railway. Amey is heavily involved in building and operating privately financed infrastructure projects in the UK. Last year it bought the former maintenance unit of British Rail's western region.

Andrew Taylor, Construction Correspondent

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When bankers' hearts beat a little faster

Report points to how global financial services could regulate themselves, writes George Graham

There are too many committees in the financial world for the announcement of the birth of yet another to set many pulses racing.

Yet some of the international community's most senior bankers and financial regulators felt their hearts beat faster this week.

The reason for the flurry was the first public airing of a proposal from the Group of 30, a Washington-based think tank grouping banks, academics and government officials, for the creation of a new steering committee to set standards for the way global financial institutions run themselves.

They believe the G30 report, to be published in the next few weeks, could be the germ of a significant step forward in the way the increasingly global financial services industry is regulated.

"What we need is a realistic way of reconciling the mismatch between globally active groups and markets, and nationally based supervision," said Sir Andrew Large, chairman of the Securities and Investments Board, the UK's senior securities regulator, which will soon also be responsible for banking supervision.

If these international groups can articulate globally recognised standards



Sir Andrew Large: 'We need to reconcile the mismatch'

that the industry can live up to and the supervisors regard as acceptable for them to discharge their national responsibilities - if you can devise that, you have the beginnings of a system that actually works for them."

The problem seen by the G30 is clear enough. A select band of large financial groups, perhaps as many as 65, now operates in markets around the world. They run themselves on global lines, with management structures often unrelated to the legal ones in which they are incorporated.

Their regulators, on the other hand, are national in scope and authority, and are compelled by law to look at

legal entities rather than management realities.

"There is an inherent contradiction in national supervision of global firms and global markets that limits the financial system's defences against systemic disruption," said Mr John Heimann, chairman of global financial institutions at Merrill Lynch, the US investment bank, and co-chair of the G30 working party.

Financial disasters such as the collapse of Barings, a UK merchant bank brought down by trading on the Singapore futures exchange, have made regulators acutely aware of this.

Yet there is no global authority with the standing or reach to sit down with the global risk management committee of a Goldman Sachs or a Deutsche Bank and discuss the entire spread of risks run by such a group.

Regulators have been doing their best to grapple with this problem, by developing common standards and building communication links between authorities in different countries and industries.

In banking, a high degree of consistency has been achieved through the standards set out by the Basle committee of banking supervisors. In securities markets and the insurance industry, such consistency has been

harder to achieve. But the regulators may be reaching the limits of what they can achieve through closer co-operation.

Short of setting up a supranational regulator, which virtually no one regards as either realistic or desirable, global rules for how these global businesses should be self-regulating may have to come from the businesses themselves.

"Internationally binding regulation would, if at all possible, take ages, possibly establish and petrify the wrong rules and be dead weight," warned Mr Ulrich Cartellieri, a Deutsche Bank board member.

Many regulators agree. "Unless and until the firms themselves articulate standards as to how they control their risks, you don't have a starting point. It can't be done by the supervisors. It must be based on how good firms actually control their risks," Sir Andrew Large said.

The G30 idea is that a standing committee representing the leading global financial groups, but working closely with supervisors, would set out standards for best practice in areas such as credit assessment and provisioning, disclosure and operational controls.

The exercise is targeted firmly at the wholesale end

of the financial industry. National supervisors see little advantage in leaving areas such as the treatment of retail investors to this kind of self-regulation.

Besides peer pressure to meet the new committee's standards, there could be actual penalties. Banks which failed to comply could, for example, be required by their trading partners to put up more collateral.

To get even that far, much more work needs to be done, possibly bringing in other groups such as the Institute for International Finance, another Washington body with investment banks and asset managers as well as commercial banks among its members. But these standards would only work if they proved convincing to national regulators, who would still have legal authority over companies in their jurisdictions.

"It would be useful, I believe, for those who are in the industry to take a lead in suggesting ways in which their operations can be made safer and better."

"It is essential, at the same time, to have supervisory approval and authority for that," said Mr Andrew Crockett, general manager of the Bank for International Settlements, under whose auspices the Basle commit-

tee meets. There are precedents for this kind of approach.

The Basle committee has, for example, agreed that banks may use their internal models for calculating the market risk they incur in their trading operations. However, while banks are now allowed to measure that risk, it is still their supervisors who say how much capital they must hold in proportion to it.

The G30 itself claims credit for the groundwork in establishing standards for disclosure of derivatives activity, at a time when the derivatives industry was still in its infancy and regulators were a long way from catching up.

But Mr Eddie George, governor of the Bank of England, is cautious. "You have to be careful. The reason you have regulation in the first place is because there is some social benefit which is not captured in the private cost/benefit equation," he said, while acknowledging the process of supervision was in transition.

Above all, it may prove impossible to convince national parliaments that supervisors are not simply abdicate their responsibilities if they accept the standards the industry defines for itself.

INTERNATIONAL NEWS DIGEST

Arafat orders corruption probe

Mr Yasser Arafat, president of the Palestinian Authority, has ordered an inquiry into allegations of corruption and misappropriation of \$320m in public funds following a recent auditor's report presented to the Palestinian legislative council. At the same time he accepted the resignation of Mr Khaled al-Kidreh, the attorney-general, who some diplomats suspect may have had to accept responsibility for the auditor's report, which is not available to the public. Mr al-Kidreh, 62, said he was resigning for health reasons.

The inquiry, to be headed by Mr Tayeb Abdel-Rahim, secretary-general of Mr Arafat's office, coincides with the start of a meeting yesterday in Washington of donors to the Palestinian Authority. The donors said they wanted the meeting to focus on the Authority's budget as well as more accountability and transparency of its finances. Palestinian finances and the establishment of monopolies in the West Bank and Gaza, often abetted by Israeli monopolies, have come under increasing criticism from investors and diplomats who are concerned they will discourage investment and stifle Palestinian entrepreneurs.

Judy Dempsey, Jerusalem

Farm subsidies fall

Rich nations saved billions of dollars in subsidies to farmers last year, but the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development said yesterday the windfall was exceptional and the cost of assistance could climb again without reforms. A grain price boom was one of the main reasons for the drop in the basic cost of supporting agriculture, which fell to \$166bn in 24 OECD nations last year from \$180bn in 1995.

Higher prices cut the cost of helping farmers compete. But the price of grain, which influences the price of bread, dairy and meat, has fallen steeply since hitting records in mid-1996, and the free-market organisation is worried that last year's savings will make it harder for governments to comply with streamlining agriculture. "There is still much unfinished business on the reform agenda," the OECD said in a report, noting many farmers were shielded from market forces. Switzerland remains proportionally the most generous OECD country to its farmers, with its mainly environmental aid accounting for four fifths of the value of all crops produced. *Reuters, Paris*

Coup chiefs want to stay on

Leaders of a coup in Sierra Leone want 18 months in power before handing over to an interim body to steer the west African nation to elections, politicians invited for talks with them said yesterday. The politicians, who included members of ousted President Ahmad Tejan Kabbah's administration and of the opposition, said they rejected the suggestion outright.

State radio reported that coup leader Major Johnny Paul Koromah had held talks with a Nigerian delegation which gave assurances that Nigerian forces had no further plans to attack military bases in the city and would not intervene further to reverse the May 25 coup. The politicians dismissed the radio report as propaganda. Nigeria, which already had troops in the city under a defence agreement, has been steadily reinforcing in the city. The politicians said a Ghanaian delegation, in town to try to push for a peaceful end to the standoff, was due to meet Mr Koromah last night. *Reuters, Freetown*

Mixed picture as Algerians go to vote

By Route Khalaf in Algiers

Five years after Algeria's now banned Islamic Salvation Front (FIS) won a landslide victory in the capital, plunging the country into bloody turmoil, Algerians appeared to be voting yesterday for an array of political parties.

In Islamist areas, young women wearing headscarves said they were casting their votes for Islamist parties as well as fiercely anti-Islamist movements. Younger ones said they wanted to see in parliament Mrs Louise Hanoum, the outspoken government critic and leader of the socialist Workers' Party.

Mothers of men in the military and workers in the administration said they voted for the pro-government National Democratic Rally (RND), created just three months ago. But others were confused whether voting for the army-backed government meant the RND or the National Liberation Front (FLN), the former ruling party. "They formed a new party and took people from the FLN to run it," said Mr Hussein Kahlal. "So I might as well stay with the

old FLN. I know they at least liberated my country."

In a country where the illiteracy rate is about 52 per cent, the illiterate elderly women who went to vote had little idea how to vote or for whom. In Climat de France, a woman in traditional dress picked the party with the letter S, a modernist and anti-Islamist movement. "I'm just here to vote for Algeria," she said. "I can't read and I don't know what this party is, do you think I voted against Algeria?"

Algeria is one of the most important races in this election, billed by the government as a way out of the crisis provoked by the cancellation of the 1991 elections the FIS was poised to win.

Although the parliament now being elected has very limited powers, Algerians' Im voters could send to it some of the country's strongest voices. Most heads of political parties are running in Algiers. So are ministers, including Mr Ahmed Ouyahia, the prime minister.

The favourites in the elections are the pro-government RND and the moderate Islamist Movement for a

Peaceful Society (MSP), which has been hoping to win part of the FIS vote.

Other parties expected to win a share of the vote include the FLN, and the secular Socialist Forces Front (FFF) and Rally for Culture and Democracy (RCD). By yesterday afternoon, the Algerian government was reporting a national turnout rate of 41.73 per cent. The turnout in Algiers is generally lower. If the election is deemed fairly transparent - two parties were already complaining yesterday of irregularities - having deputies from Algiers who stand for a range of political views may help develop a political culture in the capital.

"If they don't manipulate the numbers, these elections will change things, at least we will have some new faces," said a young man. Many voters yesterday were not clear on what the parliament could do for them or how it will help end the violence.

"It seems that the more we vote, the worse things get," said a janitor at the Lycee Abdelkader in Bab el Oued. Miss Razika Kebbab, 33,



A policeman checks documents as a woman queues to vote in Algiers yesterday

said she had voted FIS in 1991, then voted for Mr Liamine Zeroul, the former army general, in the 1995 presidential elections. "But because things have not changed much, I have decided to change my vote and go for the MSP (the Islamist party)."

A young university student said he was torn between the pro-government RND and an Islamist party. "I'm thinking of voting for the RND out of interest, I heard they might do away with military service," he said. "But I'm also thinking about voting Islamist so I can vote against the government."

GOVERNMENT OF PAKISTAN

PRIVATISATION COMMISSION REQUIRES A FINANCIAL ADVISOR FOR THE PRIVATISATION OF INVESTMENT CORPORATION OF PAKISTAN

Government of Pakistan intends to privatise Investment Corporation of Pakistan ("ICP"). A Financial Advisor ("FA") is to be appointed to assist the Government in this process. The Financial Advisor shall amongst other things be responsible for studying the legal & financial structure of ICP as well as the domestic regulatory framework in order to develop the privatisation strategy.

The FA's other responsibilities shall include, but will not be limited to, performing all activities leading up to the sale of strategic share holding and the transfer of management control to a strategic investor. The FA will conduct a detailed review of the present operations of ICP, making recommendations on what percentage of shares should form a strategic stake, study Pakistan's capital markets, carry out financial valuation, structure and promote the proposed sale, negotiate and execute the transaction and conduct appropriate post sale activities.

Expressions of Interest ("EOI") are invited from reputed investment banks, brokerage houses, management consultants and business houses & groups offering financial advisory services. EOI should include a brief profile of the Institutions/Group and a bank draft favouring "Privatisation Commission, Government of Pakistan" of Pak Rs. 50,000/- on account of non refundable processing fee. Detailed Terms of Reference for the assignment will be provided to the parties submitting their EOI.

EOI duly marked "Financial Advisory Services for ICP" should reach the Privatisation Commission at the following address latest by 3 p.m. (IST) on June 23, 1997.



ICP



Ahmad Waqar
Joint Secretary
Privatisation Commission - Government of Pakistan
5-A, Constitution Avenue,
Islamabad - Pakistan
Tel: (9251) 9203881/9205146
Fax: (9251) 9203076

Product	Price for 100 units	Price for 500 units	Price for 1000 units
100 units	100.00	100.00	100.00
500 units	100.00	100.00	100.00
1000 units	100.00	100.00	100.00
1500 units	100.00	100.00	100.00
2000 units	100.00	100.00	100.00
2500 units	100.00	100.00	100.00
3000 units	100.00	100.00	100.00
3500 units	100.00	100.00	100.00
4000 units	100.00	100.00	100.00
4500 units	100.00	100.00	100.00
5000 units	100.00	100.00	100.00
5500 units	100.00	100.00	100.00
6000 units	100.00	100.00	100.00
6500 units	100.00	100.00	100.00
7000 units	100.00	100.00	100.00
7500 units	100.00	100.00	100.00
8000 units	100.00	100.00	100.00
8500 units	100.00	100.00	100.00
9000 units	100.00	100.00	100.00
9500 units	100.00	100.00	100.00
10000 units	100.00	100.00	100.00

Prices are subject to change without notice. Prices are for 100 units per month. Prices are for 500 units per month. Prices are for 1000 units per month. Prices are for 1500 units per month. Prices are for 2000 units per month. Prices are for 2500 units per month. Prices are for 3000 units per month. Prices are for 3500 units per month. Prices are for 4000 units per month. Prices are for 4500 units per month. Prices are for 5000 units per month. Prices are for 5500 units per month. Prices are for 6000 units per month. Prices are for 6500 units per month. Prices are for 7000 units per month. Prices are for 7500 units per month. Prices are for 8000 units per month. Prices are for 8500 units per month. Prices are for 9000 units per month. Prices are for 9500 units per month. Prices are for 10000 units per month.

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NEWS: THE AMERICAS

Cardoso can stand again as president

By Geoff Dyer in São Paulo

Brazil's President Fernando Henrique Cardoso effectively became a candidate for next year's presidential elections yesterday after Congress passed a constitutional amendment allowing him to become the first president in the country's history to stand for re-election.

In the last of four votes in Congress needed to approve the amendment, the 81-member Senate voted 69-14 in favour of the bill, which also permits sitting state governors and mayors to stand again.

The government will now try to use the passage of the re-election amendment to regain political momentum and push through several other important reforms stalled in Congress.

The president's office yesterday maintained he was not yet officially a candidate for the elections next October, but Mr Cardoso's party, the PSDB, wasted no time in launching his campaign. "He is the best name in the PSDB," said Mr Aécio Neves, leader of the party in the lower house.

Government leaders said the next challenge was to secure approval in Congress of constitutional reforms to the civil service and social security systems seen as vital steps in reducing Brazil's large budget deficit. Economists have warned that failure to alleviate the fiscal burden could undermine the country's new-found economic stability.

A strong sense of optimism about the reforms has all but evaporated amid in-fighting among the parties of the government coalition over the past two months.

Political analysts cautioned that the passage of the re-election bill would not dramatically change the atmosphere in Congress.

The privatisation of cellular telephone services in Brazil has started with the sale of a concession in the centre-west of the country to a consortium including Bell Canada for R\$338.5m (\$316m), writes Geoff Dyer.

The concession is one of 10 so-called "Band-B" areas the government has put up for sale in a process expected to raise about \$6bn. The centre-west area was announced first as there was only one bidder.

The members of the consortium, called Americal, are Bell Canada, Telesystem International, also of Canada, Citibank, Opportunity Asset Management, a Brazilian fund manager, and several Brazilian pension funds. They paid a 25.4 per cent premium over the minimum price for the concession which covers the capital Brasília and the largely rural states of Goiás, Tocantins, Mato Grosso, Mato Grosso do Sul, Rondônia and Acre.

The communications ministry also announced that five of the 15 consortia bidding for the Band-B concessions had been disqualified for failing to meet the requirements of the closed envelope auction. The five consortia have a week in which to appeal against the decision.

"This is not like having a vote of confidence in a parliament. Congress has approved the idea of re-election, but not the agenda of the president. Every part will have to be dealt with separately," said Mr Murillo de Aragão of Arko Advice in Brasília.

The government only has six months left to press its reforms before campaigning for the elections begins in earnest at the beginning of next year.

Budget-buster could pay off for all involved, writes Christopher Parkes

'Titanic' film crew's ship comes in

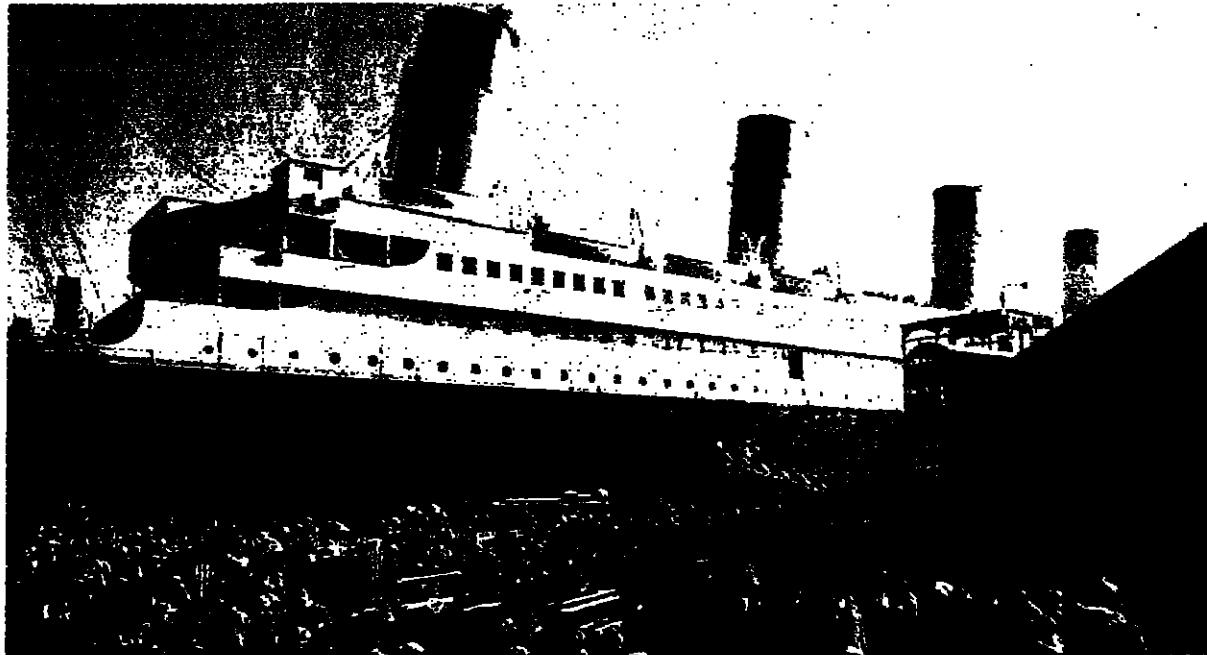
Seven months before it steams into the cinema, *Titanic*, Hollywood's umpteenth project based on the 1912 maritime tragedy, has already entered the annals of film legend.

Among the industry's hourly-paid carpenters, caterers, electricians and lighting engineers, the \$200m-plus project is revered as the job that outdid Universal's *Waterworld*, the last film to catch the headlines as the most expensive ever.

That \$170m effort, which did little better than break even, is informally known on the lower decks as "Waterworld" because of the big rewards. For those who labour and do not count the cost - only their overtime, bonuses and tax-free per diem subsistence pay of \$50 and up - the protracted production of *Titanic* has also paid off well.

Shooting over-runs, which stretched filming from the budgeted four months to six, and working days from the customary 12-18 hours, consumed holidays and weekends and often trebled the basic hourly rates between \$9 and \$40 paid to the grips who hammer and nail, and the gaffers who keep the lights on.

For co-backers, Paramount Pictures and 20th Century Fox, the News Corporation subsidiary, pay-day has been pushed steadily into the uncertain future by the inflation of the film's budget from an initial \$110m towards an estimated \$200m by the time it opens in



Scene from the film 'Titanic', for which a four-fifths scale model of the ill-fated liner was built

December, six months late.

The expected total is about five times the cost of the average Hollywood film and three times as expensive as *The Lost World*, the *Jurassic Park* sequel currently gobbling up US box office records. Yet, despite the squalls of outrage from Hollywood's boulevardiers, and an understandable nervous tension pervading Paramount and Fox, film industry rivals take a circumspect, even admiring, view of events.

According to one established producer, *Waterworld* ran over schedule and two times over budget because of fundamental planning flaws

which placed the elaborate floating set at the mercy of unpredictable winds and currents off the coast of Hawaii.

In the case of *Titanic*, "It cost more because it cost more; not because people were foolish or incompetent, but because film has not been done on this scale before."

Another studio executive questions the cost estimates. For example, he says, the *Titanic* budget includes the bill for constructing a new studio complex with four sound stages in Rosarito Beach, Mexico, just south of the border with California. "It is all written off

against the cost of one film, but Fox will still have a new studio at the end of the day," he adds. The same goes for costumes, and the hydraulics used to tilt and roll the set in the water tank.

On one hand, the construction was necessary because no existing studios had tanks big enough to accommodate the four-fifths scale model of the RMS Titanic demanded by director James Cameron, who made his name as an "event" filmmaker with *Terminator*.

On the other, the expense can be justified by persistent demand for facilities which currently keeps California's

existing studios booked solid for 18 months in advance.

Yet the prospect of such longer-term benefits does little to mitigate the short-term impact on *Titanic*'s backers of the extravagance which has marked the film in some observers' eyes as an unjustified risk.

With an estimated labour force of 2,400, Cameron had twice as many hands on deck as is customary for a big-budget event production. Half were actually in the film - which boasts three times the usual number of speaking roles - and the rest included crew and facilities providers.

Crews and specialists brought in from England, Mexico, the US and Australia, had to be installed in hotels in locations ranging from Halifax, Nova Scotia, to Mexico, for a shooting schedule which often stretched long into the night. At the height of activity, up to 30 lifeguards were on hand to protect the 100-odd stuntmen floundering for take after take in the studio tank.

Three extra production managers were drafted in to join the battalion of accountants striving vainly to maintain fiscal discipline.

"They were not up to the task, one producer claimed, because the dynamics of film-making do not allow regular time-keeping. 'When you can spend all day setting up and lighting a shot, and have all your people in costume and character, you don't stop just because it's dinnertime,'" he says.

"And even when production costs start running up over budget, what kind of studio suit is going to come on to the set and pull the plug, when he cannot be sure it's not going to be a blockbuster?"

When Fox and Paramount signed James Cameron as director, they in effect ceded all control to the project's creative leader. "A director given the authority to order executives off the set is not going to be swayed by foot soldiers from the accounts department," he adds.

"When the shooting starts on theatrical productions like these, the director is God."

Three Bolivian parties in coalition agreement

By Sally Bowen in Lima

The winner of Bolivia's elections, General Hugo Banzer's Acción Democrática Nacionalista party (ADN), has signed a coalition agreement with the parties that came third and fourth to try to secure the presidency for the next five years for the former dictator.

The deal has been struck with

unusual speed and before official results from last Sunday's elections to decide the presidency and the two-chamber congress have been published. The coalition gives a crucial role in the next congress to the Movimiento Izquierda Revolucionaria (MIR) and Unidad Cívica Solidaria (UCS).

The ruling Movimiento Nacionalista Revolucionario (MNR), which

came second in the poll, has therefore been left out in the cold. However, Mr Jaime Paz Zamora, MIR's leader and a former Bolivian president, and several prominent MIR members, had their US visas formally revoked in late 1995 following a judicial investigation into the use of money from the illicit drug trade. Their role in the coalition may unsettle foreign investors and

inhibit the granting of US aid.

Mr Gonzalo Sanchez de Lozada, president and MNR party chief, says he is worried MIR participation in a governing coalition could lead to the US exercising its veto power over "the concessional funds Bolivia needs".

"International investors, especially in the US, are already worried at the prospect of an ADN-MIR

alliance which might prejudice the integrity of this revolutionary series of measures we've managed to achieve in democracy and financial stability," he said.

The coalition promises to combat poverty - "giving a social content to the current model" - it has also pledged incentives for manufacturing and export and action on corruption and drugs trafficking.

Mexico ruling party may lose majority

By Leslie Crawford in Mexico City

Mexico's Institutional Revolutionary party (PRI) could lose its absolute majority in Congress following mid-term elections on July 6, according to opinion polls published this week.

A nationwide poll conducted by nine Mexican newspapers found only one in three voters supported the PRI, the party which has ruled Mexico since 1929.

One in four respondents backed the conservative National Action party (PAN), while 17 per cent backed the leftwing Revolutionary Democratic party (PRD).

But with 23 per cent of the electorate still undecided and another month of campaigning ahead, Mr Rafael Ángel Giménez, the chief pollster at Reforma, a leading Mexico City daily, does not rule out a slim PRI victory. According to the election's complex arithmetic, the PRI must win 42.2 per cent of the vote to control the 500-seat chamber of deputies.

"What is certain is that for the first time in a national contest, the PRI's vote will drop below 50 per cent, and that is a tremendous psycho-

logical blow to a party accustomed to absolute power," Mr Giménez said.

Balloting on July 6 will also include the renewal of one-quarter of the Senate, elections for six state governors and the first-ever election of a mayor for Mexico City. Mr Cuauhtémoc Cárdenas, a former presidential candidate and founding member of the PRD, has emerged as front-runner in the mayoral race.

PRI is under pressure in mid-term poll

Speculation has centred on how President Ernesto Zedillo will govern without a rubber-stamp Congress.

"A Congress in which the PRI does not have an absolute majority would be a nightmare for a government used to imposing its will upon the legislature," says Mr Luis Rubio, director of the research centre for development in Mexico City.

"The government would have to learn how to negotiate. It would be a difficult scenario to manage,

although it might begin to rid our political system of some of the worst abuses of power."

In a campaign largely devoid of burning issues, the PRI appears to be benefiting from Mexico's timid economic recovery and Mr Zedillo's growing popularity, which has nudged above 50 per cent for the first time since he took office 2½ years ago.

The PRI's appeals to nationalism and continuity have been met with opposition campaigns that stress the need for a real change of power after 68 years of uninterrupted PRI rule.

But the PAN and the PRD have weakened their appeal by attacking each other, instead of making common cause against the ruling party.

"Mr Zedillo's popularity is of vital importance to the PRI. By virtue of his authority, he can sway public opinion and reap votes for his party," Mr Giménez says.

Mr Zedillo has been doing just that. Since the start of the year, he has transformed his weekly outings to the provinces into campaign rallies, where he warns against false prophets.

Talks on Chile bank

By Stephen Fidler, Latin America Editor

Chile's central bank and government are in discussions about an increase in the bank's capital, Mr Pablo Piñera, a central bank director, said in London yesterday.

The bank's capital has been eroding because of losses sustained through foreign exchange market intervention to stem appreciation of the peso. In this process, the bank sells high-yielding pesos in return for dollars, which yield significantly less. Chile's foreign exchange reserves have risen to a record \$17bn.

The bank was seeking capital at the levels of 1990 when the bank assumed independence from the government. Mr Piñera said the autonomy of the central bank would be more secure if its capital were higher.

The aim was to incorporate the capital increase in the 1996 budget law. Chile has been running a fiscal surplus that has more than covered the central bank losses, but the fiscal implications of a capital increase would depend on how it was made and over what period.

Anti-mafia drive saves \$330m

New York City acts to clean up the city's garbage industry

By Leyla Bouillon in New York

Businesses in New York City have cut over \$330m from the \$1.5bn cost of waste disposal a year, a conference in the city was told yesterday, thanks to an increasingly successful fight against the mafia.

But although the message of Mr Randy Mastro, first deputy mayor of New York City, was that great strides had been made in ridding the garbage industry of mob domination, most speakers said law enforcement had to be accompanied by a revolution in regulation of the industry.

The conference, at which New York law enforcement

authorities shared successes with Italian anti-mafia officials, heard that organised crime bosses from families such as the Gambinos and Genoveses had been at the top of the system which kept prices at "grossly inflated levels". At the bottom, small waste companies paid dues to the mafia in return for "property rights" over their customers.

Customers in turn had been intimidated for the past 40 years by what one speaker described as "mafia thugs knocking at their doors in the middle of the night".

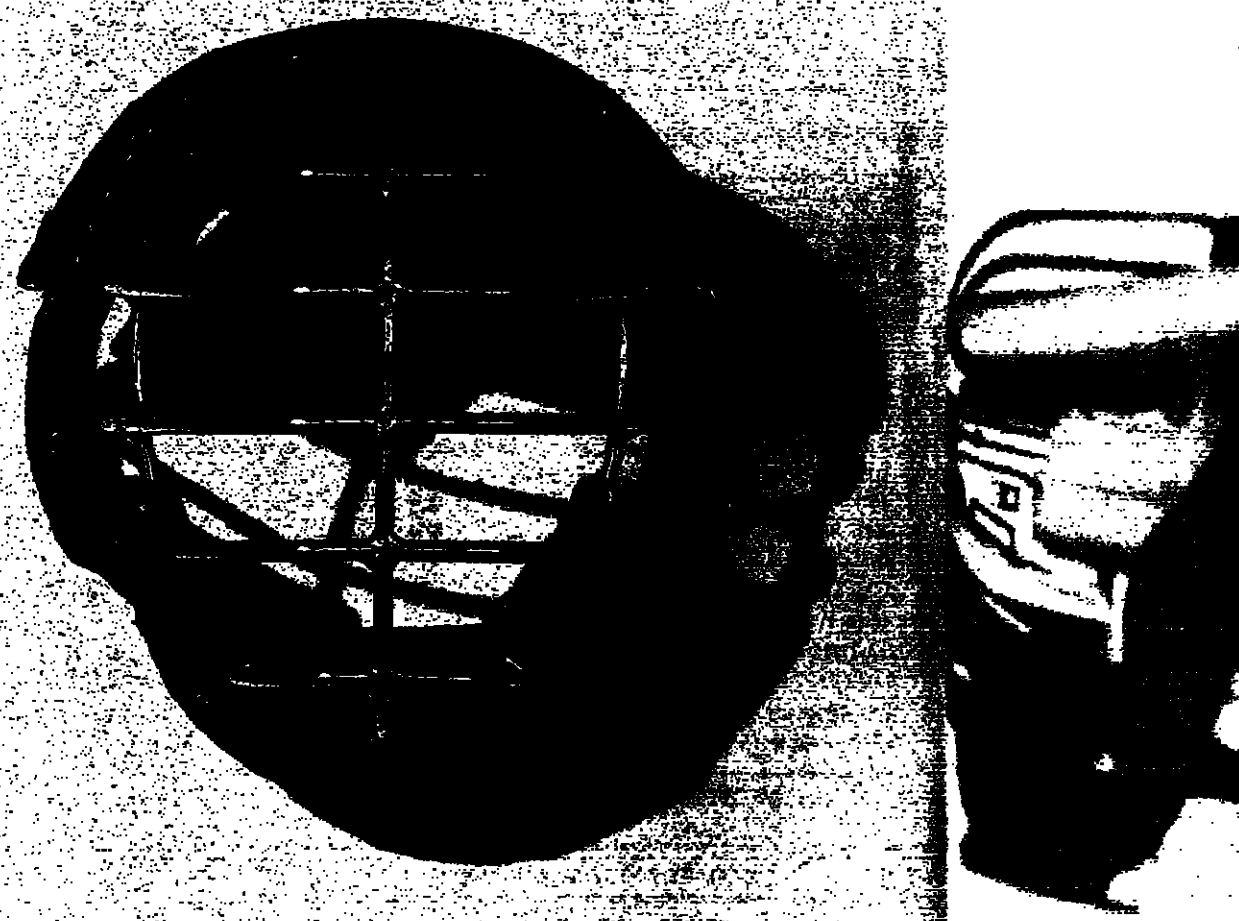
US speakers told their Italian counterparts that individual prosecutions, sting operations involving

undercover agents and wire-tapping were not enough. Mr Zachary Carter, attorney of the Eastern District of New York, said prosecutions were only a "holding operation" until regulation was able to promote true competition in the industry. "We are making significant headway in the elimination of the influence of organised crime but regulations also play a significant role," said Mr Lewis Schilliro, assistant special agent in charge of the FBI's New York office.

Mr Daniel Castleman, chief of investigations at the New York county district attorney's office, said he hoped the city's Waste Trade Commission, a regulatory body set up a year ago,

would "finish the job of ridding the industry of organised crime". Ms Marybeth Richroath, deputy commissioner for enforcement at the commission, said the agency's powers included:

- Handling complaints of intimidation from any customers who had tried to change their waste haulers.
- The right to exclude from the trade any individual with previous criminal or organised crime connections.
- The right to cancel long-term contracts imposed on customers under duress.
- The right to inspect the books of any waste business at will.
- The promotion of competition to force down prices in the waste industry.



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NEWS: UK

Treasury minister calls on City institutions to assign skilled staff to super-watchdog

Guidance sought on regulation reform

By John Gapper,
Banking Editor

Mrs Helen Liddell, the Treasury minister in charge of regulation in the City of London, yesterday tried to reassure financial institutions about planned reforms. She insisted the government would be guided by the views of practitioners.

Mrs Liddell also said differential levels of regulation would be retained for wholesale and retail business despite the planned amalgamation of banking, securities and fund management regulation.

In a speech in London she appealed for financial institutions to give the Treasury their views on proposed reforms and to assign skilled members of staff on secondment to the enlarged Securities and Investments Board.

Mrs Liddell said that she wanted to move towards regular secondments of experienced staff to the "super-SIB". This has been more common among regulators in the US than in Britain.

Responsibility for banking supervision should transfer to SIB by the end of this year and self-regulatory organisations should

integrate into SIB in 1999 or 2000 after publication of a financial services bill next year.

"We need to take the advice of those who know how the industry works," she said. "If the industry ignores this opportunity to help shape the new regulatory regime, then they will have no one to blame but themselves."

Mrs Liddell said the government was "not in the business of developing an overbearing bureaucracy". It wanted a regulator that was "responsive and flexible" and recognised a varying level of sophistication among investors.

The government was not aiming at "tearing up everything we have, not traumatic change. Rather, building on and improving on the system we have at present, learning from best practice, and from the misjudgments of the past".

She also reassured institutions that the government intended to be open. "No longer will you be faced with deals struck behind closed doors, or a poorly thought out *fait accompli*," she said.

Although few regulators or managers of financial companies have criticised the government's move to amalgamate SROs with SIB,

there has been some concern at the complexity of the task of merging various aspects of supervision.

Mrs Liddell re-emphasised that the government intended to be tough on cases in which individual investors suffered, such as the mis-selling of personal pensions. She described slow progress in this field as being "completely unacceptable".

Mrs Liddell also signalled that the government wanted to see a further move to ensure that senior management was disciplined in cases of serious mistakes or misconduct in their organisations.

Lottery is again judged world's most efficient

By Raymond Snoddy
in London

The UK's National Lottery has been judged the most efficient in the world for the second year running, according to independent research.

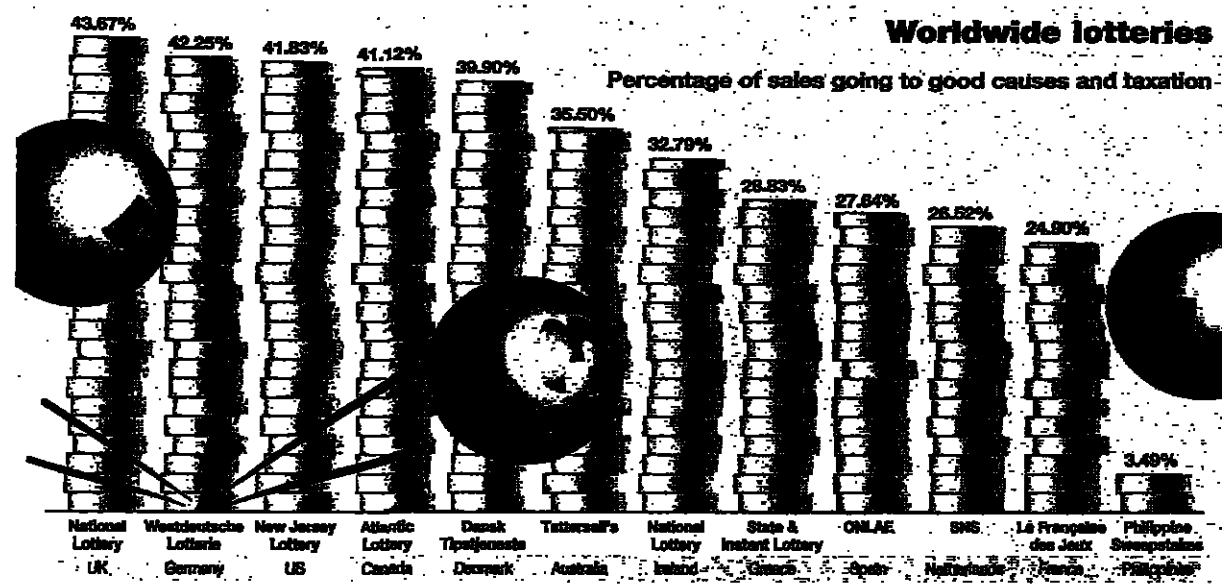
Ms Terri La Fleur, president of TLF publications of Washington, specialists in information about lotteries and gambling, has assembled information on more than 100 lotteries.

The British lottery, apart from being the world's largest, comes first in the important measurement of efficiency, namely the proportion of total revenue

that goes to good causes and to the government in taxation.

The lottery is operated by Camelot, whose members are Cadbury Schweppes, the UK food and drink group; De La Rue, the security printers; Rascal Electronics; ICL, a UK offshoot of Fujitsu; and GTEch, the US lottery equipment supplier.

In 1996 Camelot returned a total of \$3.45bn to government and good causes, 43.67 per cent of sales. Two German lotteries, the Westdeutsche Lotterie and the NWest Lotto, were second and third with 42.25 per cent and 42.22 per cent of sales respectively.



Announcement of the world lottery league tables comes as Camelot faces increasing pressure from the UK government. Camelot has until today to say whether directors will pay

to good causes part, or all, of the controversially large bonuses they were recently awarded.

There were growing signs yesterday that Camelot will decline to instruct its directors

to hand over their bonuses and that resignations will ensue. These could include that of the chairman, Sir George Russell.

The government minister

Philip Stephens, Page 16
Lex, Page 18

Minister issues ultimatum on 'mad cow' safeguards

By Maggie Urry in London

Mr Jack Cunningham, agriculture minister, gave his European counterparts an ultimatum yesterday saying if they did not approve EU-wide safeguards against bovine spongiform encephalopathy - "mad cow disease" - by July 22, the UK would act unilaterally.

"This is no game, no bluff," he said.

Mr Cunningham said that the same stringent controls that the UK now applies to beef should be enforced across the EU. If

they were not, then the UK would ban imports of beef which had not had the "specified risk material" removed. These are parts, such as the brain and spinal cord, which are thought to carry BSE. He said he was acting on advice from the Spongiform Encephalopathy Advisory Committee, the independent group of scientists headed by Professor John Pattison. Seac further recommended that controls should be introduced to safeguard against the theoretical possibility that BSE could have transferred to sheep.

A ban on sheep and goat heads was introduced last summer. Now Seac is recommending removal of the spleen from all sheep and the spinal cord from sheep more than 12 months old. Most of the 18m sheep slaughtered in the UK are under a year.

Mr Cunningham and Prof Pattison stressed that they had no evidence that BSE had transferred to sheep, but said that if it had, it could be hidden by scrapie, the sheep disease from which BSE is thought to have originated.

The moves were welcomed by farmers and the meat industry. The Meat and Livestock Commission said the proposals were a step towards the "level playing field" it had been calling for.

Beef farmers have complained that imports of beef from countries with less strict controls were undermining the UK market and threatening public health. Beef prices have fallen to a 15-year low, while imports have risen sharply in the first few months of this year.

Business is told to lead push for single market

By David Wighton,
Political Correspondent

Business must take the lead in the drive to complete the European single market, a report by British business leaders said yesterday.

It concluded that the failure to complete the single market was undermining European competitiveness but business could help generate the political will for a new initiative.

Headed by Lord Sheppard, former chairman of Grand Metropolitan, the group also included Lord Simon, the former chairman of British Petroleum who is now minister for trade and competitiveness in Europe.

Although Lord Simon's name does not appear on the report, it represents a blueprint for fulfilling the government's pledge to complete the single market.

Lord Sheppard, a prominent supporter of the opposition Conservative party, said the report's conclusions were "very much in line" with recent statements from Mr Gordon Brown, the chan-

cellor of the exchequer, and Mrs Margaret Beckett, the chief industry minister.

The report echoes ministers' stress on the promotion of labour market flexibility and focusing Europe on issues other than the single currency.

"The problem has been that the enthusiasm for the single market has been drowned out by the debate over the single currency," said Lord Sheppard.

The report criticises the European Commission and other EU institutions for being too bureaucratic and backward looking. But it says it is up to business to make sure that its voice is heard at all levels.

The study was sponsored by Action Centre for Europe, a pro-European, non-party think-tank. Its key recommendations include: opening up markets such as energy and telecoms; backing moves to eliminate state aid; fast-track investigation of single market rule breaches; revision of public procurement rules and a review of competition policy.

UK NEWS DIGEST

Immigration curb is relaxed

The government yesterday scrapped one of Britain's toughest immigration measures, which had previously barred entry to thousands of people married to Britons. Mr Jack Straw, home secretary, abolished the "primary purpose rule" which requires people not of British nationality who are married to UK citizens to prove that the "primary purpose" of the marriage is not simply to win entry to the UK.

"This arbitrary and unfair rule has penalised genuine marriages, divided families and unnecessarily increased administration," said Mr Straw. The abolition, a Labour party election manifesto commitment, will bring immediate benefits to the 840 spouses who were rejected under the rule last year. The UK admitted almost 62,000 immigrants last year.

Mr Straw said the rule had placed a burden on the spouses of British citizens that was not placed on other EU nationals. "It is also very doubtful that this inherently ineffective and unfair rule has worked to filter out those who sought to cheat the system," he added.

Mr Straw also said that work was under way on two related manifesto commitments, the control of unscrupulous immigration advisers and the tightening of the issue of birth certificates.

Liam Halligan

BARCLAYS BANK

Staff polled on industrial action

Barclays Bank staff are to vote on whether they are willing to take "sustained industrial action" in a dispute over a proposed salary structure. The banking unions Unifi and Bifu said the proposals would mean that 60 per cent of employees might lose out almost immediately, while almost all the rest could have their pay and pensions frozen after a transition period. Barclays said the scheme was designed to reward good performance, rather than the length of time served.

A strike at Barclays could prove uncomfortable for the government which has asked Mr Martin Taylor, the bank's chief executive, to head its taskforce for reforming the tax and benefit system.

Andrew Bolger

VALUE ADDED TAX

EU court switch on outsourcing

The European Court of Justice yesterday reversed the opinion of its advocate-general that banks might have to pay value added tax on outsourced financial services. UK banks were expected to come under pressure to take back in-house services which they had outsourced if the court had backed the original opinion - given in July 1996. Outsourcing has become increasingly popular throughout Europe. "A number of outsourcing arrangements had been put on hold pending the outcome of this case," said Mr Graeme Ross, VAT partner with accountants Ernst & Young in London. The case had been brought by the Danish tax authorities in the case of Sparekassen Data-centre, a data processing company.

Jim Kelly

CAR SALES

Gains for VW and Renault

Registrations of new cars during May 1997	May 1997		May 96	
	Volume	Change %	Share %	Share %
UK Market	109,986	2.54	100.00	100.00
UK Produced	62,049	0.87	56.42	37.70
Imports	47,937	4.47	43.58	29.30
Japanese makes	24,575	19.13	14.47	12.56
Ford group	24,512	-1.13	22.28	20.51
Fiat	24,574	-3.73	22.33	20.52
Volvo	743	26.10	0.67	0.63
General Motors	23,288	-1.07	13.71	14.21
Vauxhall	21,769	-2.73	12.81	13.51
Seat	1,519	31.06	0.89	0.70
BMW group	20,525	-4.37	18.66	17.00
BMW	4,814	-2.71	4.40	4.03
Rolls Royce	15,711	-1.24	14.26	13.00
Peugeot group	18,532	-1.51	16.91	15.38
Peugeot	12,774	-1.04	11.62	10.65
Citroen	5,758	-6.74	5.24	4.73
Volkswagen group	15,554	12.83	14.05	12.78
Volkswagen	10,632	15.21	9.67	8.86
Audi	2,242	12.83	2.03	1.85
SEAT	988	31.06	0.89	0.70
Skoda	1,992	26.10	1.80	1.64
Renault	10,948	14.07	9.95	9.05
Mercedes	7,542	15.20	6.86	6.25
Toyota	5,449	15.20	4.95	4.53
Fiat group	2,512	-3.73	2.28	2.07
Fiat	2,512	-3.73	2.28	2.07
Alfa Romeo	743	26.10	0.67	0.63
Volvo	3,153	31.06	2.86	2.62
Mercedes-Benz	4,814	-2.71	4.40	4.03
Honda	4,945	14.58	4.50	4.09
Nissan	3,890	4.01	3.54	3.26
Korean makes	3,890	4.01	3.54	3.26

1. GM took 60% of State Automobile and has management control. 2. Includes Range Rover, Discovery 3, Vauxhall 10% of shares and has management control. Source: Society of Motor Manufacturers and Traders

Registrations rise 2.5% in May

Ford, BMW's Rover offshoot and, to a lesser extent, the Vauxhall subsidiary of General Motors saw a continuing decline in their shares of the UK market for new cars last month. Volkswagen and Renault made further inroads. Registrations of new cars increased by 2.5 per cent to 109,986 in May compared with the same month last year, in a marked softening of the fast growth recorded in April. The May figures from the Society of Motor Manufacturers and Traders took the increase in new car sales in the first five months of 1997 to 902,167, 4.9 per cent more than the same period last year. The data confirm that the UK is one of the most buoyant markets in Europe because of strong consumer spending.

Billy Simmonds

Bank body follows Fed route

By Wolfgang Münchau,
Economics Correspondent

The new monetary committee of the Bank of England met for the first time yesterday for a two-day session to determine monetary policy for the next month. As the main executive organ of a soon-to-be independent central bank, it will be one of the most powerful institutions in the country, wielding exclusive control over short-term interest rates.

The committee itself is modelled closely on the open market committee of the Federal Reserve in terms of the way it operates. They both meet once a month for two days, unlike the governing board of the Bundesbank, which meets fortnightly, but then only for one day.

The monetary meetings

The Confederation of British Industry, the biggest UK employers' lobby, yesterday urged the Bank of England to hold fire on interest rates until after next month's Budget, Robert Chote writes. The Bank's newly appointed monetary policy committee will announce its decision on rates at noon today. By a narrow majority, City of London economists expect

are preceded by one-week preparatory sessions among officials, who prepare the participants with forecasts.

The one significant area in which the UK monetary committee differs from its counterparts is the lack of regional representatives. In the UK, the meeting consists almost entirely of professional economists, with academic or professional backgrounds.

them to rise from 6.25 to 6.5 per cent. The latest CBI survey of retailers, released yesterday, showed annual growth in sales volumes falling to its lowest rate for 18 months. "However, the survey indicates that underlying sales remain on a firmly upward track," said Mr Alastair Eperon, chairman of the CBI's distributive trades panel.

In the US and Germany, states send their own representatives, largely people with a political or central banking background.

The committee can determine its own *modus operandi* for communicating with the outside world, but it is expected to adhere to a list of recommendations from Bank staff.

It is envisaged that the committee will release key

decisions at noon on the second day of its meetings, communicating electronically with financial markets and news agencies.

The committee will itself decide whether it wants to draft a statement detailing its decision. The minutes of the meeting will be published six weeks later under the same procedure previously adopted for the monthly monetary meetings between the chancellor of the exchequer and Mr Eddie George, the Bank governor.

One of the most intriguing aspects of the new regime will be the recording of minority opinions, which will make the process more transparent for outside observers. One insider said this could give rise to "Bank watchers", similar to the Fed-watchers, whose sole job is to find out what the central bank is going to do next.

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MANAGEMENT

Viewpoint • Sumantra Ghoshal and Donald Sull

Loss of faith in managers

The brightest and best no longer aspire to a management career. Why has this happened?



Michael Eisner (left) wins only grudging recognition while Bill Gates is a cult hero

When we asked 140 MBA students at the London Business School to describe their career ambitions, only six aspired to management positions in established corporations.

Most hoped to derive professional satisfaction by constantly broadening and deepening their personal portfolio of skills, and by contributing to society in meaningful ways. As managers in established companies, they felt, they could neither develop personally nor contribute to social and economic progress.

It is easy for corporate executives to write these students off as arrogant or naive. Easy but dangerous. Managers must confront the reality that the best and the brightest from other professional schools, universities, and technical programmes are not joining established companies.

This inability to attract and retain talented young people is only one symptom of a more profound challenge to managers of large corporations - society has lost faith in them.

The evidence of lost faith is overwhelming. Corporate executives fare poorly in polls of public trust. We admire football players for their multi-million pound contracts, but vilify managers who prosper from performance-based incentives. The best selling Dilbert series argues that management positions exist as places where the least competent employees can do the least harm.

This crisis of faith in management has serious implications, not only for business, but for society as a whole. Unless the tide is turned firms will not replenish their management ranks with talented young people; executives will find themselves increasingly hemmed in by regulations designed to limit

their influence; and managers will lose faith in themselves. These trends could hobble the large businesses that now represent society's main engine of economic progress.

From its beginnings in the 19th century, management has stood out as the ungainly stepchild among the professions. The goal of law is justice, the goal of medicine health. Management, in contrast, lacks a clear ideal. Professionals in other fields may fall short of their lofty goals, but at least they have ideals to fall short of. Some argue that managers create wealth for society, but this goal too easily blurs into personal greed, so losing social legitimacy and inspirational power.

Moreover, few managers of large companies are seen to be generating new economic value. In contrast to entrepreneurs who are lionised for creating wealth and institutions *de novo*, managers of ongoing concerns are viewed as mere rentiers, living off their companies' past legacy like dissolute heirs squandering the family fortune.

Bill Gates became a cult hero by creating Microsoft, while Michael Eisner wins at best grudging recognition for transforming Disney from a tired theme park operation in the US to a global creative powerhouse.

The spate of recent restructuring, layoffs, and divestment has further eroded confidence in managers. Through repeated bouts of restructuring many managers have elevated effi-

ciency to the corporation's highest goal. While they are a necessary means, operational efficiencies rarely succeed as a goal to attract, impassion and retain motivated employees.

Moreover, employees in contracting companies see few

attractive opportunities for professional development. Nor, in an age of layoffs and downsizing, do employees trust companies to manage their careers for them.

The first step in reversing this growing crisis of faith is to recognise that corporations and their

managers act as the primary engine of social and economic progress. Progress requires innovative combinations of resources, technologies and knowledge to create new products and services. Innovation requires human will and creati-

ty to impose change on the world.

While individual entrepreneurs often provide the initial creative spark, large organisations are generally necessary to stoke the flame. Apple computers started in a garage, but the Macintosh was produced by an established company, as were the Walkman, synthetic fabrics, and A2T.

Placing societal progress at the heart of the company's vision and purpose is not a public relations gimmick. Rather, the ideal of progress underpins the success of the companies we most admire. The precise vision of progress varies across companies, with different companies aspiring to change the world through technological innovation (Honda, Merck, Sony, 3M), social activism (The Body Shop, Ben & Jerry's), and empowering the underdog (Mary Kay Cosmetics, Ikea, Wal-Mart). These visions of progress infuse organisations with a sense of purpose that allows them to attract, motivate, and retain committed employees.

Inertia is the enemy of progress. Past insights ossify into clichés, processes lapse into routines, and commitments become ties that bind companies to the same course of action. Perhaps the most vital and fulfilling element of a manager's job is to prevent inertia. To seize the promise of the future, managers must constantly overcome the burdens of the past.

A manager's role therefore, is not to toil long and hard to make

the inevitable happen. His or her job is to make happen what otherwise would not happen.

Companies are the repositories of a society's stock of physical, technological, social and human resources. It is these resources that enable companies to create new value. People are the most precious of these. By inspiring ordinary people to produce extraordinary results management drives social and economic progress. Intel has no monopoly on geniuses, nor Canon. What has allowed these companies to constantly create new value - to the benefit of their customers, employees, shareholders and others - is their ability to inspire their people to create and fulfil their own dreams.

While managers in these companies have been passionate about recruiting the best talent they can find, they have been even more obsessive about creating an exciting work environment in which their people could constantly develop their own knowledge and skills.

By aligning corporate purpose with individuals' passions, management facilitates outstanding collective performance and allows people to pursue their convictions and expand their portfolio of capabilities.

Sumantra Ghoshal is Robert A. Bauman professor of strategic leadership at London Business School. Donald Sull is assistant professor of strategic and international management at LBS.

This article is extracted from the new FT Mastering Management service, which comprises the monthly magazines and a dedicated website www.ftmastering.com. For subscription details including a month's free trial ring (44) 1483 733899.



Krones is the world's largest maker of bottling systems for industries such as brewing. The German company is typical of the leading Mittelstand-type engineering companies studied for this series: it is family-run, in a stable product area, and has devoted resources to building up marketing and technology skills over its 46-year life.

But all these characteristics failed to prevent the company purchasing into difficulties two years ago when profits fell 70 per cent. The company's biggest problem was a lack of management controls at its Brazilian production operation, leading to

write-offs of DM100m (\$59m) over three years. This has been compounded by a switch to non-returnable bottles among many of the company's main customers which has meant changing many products.

Net income slumped to DM13.2m in 1995, from DM42.7m the year before. The company's shares - traded on the Frankfurt stock exchange, even though control remains with the family of Hermann Kronseder, Krones's founder - slumped by more than two-thirds during the year and

have fallen still further since.

In the aftermath, Hermann Kronseder stood down as chairman, and was replaced last year by his son, Volker, an engineer who has worked at Krones since 1981. The Kronseders also wanted fresh management blood and they recruited Hans-Jürgen Thaus, formerly chairman of Schneider Rundfunkwerke, a German technology-based multimedia company specialising in laser display technology.

Thaus, who has a financial background and was previously

with Maho, the German machine tool company, took over in January as Krones's deputy chairman.

A challenge will be to provide new ideas at the same time as keeping on the right side of the family

Volker Kronseder points out that most of the company's growth - sales have nearly quadrupled over the past decade to

DM1.65bn last year - has been engineering-led with "not enough professionalism" on the side of management and financial controls. This he expects to be provided by Thaus, who says he wants to install an "economic strategy" that is on the same level as its engineering skills.

A challenge for Thaus will be to provide new ideas at the same time as keeping on the right side of the family members who will continue to run the company - a balancing act that has led to the

demise of more than one outsider who has taken over at the top of such businesses.

Change has meant disinvestment for Netsch, a privately owned leader in ceramic manufacturing machinery. Last year it took the giant step of selling off its core business, the manufacture of production lines for items such as dinner plates.

Jürgen Schaefer, Netsch's president, says the action was needed because competition from lower cost rivals meant the business was becoming

increasingly unprofitable. Somewhat more incremental changes have been adopted by

Heinz Hermann Thiele, chairman and owner of Knorr-Bremse, company with annual sales of DM1.5bn. His company is the world's biggest maker of rail brakes. His main challenge has been costs. While rail-equipment companies want ever more efficient braking systems, due to competition prices have fallen about a third in two years.

One solution for Thiele has been a massive increase in outsourcing. The company buys parts from low-cost producers eastern Europe as opposed to making the components itself in its plant in high-cost Munich. Such purchases have risen three fold in the past five years.

BUSINESSES FOR SALE

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INVITATION FOR EXPRESSIONS OF INTEREST IN PURCHASING THE SHARES OF MEL S.A.

Within the framework of Law 2000/91, the Industrial Reconstruction Organisation (IRO) is contemplating the sale of the shares it owns in MEL, Macedonian Paper Company S.A. ("the Company"). The IRO has also been authorised by the National Bank of Greece S.A. (NBG) a minority shareholder in the Company, to simultaneously negotiate the sale of the shares it owns in the Company. In total, the number of shares offered for sale correspond to a majority holding in the Company. BANK OF AMERICA NT & SA and ETEBA S.A. have been jointly appointed advisors to the IRO for the above-mentioned transaction (the Advisors).

MEL was established in 1964, and engages in the production of coated and noncoated solid board of various weights and qualities. The Company's client base consists of small and large scale sheet plants. Its self owned production facilities are situated 22 km outside the town of Thessaloniki (in Northern Greece). MEL is the largest Greek producer of its kind and controls an estimated 20% of the domestic market in its products. Furthermore, the Company owns significant real estate assets unrelated to its main productive activity. The Company currently employs 186 people. The following table presents key financial information for the past five years:

	(in millions of drachmas)				
	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Turnover	2909	2802	3598	5085	4436
Pre-tax results	-25	-64	38	330	9
Total assets	4654	5211	5163	5604	6406
Total own capital	3035	2965	3003	3296	3713

During the present phase of the sale process, interested parties may obtain an Offering Memorandum prepared by the Advisors, after signing a confidentiality agreement. Potential investors may submit by June 27, 1997, in writing, their expression of interest for the purchase of the Company's shares, which must contain at least the following:

- An indicative price for the purchase of the company's total number of shares.
- An estimation of the number of job positions to be maintained.
- Their plans for the development of the Company.

Interested parties should also include in their expression of interest the additional information they require regarding the evaluation of the Company, and may note any issues which, in their opinion, would affect the submission of binding offers at a later stage.

An invitation to submit binding offers will be published in the press after June 27, 1997 and will include the timetable to be followed hereafter, the terms and conditions applicable for the submission of offers, as well as the criteria with which the offers will be evaluated.

The IRO and the NBG retain the right to declare the procedure null and void in the event that the binding offers finally submitted are deemed to be unsatisfactory.

All parties interested in obtaining the Offering Memorandum or any other relative information should contact the Advisors at the following addresses:

Bank of America NT & SA
Attention: Mr. Y. Bravos
38 Panepistimiou Street
105 64 Athens, Greece
Tel. (301) 3285227 Fax: (301) 3241936

ETEBA S.A.

Attention: Mr. G. Koutsoudakis
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For further details, please contact:
Helen MacNaughton, Ernst & Young,
Compass House, 80 Newmarket Road,
Cambridge CB5 8UZ.

Telephone: 01223 461200.
Facsimile: 01223 324609.

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LEGAL NOTICES

TO WOLFGANG OTTO STOLZENBERG
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TAKE NOTICE

1. Orders have been made by the Honorable Mr Justice Rimer on 26th February 1997 and 26th March 1997 and by the Honorable Mr Justice Rimer dated 23rd April 1997 and 26th April 1997 in an action in the Chancery Division of the High Court of Justice of England and Wales entitled *Canada Trust Co. v. Oryx Securities Ltd.* and *Q. v. Oryx Securities Ltd.* No. 4995.

2. These Orders impose obligations upon you which require your immediate compliance.

3. The Plaintiffs contend that you have disobeyed and contravened to disobey these Orders and that you are guilty of contempt of Court.

4. A copy of each Notice of Motion together with the evidence which the Plaintiffs rely upon in support thereof together with a copy of the Writ in the above proceedings have been left ready for your attention at (a) the premises of Knightbridge Secretarial Services, 35 Brompton Road, London SW1; and (b) 41 Wilton Crescent, London SW1X 8RX; and (c) 1 Avenue Emile Acollès, 75007 Paris, France.

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Chancery Division

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and

IN THE MATTER OF THE COMPANIES ACT 1985

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Order of the High Court of Justice (Chancery Division) dated 21 May 1997 confirming the collection of the Share Premium Account of the above-named Company from £1,081,782 to £281,782 was registered by the Registrar of Companies on 2 June 1997.

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Government of the Republic of Lithuania
Invitation for expression of interest for privatisation

of two stevedoring companies
KLASCO and
KLAIPEDOS SMELTĖ
and Lithuanian shipping company
LISCO

The Government of Lithuania is intending to privatise:

- two stevedoring companies in Baltic harbour Klaipėda:
- KLASCO, the major stevedoring company in the Klaipėda sea-port with cargo turnover above 7 mill. tons;
- KLAIPEDOS SMELTĖ, promising stevedoring company with current turnover of 1 mill. tons;
- LISCO, operator of 35 vessels and number of ferry lines in the Baltic sea.

The Government's objectives with the privatisation of the two stevedoring companies and shipping company are to:

- improve the efficiency of management and operations of the companies;
- strengthen competitiveness and ensure further development of the companies and Klaipėda sea-port as a whole;
- maximise the proceeds of the sale.

It is the Government's intention to engage two qualified Privatisation Advisors (one for stevedoring companies and the second for the shipping company) to prepare and execute privatisation of the companies in a transparent manner to meet the Government's objectives above. Each PA will be responsible for all activities related to preparation and implementation of privatisation transaction for either stevedoring or shipping companies but they will not be allowed to bid in privatisation.

Expressions of interest to act as the Privatisation Advisor to the Government of Lithuania are requested from the firms/consortia that have acted as the Lead Advisor to a government in a sale of stevedoring/sea-transportation enterprises.

Prospective firms/consortia may send their expression of interest by 2:00 p.m. local time, Friday, July 11, 1997 along with relevant and detailed documentation demonstrating their knowledge of stevedoring/sea-transportation business as well as their strength and experience in the region and privatisation deals, to:

LAIMA ANDRIKIENĖ
MINISTER OF EUROPEAN AFFAIRS
Gedimino pr. 56, LT - 2685 Vilnius, Lithuania
Tel. (370 2) 626 864, 614 439; Fax (370 2) 612 178

The most qualified candidates will be provided with Terms of Reference and other relevant tender documentation to elaborate their proposals to the Government of Lithuania. NOTE: This Advertisement does not constitute an invitation for potentially interested investors to initiate contacts with the Government of Lithuania.

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FINANCIAL TIMES

FINANCIAL TIMES SURVEY

Friday June 6 1997

BRISTOL

More pragmatic attitudes on all sides have resulted in partnerships and strategies working for the benefit of the city as a whole. Survey written by Roland Adburgham

New spirit of co-operation

A climb to the top of the 100 spiral steps of the John Cabot tower in the centre of Bristol gives an all-embracing view of the past, present and future of the regional capital of the west of England.

The setting makes the city one of the most fortunate in England: the Cotswolds lie to the north-east; the distant hills of south Wales to the west; and the Mendip Hills can be just glimpsed to the south. Then, below the tower, is the city's waterfront, once the source of its wealth and now its prime real-estate asset.

From these quaysides, a three-masted replica of Cabot's ship, the Matthew, set sail to Newfoundland last month to recreate his voyage of discovery of 500 years ago. Berthed in a dry dock is Brunel's iron steamship, the SS Great Britain, in its day the world's largest ship.

Imposing red-brick warehouses, once bonded tobacco stores, are a further reminder of the trading past. Adjoining the quays is the post-modern headquarters of Lloyds TSB Bank, symbolising the city's present-day status as a centre of financial services.

The future - or part of it - is also down on the waterfront: 68 acres renamed Harbourside are being transformed into a cultural, entertainment and commercial district to provide Bristol with a much-needed new heart. Harbourside has won £41m of lottery funding for its millennium projects of Science World and Wildscreen World, in a newly-created setting of public spaces.

A decision is imminent on whether the Arts Council will also provide Harbourside with £74m of funding towards a centre for the performing arts. If it does, the city will not only have a world-class concert hall but a landmark building for the 21st century to match its 19th century trademark - Brunel's suspension bridge.

That the Harbourside site lay semi-derelict for two decades illustrates the city's past difficulties in finding a sense of direction. That it is now to be redeveloped with such ambition is a mark of a new spirit in the city.

In part, this reflects confidence about the regional economy - forecasters expect the south-west to continue to be one of the UK's best performing areas. Bristol, the region's economic hub, has recovered well from the recession of the early 1990s. But, more than that, there is optimism that the city has the potential to raise its status within the UK and Europe.

"Bristol has a spring in its step, which it didn't have three or five years ago," says Mr David Marsh, of the Bristol law firm Burges Salmon. Lambert Smith Hampton, a firm of consultant surveyors, comments: "Bristol looks set to become a dominant regional force again."

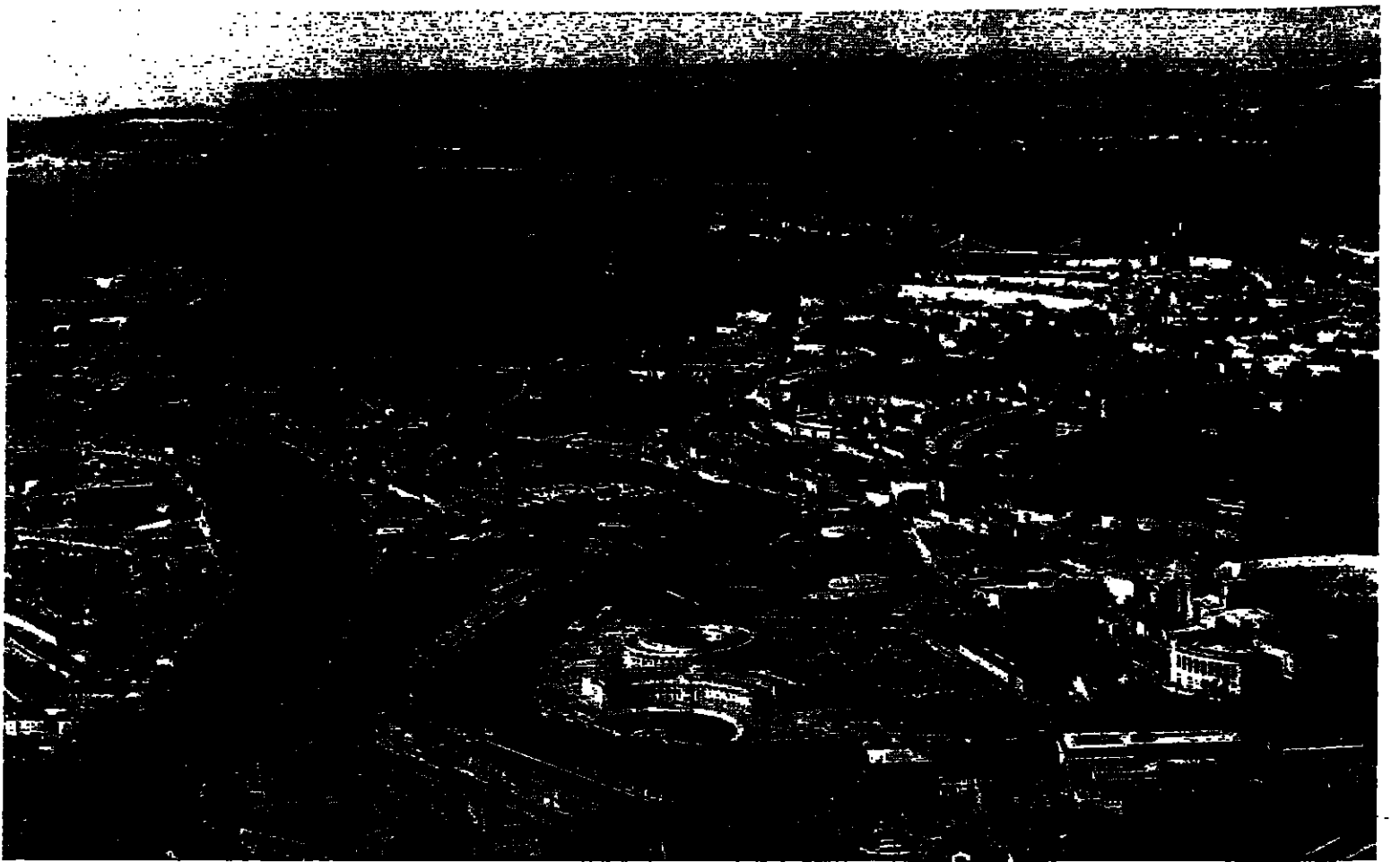
It is a city which companies and their staff have always found desirable. With a population of 400,000, it could be regarded as an ideal size - big enough to provide worthwhile careers, but with short commuter journeys and an agreeable lifestyle. Many newcomers, though,

found it failed to meet their expectations. It lacks some of the qualities of a leading city, such as top-class sports, entertainment and exhibition facilities. In contrast, its smaller near-neighbour Cardiff is able to host such events as next year's European summit and the 1999 rugby world cup.

Bristol, too, often seemed at odds with itself and suffered from mutual distrust between the Labour-controlled council and Conservative government. The government bypassed the council by funding urban renewal through the now defunct Bristol Development Corporation. Believing the public and private sectors would not work together, the government also rejected bids for City Challenge funding.

Whoever was to blame for this stand-off, it did make civic leaders realise that the city was losing ground. Business leaders formed the Bristol Initiative (since merged with the chamber of commerce) to stimulate action. The council, in turn, became pragmatic. Partnerships were initiated to address the city's needs and aspirations.

Three years ago, as part of a tentative move towards decentralisation, the Government Office for the South West was based in Bristol. Changed attitudes in the city were acknowledged when English Partnerships, the government's urban regeneration agency, took over the BDC's flagship site of Quay Point, now renamed Temple Quay, and agreed to pump-prime the Harbourside regeneration.



Bristol and its waterfront: Brunel's landmark suspension bridge (in the background) will be matched by a world-class 21st century concert hall if Arts Council funding allows

The millennium projects at Harbourside are being developed under an umbrella partnership called Bristol 2000. In all, the city has formed nearly 20 joint ventures between the public and private sectors. Bristol can claim with some justification that these are setting a model for other cities. Mr John Savage, chief executive of Bristol Chamber of Commerce & Initiative, emphasises that what is important is not the existence of such partnerships, but the fact that they achieve results.

Evidence of this is the Matthew project and last year's festival of the sea, which have promoted the city and encouraged tourism. A further example is the combined efforts to counter the "doughnut" effect, which has threatened to "hollow out" the centre. Traffic, parking and other difficulties caused employers

to relocate to business parks north of the city. In-town retailers also face competition from a regional shopping centre, Cribbs Causeway, due to open next year.

In response, joint steps are being taken to revitalise Broadmead, the city's shopping centre, and strategies are being devised to address other problems. There are signs that the city is once again being seen as a desirable place to be. Bristol & West, the former building society taken over by Bank of Ireland, which had considered moving its headquarters away from the centre, now intends to stay in-town. The population has started to rise.

Mr George Micklewright, leader of the council's Labour group, says: "A degree of confidence has grown up that we can make things happen." Ms Lucy de Groot, the council's chief

executive, agrees: "There's never been a lack of ideas or imagination, but in the past the city has failed to connect ideas with the reality and resources. Now, we have got very focused partnerships."

The council itself has taken on bigger responsibilities, with the abolition last year of Avon county council. The Conservative government replaced Avon and its district councils with four unitary authorities: Bristol, South Gloucestershire, North Somerset, and Bath & North-east Somerset.

Bristol had wanted to extend its historic boundaries to include more of the urban conurbation but that was rejected by the government. This decision raised fears that strategic planning would be hampered. So far, though, there appears a greater willingness to co-operate than in the days of Avon.

Before the reorganisation, the district council to the north of Bristol encouraged almost unbridled development, as if in competition with the city. But Mr Kevin Chidgey, economic development officer of the area's new council, South Gloucestershire, says: "We have to see ourselves as an integral part of the Bristol economy." Mr Micklewright comments: "There's a growing sense that we have a regional economy and that councils need to work together." The unitary authorities are jointly preparing a plan to achieve sustainable development over the next 15 years.

Like other UK cities, Bristol faces intractable urban problems, such as traffic congestion and housing estates with high unemployment and poor facilities. To avert the creation of a two-tier city - a prosperous layer

and one which is permanently impoverished - radical measures are needed but resources are hard to find.

For the current year, the council cut its budget by £15m to stay within government spending limits. Arguing that it spends less per head than other big English metropolitan areas, the council hopes the Labour government will be sympathetic to more equitable funding.

Whatever the outcome of that, there is agreement on the improved prospects for the city. Mr Mike Henry, president of Bristol Property Agents' Association, says: "There really is a tremendously strong feeling of confidence, evidenced by the activity taking place on the ground. Bristol is set fair."

Mr Savage agrees: "I think there is a deep-seated feeling that we are now a city for the 21st century."

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2 BRISTOL

INDUSTRY AND REGIONAL ECONOMY

Well placed for expansion

Unemployment has fallen sharply, investment is strong and the future looks good

In terms of industry, Bristol has never been a one-horse town. The variety of its manufacturing and services has helped to ensure that, if one type of business stumbles, another gains ground.

An obvious example, in the past two decades, is that job losses in traditional mainstays such as cigarette manufacturers and defence suppliers have been balanced by rapid growth in financial services. Even though the recession of the early 1990s took its toll, employment in that sector reached 10 per cent of the workforce by 1995 – a higher proportion than in Leeds or Birmingham.

Unemployment, post-recession, has fallen sharply. In the area of Bristol and the surrounding former county of Avon, there were 25,425 unemployed people in April, 5.1 per cent of the workforce – below the national average and 10,000 people fewer than a year before.

Westco, the area's training and enterprise council, reports concerns about hard-to-fill vacancies and the need to upgrade skills. But it comments: "The economy of the Avon area is well-placed. It has many of the advantages of a regional capital – major employers, higher education institutes and so on. It has a strong representation of key growth sectors and a sound base of export-orientated manufacturing firms."

Next week, on June 11 and 12, Bristol Chamber of Commerce & Initiative and Business Link West – the advisory and support service for companies – are organising a business fair to encourage job creation through networking and local sourcing. The chamber's latest quarterly survey found both manufacturing and service sectors performing well. On investment, it reported, "excellent figures reveal the region's entrepreneurs are demonstrating a very positive view of the future."

Over 40 per cent of the survey's respondents had taken on staff this year. An indication of the tightening labour market is that Office Angels, a recruitment consultancy, says blue-chip companies are recruiting heavily in the sectorial market.

Another sign of a resurgence comes from Osborne Clarke, one of Bristol's leading law firms. It reports that

last year it was involved in business deals valued at £1.3bn, almost four times the figure for the previous year. It was, the firm reports, "a hectic year of activity across the board, from flotations on the Alternative Investment Market and the official list, to management buyouts, mergers and acquisitions."

In financial services, the city is the home to such businesses as Sun Life, Bristol & West, NatWest Life, Lloyds TSB and Hargreaves Lansdown. Mr John Burke, chief executive of Bristol & West, claims: "The area has possibly the largest concentration of financial service expertise outside London."

Mr Tony Mahoney, manager of HSBC Trade Services in Bristol, says his office in the past year has seen a rapid increase in volumes of business. "People like to deal with a regional centre," he says. "If one were based in London, there wouldn't be the same quality of customer relations and one couldn't develop the business in the same way."

Mr David Marsh, of Burgess Salmon, a Bristol law firm which has grown in the past 25 years from six partners to 39, makes a similar point. He says regional professional firms can compete not only on cost, compared with London offices, but also on the "partner attention" given to clients. "We export a large proportion of our services outside the region and need a really high quality of staff," he says. "But we have no difficulty in attracting suitable staff – Bristol is a magnet to young people leaving London."

While the city region would welcome more headquarters operations, it does have such companies as Allied Domecq, whose brands include Harvey's Bristol Cream sherry; Imperial Tobacco, post-demerged from Hanson; Somerfield Stores, the supermarket chain; Matthew Clark, the drinks manufacturer; FirstBus, the transport group;

and Strachan & Henshaw, the Weir-owned specialist in materials handling.

There are strengths in aerospace and advanced engineering, with the plants of British Aerospace and Rolls-Royce, and in media-related industries. The city region has Telewest and Orange, the telecom companies; Division, a virtual reality company; CompuAdd, a PC maker; radio stations GWR and Galaxy; and the European research base of Hewlett Packard, the US computer group.

An innovation launched by Hewlett Packard, with Mail Marketing, a direct mail company, is the Bristol Internet Business Park. Aardman Animations, the Oscar-winning creators of Wallace and Gromit, is one of the local businesses to be found on the web site (<http://bristol.park.co.uk>).

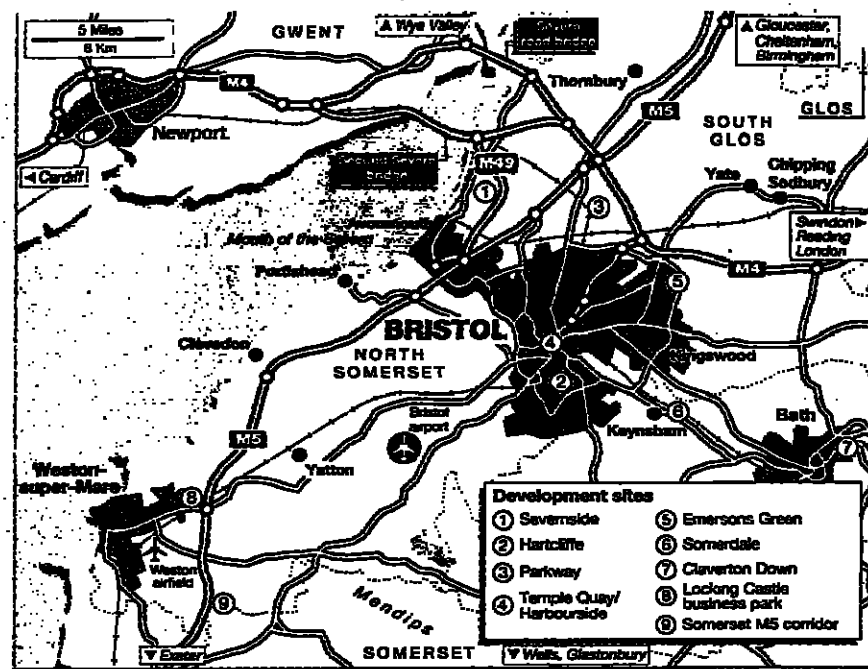
Professor Peter Gripealos, of Plymouth Business School, reports that the west of England's economy is growing quickly but warns the region not to rest on its laurels. He suggests that, as well as its vulnerability to defence cuts, "we are very likely to see a further major shakeout of jobs in insurance, banking and finance right across the region."

Although, he says, Bristol could gain if firms continue to rationalise their provincial operations by concentrating on the regional capital, it could also lose because of the high proportion of its workforce in the sector.

On an optimistic note, he says: "What is encouraging is that important parts of the region and Bristol, in particular, have shown an immense capability to restructure in response to economic shocks over centuries, and so there must be plenty of confidence that they can continue to do so in the future."

The South West Economy 1997. PEP Research & Consultancy Ltd, 21 Portland Villas, Plymouth PL1 6DX. £95.00.

INVESTMENT



Bristol population: 400,000

Geography
Bristol is 15 miles away from Bristol with a population of 85,000. In the surrounding area – the former county of Avon – there is a total population of about one million and 25,000 businesses. Bristol is 120 miles from London by the M4 motorway and two hours drive time from Heathrow airport.

Local government
Four unitary councils superseded Avon County Council and its district councils, which were abolished in 1996. The new authorities are: Bristol; Bath and North-east Somerset; South Gloucestershire; North Somerset.

Key addresses
Bristol Chamber of Commerce & Initiative/Business Link West, 16 Clifton Park, Bristol, BS8 3BY. Tel: 0117 973 7373
West of England Development Agency, PO Box 10, 5 Greenway Business Park, Salford, Cheltenham, Gloucestershire SN15 1ST. Tel: 01249 467010
Western Development Partnership, Redcliff Quay, 120 Redcliff St, Bristol BS1 6RL. Tel: 0117 929 8884

West Coast aspirations

The region needs to play to its strengths in attracting jobs and stimulating growth

"High quality of life and physical environment" is the area's unique selling point and the reason why inward investors are attracted and indigenous companies remain, prosper and diversify. So states this year's strategy for economic development co-ordinated by the Western Development Partnership, a public and private sector agency to regenerate the former county of Avon, encompassing Bristol, Bath and Weston-super-Mare.

The strategy doesn't sell itself short. It envisages developing the area "as one of the most prosperous and technically advanced in Europe, with a sustainable and diverse economy, providing jobs and the highest quality of life and physical environment."

Inward investment, as well as the nurturing of indigenous companies, is crucial to

this. Population growth fuelled by migration from south-east England has caused, on the WDP's calculations, a need for the creation of some 7,500 jobs a year just to maintain employment levels. The dilemma is how to create those jobs without damaging that valuable environment.

During the 1980s, the region found it easy to win relocations from south-east England. Weatherall, a property consultancy, comments: "As the recession broke, places such as Bristol were still complacent as to any need to compete to attract new employers." But narrowing cost differentials slowed relocations and the west performed poorly at winning foreign direct investment.

Since then, Weatherall says: "Attitudes have been changing and there is now greater understanding of the need to compete." The WDP was set up in 1993, followed two years ago by the West of England Development Agency which, with funding from the Department of Trade & Industry, seeks for-

region investment for the region's counties.

Efforts are beginning to pay off. Mr Martin Willey, chief executive of the WDP, says: "Inquiry levels are up enormously – some 800 inquiries in the year to March, and there have been 200 companies located or relocated and about 5,000 jobs sustained or created."

The latest proposal is the Labour government's plan to establish in 1999 a regional development agency for the south-west, as in other parts of England, to match the muscle of the Scottish and Welsh development agencies. It is not yet known how this will relate to existing agencies. But there is a need to rationalise the multifarious efforts to stimulate economic growth and investment.

One handicap for the west is that it cannot offer the grants available in neighbouring south Wales, which helped that country capture the £1.7bn project by LG, the South Korean electronics

group. LG will create 6,100 direct jobs and although this increases competition for labour, it also means opportunities for contractors and suppliers.

In this sense, the west could benefit by being part of a national economic zone straddling the Severn estuary. The west, though, has a different agenda to that of Wales. If it wants to present itself as dynamic and successful, it could be counter-productive to argue it needs grants to persuade companies to relocate there. Nor does it want to create low-value jobs which would only add to the pressures on land and resources.

Instead, the region needs to play to its strengths. It should capitalise on its modern industrial and commercial base, its three universities, the fast access to London and other parts of the UK, and the fact that it has the housing, schools and environment to attract senior staff.

Sights are set on targeting overseas companies which can create high-value jobs in growth sectors in which the

region excels, such as aerospace and advanced engineering, telecoms and medical products. City regions such as Seattle and San Francisco are identified as having synergies with the west of England.

Sweb, the regional electricity and gas supplier taken over by Southern Electric of the US in 1995, is supporting such efforts. "If our customers do well, we do well," says Mr Derek Lickorish of Sweb. The utility has just invested £80,000 in producing a CD-Rom, aimed at potential US investors, to promote the south-west as the "gateway to Europe".

An example of the impetus being given to collaboration was a trade mission from Bristol to Seattle in March which was reciprocated last month when a 90-strong delegation came from Washington State.

Mr Peter Connor, chief executive of WEDA, says: "The west of England has gone through a process of self-discovery about the number of international companies already here – we have now identified over 1,000 and many of these are in key growth sectors. Our whole strategy is to develop strong alliances with similar locations overseas."

"We have a world-class cluster of high technology skills and the essential components of a high-quality life and a marvellous strategic location," he says. "We have the ingredients for those clusters to grow into a leading region of Europe."

Dr Marion Jackson, editor of the West of England Economic Bulletin, points out that the region's location can be both a strength and weakness. "As a strength the region could grow as the western port of entry to the EU, and build on its similarities to the west coast of the US."

"But, if the core of economic activity in the E shifts to the east as no states join in, it could be in danger of becoming a remote fringe region." Wb: is most important, stresses, is that "the future of the region will depend on the quality and productivity of the labour force".

TRANSPORT

Sell off, then take off

The council has decided to privatise the airport to finance expansion plans

A relaunch last week of Bristol airport, renaming it Bristol International Airport, might sound more image than substance. But it shows that an aggressive approach is being taken to counter what business people have long regarded as a serious drawback to the region: its air services.

In a recent survey for the south-west region of the Confederation of British Industry, most executives believed a lack of choice in air transport was holding back the region's competitiveness.

The CBI and KPMG, the accountancy firm, are undertaking a further survey of 750 executives to help move the debate forward, says Ms Sue Boyd, the CBI's regional director.

Many business people were taken aback last year by the Conservative government's refusal to allow British Aerospace to develop its airfield at Filton, north Bristol, as a commercial airport. Filton is close to the motorways and mainline railway in contrast to the existing airport, in the green belt at Lulsgate south of the city.

Bae is awaiting the result of a judicial appeal held last month. Meanwhile, Bristol council, which owns the profitable Bristol International, has decided to sell a majority stake to finance the airport's expansion. Passenger traffic grew to nearly 1.5m last year and it is intended to start work this year on a bigger £20m terminal and to upgrade the instrument landing systems.

The sale is expected later this year.

Plans to improve services are also going ahead. Brymon Airways, a British Airways subsidiary which uses Bristol as its operational hub, recently committed itself to the airport for the next five years. The airline has increased the frequency of its services, with its busiest routes being Glasgow, Edinburgh and Paris. Earlier this year, it started an experimental service to London's Gatwick. Another airline, Ryanair, has started services to Dublin.

Mr Gareth Kirkwood, Brymon's managing director, says: "We considered our options and looked at the airport's actual and perceived inadequacies. We found a most enlightened response from the management and we have found a common agenda for improvements."

Brymon has a fleet of Dash-8 aircraft but Mr Kirkwood says: "We are looking seriously at the possibility of some routes being served by regional jets." What is not on the agenda, for the foreseeable future, are long-haul scheduled services. For those, what Bristol would like is a direct rail link to London's Heathrow.

The council's decision partially to privatise the airport is a sign of how its attitude has changed from its past days of "if we own it, we keep it." In 1991, it privatised its port at Avonmouth and Portbury. Freed from the shackles of public sector finance, the port has flourished. About £200m of investment has led to annual revenue increasing by 77 per cent to £38m, with volumes rising by 52 per cent to 7m tonnes. The port has become a leading UK import/export terminal for vehicles.



Artist's impression of the new terminal at Bristol airport

Nearby, Burford Western Estates plans to have a multimodal railfreight terminal and hopes to have an agreement with an operator by December.

For rail and road, Bristol has both pluses and minuses. It benefits by having mainline railways and the M4 and M5 motorways, providing fast routes to

much of the UK. But row around the city are congested, especially to the north where most road development has taken place.

In the city centre, much the traffic doesn't need to be there, but cannot easily avoid it.

Park and ride schemes a having some impact (reducing car use and are schemes to improve traffic management by such means as "intelligent signage"). What is essential, though, is to make public transport a better alternative. A consortium is drawing up plans for a rapid transit system which, if materialises, would be of answer.

Western Approach Distribution Park
Bristol - 220,000 sq m

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REGENERATION AT HARBOURSIDE

Harmony on the waterfront

Lottery funding has ensured the go-ahead for an entertainment and cultural centre

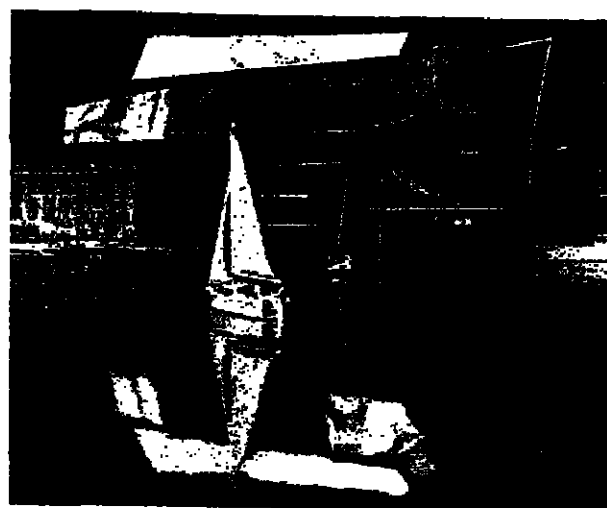
"Awesome and inspiring - let's make it happen!"

"A development that will at long last give Bristol something to shout about."

Comments in the visitors' book at an exhibition of Bristol's plans to revitalise its waterfront are equal in enthusiasm to those of property agents, who proclaim it to be one of the top 10 sites in Europe for urban regeneration.

Called Harbourside, the project is to create an entirely new centre for culture, education and entertainment, envisaged to be a top destination for visitors from south-west of England and far beyond. Lottery funding has already ensured much of the scheme will happen, while a decision on Arts Council funding is imminent for the spectacular showpiece - a £100m centre for the performing arts.

National interest in Harbourside, and in the cross-sector partnerships which have brought it about, was shown by a conference held this week by the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors. The project is expected to attract nearly £400m of investment and create 3,000



Model of the planned centre for the performing arts

permanent jobs. The promoters calculate that, in addition to the expenditure during construction, £20m a year will be generated in the local economy.

In all, the scheme encompasses 66 acres around the floating harbour built in the early 19th century to maintain high water in the city's docks. As commercial shipping declined in the 1960s, so the docklands became semi-desert.

Its complex ownership hindered efforts to find new uses, although at the end of the 1980s Lloyds Bank took a substantial slice of land for an impressive headquarters.

While the city could be blamed for allowing such a

waterfront site to stagnate, the delay has proved fortunate. Lottery funding has made it possible to have a much more imaginative development than would otherwise have been the case.

Four years ago, encouraged by the Bristol Chamber of Commerce & Initiative, the landowners - the city council, British Gas, British Rail, JT Group and Lloyds - were brought together in a Harbourside sponsors' group to draw up plans. A design framework was prepared by Concept Planning Group, a consortium of local architects.

Since then, English Partnerships, the government's regeneration agency, has

joined the sponsors' group and is investing £18m in infrastructure work. Mr Ken Johnson, the agency's projects director in Bristol, calls it "one of the most exciting waterfront sites in England by any stretch of the imagination".

A partnership called Bristol 2000, headed by Mr Nicholas Hood, chairman of Wessex Water, has sponsored three elements of the scheme which have won £41m from the Millennium Commission towards their total cost of £28m. These elements are:

● Wildscreen World, designed by Sir Michael Hopkins & Partners, will be a wildlife and environment centre with what is billed to be the world's first "electronic zoo". A large-format cinema will show natural history films - Bristol has an international reputation for their production.

● Science World, designed by Chris Wilkinson Architects. It will be an interactive "hands-on" centre designed to demystify science and technology.

● Landscaped spaces and squares with public art.

A separate bid for £74m has been made to the Arts Council towards the cost of the centre for the performing arts. The centre's board, which is chaired by Mr Louis Sherwood, head of the television company HTV, intends to create the south-west's

premier arts venue. It will house a concert hall to seat up to 2,300 people and a 450-seater dance theatre, which would also host jazz, popular music and community events.

The innovative design, by the Stuttgart-based practice of Behnisch & Partners, has been called an "exploding greenhouse", with planes of glass reflecting light, sky and water. Certainly, it would be one of the most eye-catching buildings in the UK.

If Arts Council funding is forthcoming, the centre will open in 2001. "The whole business community is behind this bid," says Mr John Savage, chief executive of the Chamber of Commerce & Initiative. "We will see cultural activity playing a crucial role in the economic renewal of the heart of the city."

In addition, there are plans at Harbourside for 650,000 sq ft of office space and about 750 homes. Developers have been shortlisted for Newfoundland Place, a 5.7 acre site earmarked as a business quarter. A bid for lottery money is also being made for a Millennium Mile, a promenade to stretch from Brunel's Temple Meads station to his ship SS Great Britain.

If all the pieces come together, Bristol can expect to have a city centre to rival any in England.



The three-masted replica of John Cabot's ship, the Matthew, under Clifton suspension bridge after setting sail last month for Newfoundland, recreating Cabot's voyage of discovery 500 years ago

PROPERTY MARKET

Increased demand on all sides

Out of town development has been a catalyst for a city centre retail and office revival

Six miles north-west of central Bristol work is proceeding apace on the 80-acre two-storey mall of what will be one of the UK's largest regional shopping centres.

Cribbs Causeway will have 725,000 sq ft of retail space and parking for more than 7,000 cars, alongside an existing zone of retail warehouses. On a greenfield out-of-town site, it has been one of the most contentious planning issues in the region since first mooted a dozen years ago.

The centre, jointly developed by Prudential Assurance and J. T. Baylis at a cost of about £200m, is due to open next spring. Last week, construction was completed of a 145,000 sq ft Marks & Spencer store. A second store of 230,000 sq ft will be occupied by John Lewis, the department store group. As well, there will be 130 shops and an entertain-

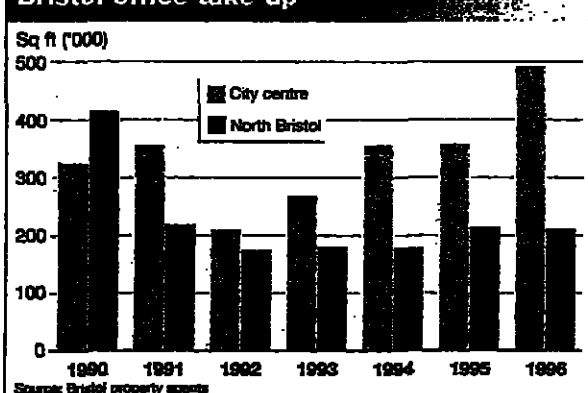
ment complex. Property agents Osmond Tricks says there has been "phenomenal demand". According to Prudential, about 80 per cent of the shops are already pre-let with rentals reaching £250 per sq ft.

Mr Graham Maskell, Prudential's development director, says: "This is the best retail location in the south-west with a superb catchment population." There are estimated to be 4m people living within one hour's drive time.

The main impact, though, is expected to be upon central Bristol. For a long time, it was feared the effect would be entirely negative - especially when John Lewis decided it would, on moving to Cribbs Causeway, close its store in Broadmead, the city's dated shopping centre.

What Cribbs Causeway did have, instead, was a catalytic effect upon the city council. Broadmead's main but hitherto passive landowners, and the private sector. A joint board of management was set up and its efforts to revitalise Broadmead were rewarded when Bentalls, the department

Bristol office take-up



Source: Bristol Property Agents

store group, chose to buy the John Lewis site and spend heavily on its refurbishment.

Meanwhile, M&S is investing in its own Broadmead store and, last November, the Swedish home furnishings group Ikea struck a deal for a store in central Bristol.

The retail revival in the city is reflected in the office market. Although there is still a big overhang of secondary space, property take-up in the centre outperformed out of town locations last year. "The future of the city as a thriving commercial area would seem to be

confirmed," says King Sturge, a property consultancy.

Total take-up of office space in greater Bristol last year was the highest since 1990, up 42 per cent on 1995. Mr Mike Henry, of Chestertons and president of Bristol Property Agents Association, says the market has seen "a real resurgence of confidence" helped by Harbourside and Temple Quay, the city's two big regeneration schemes.

Bristol, he says, has always been a desired destination for companies. That

had been tempered with the difficulties of getting sites and of doing business with the council. Now, he says, there is a good dialogue between the property sector and local authority, which is a "positively businesslike approach. There is a very different atmosphere."

Elsewhere in the region, there is further evidence of an upsurge in property activity. A year ago, the £200m second Severn crossing opened, easing road access to south Wales. On the English side, the bridge is stimulating development at Avonmouth and Severnside, near the M4 and M5 motorways.

ICL, the chemicals group, has planning consent there for manufacturing, offices and warehousing on no fewer than 1,500 acres. Named Western Approach, the ICL land is described by Mr Ned Cussen of King Sturge as a "site of national significance".

The first phase has seen Great Mills, a stores group, and Matthew Clark, the drinks manufacturer, establish distribution centres. A junction to improve motor-

way access is expected to open in late 1999.

Nearby at Avonmouth, Burford Western Estates has prepared a master plan for 452 acres acquired from RTZ Estates. Named Cabot Park, it is planned to have a "business village", distribution park and railfreight terminal. Further south, the M5 Somerset Consortium has been formed to promote development sites down the motorway towards Weston-super-Mare and Taunton.

In north Bristol, the Ministry of Defence last year opened a vast headquarters for its procurement executive, employing 5,000 people. Chesterton, the property consultants, says it has been "bombarded" by inquiries from defence industry suppliers in the UK and overseas who want to be within striking distance.

It was parking difficulties and traffic congestion in central Bristol which helped to stimulate much of the development on the northern fringe. Ironically, the consequence is that those roads are often overloaded - which may persuade more companies to stay in the centre.

Complementary development at Temple Quay

Temple Quay, next to Temple Meads railway station in central Bristol, is a scruffy 23-acre site with a troubled past but, it is expected, a much brighter future.

Intended to be a new business quarter, it was the flagship project of the Bristol Development Corporation, which called it Quay Point.

But the BDC, having assembled the site by 1992 with compulsory purchase orders, failed to get development under way before it was itself wound up early last year.

English Partnerships, the government's urban regeneration agency, bought the land, renamed it, and is spending £7m on site and access work. Its plan, with Castlemead Securities acting as development agent, is for up to 800,000 sq ft of headquarters offices plus leisure and retail space. A

10,000 seater arena is a possibility.

Bristol & West, the building society taken over this year by Bank of Ireland, has Temple Quay as its preferred location for a tailor-made headquarters. British Telecom is also considering it for a regional base.

Mr Ken Johnson, English Partnerships' project director in Bristol, says Temple Quay will not be an "office ghetto" but have a pleasant environment with restaurants, shops and waterfront walks.

Part of the problems with Quay Point were that the BDC's concept conflicted with the plans for Bristol's other big regeneration site at Harbourside. But English Partnerships, unlike the BDC, is also a partner in Harbourside and Mr Johnson sees it as essential to ensure the two schemes are complementary.

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TENDER ENQUIRY NO. PRE-1/AN/07-11/97/87

- Oil & Gas Development Corporation (OGDC) a statutory corporation of Pakistan, the Operator of Qadirpur Joint venture is undertaking a development project at its Qadirpur Field. The field is located in the north of the Sindh province, some 80 KM northeast of Sukkur.
- The project consisting of two Phases I & II inter-alia includes the installation of gas purification (CO₂ removal reducing CO₂ content from 6.5 mole % to 2.0 mole %), an extensive pipeline gathering systems with more than half the wells located on the River Indus flood plain. The facilities are required to produce up to 400 MMcf of sales gas plus a nominal quantity of condensate 800 bpd and 2000 bpd of water.
- Phase-I (designed for 235 MMscfd sales gas) of the project has been under commissioning; which comprises of a processing plant consisting of two parallel trains, two headers and flow-lines connecting eight (08) wells. Under Phase-II processing capacity is to be enhanced by additional 165 MMscfd sales gas and integrated into the existing facility of Phase-I. Since recently the reservoir has started producing H₂S in small quantity (PPM), H₂S removal is also foreseen. The contract for Phase-II is expected to be awarded by third quarter/fourth quarter 1997 with an envisaged construction period of 17 to 21 months.
- Reputable entities who are capable of performing detailed engineering, manufacturing, supply, installation, testing and commissioning of the plant, utilities and all offsite facilities and who have successfully performed the same kind of jobs in the recent past World-wide, are invited for **PRE-QUALIFICATION AS EPC CONTRACTOR** for Qadirpur Phase-II Project. The pre-qualified bidders are required to offer, supplier credit/export facility/commercial funding for 75% of the foreign currency cost of Phase-II development.
- Prospective contractors may obtain the pre-qualification documents (PQD) from 03 June 1997 to 19 June 1997 from the following on payment of non-refundable pay order/bank draft in favour of Oil & Gas Development Corporation for the amount of Rs. 80,000 (Rupees Eighty Thousand) or US \$ 2,000 (US \$ Two Thousand). No request for dispatch of pre-qualification documents by post/courier service etc. shall be entertained.

AGM (Finance)
Oil & Gas Development Corporation,
Markaz F-8, Islamabad Pakistan,
Tele: 5692 OGDC PK
Fax: 92-051-858939

- Last date for submission of PQ proposals (PQD) by the prospective contractors is 15 July, 1997.

Invitation to Tender

Provision of Internal Audit Services

The City Council intends to seek tenders from suitably qualified firms for provision of the Internal Audit Service. The contract will start on 1 April 1998 and will run for 5 or 7 years.
Firms wishing to be considered for the tender should submit their expressions of interest by 12 noon on 11 July 1997 to: Mr Roger Allard, Contracts and Audit Controller, Chief Executive's Department, City Hall, 64 Victoria Street, London SW1E 6QP. Tel no. 0171 641 2326.

Firms should include the following information:

- Company name, registration number, trading address and registered office (if a subsidiary company, also the name and address of the parent company).
 - Description of the company and its main business areas.
 - Names and addresses of three referees from whom references may be sought regarding the company's experience and ability to undertake relevant internal audit work.
 - A statement showing a list of other relevant internal audit work, carried out over the last three years including contract dates, values and client names.
 - A set of audited accounts for the last three years (if a subsidiary company, submit these accounts as well as consolidated accounts). For partnerships, a statement of their accounts for the last 3 years.
 - Name and details of the manager who would be responsible for the tender submission and who, if successful, would be the contract manager.
 - Details of the quality assurance measures and self monitoring procedures to be used in delivery of the services.
 - Any other relevant information regarding the firm's ability and experience to carry out the internal audit service.
- From 9 June 1997 to 11 July 1997 inclusive, except Saturdays and Sundays and Bank Holidays, any person may inspect the detailed specification and contract documentation for this service free of charge on application to the reception at One Stop Services, City Hall, 64 Victoria Street, London SW1E 6QP. During this same period any person will be supplied with a copy of the detailed specification and contract documentation on request to Roger Allard, and on payment of the sum of £150. This sum will be returned to firms who are invited to tender and submit a bona fide tender.
The City Council intends to invite tenders on or about 12 September 1997 with an anticipated closing date of 14 November 1997.
The City Council is also tendering the Parking Permit (Investigations) Contract and firms expressing an interest in the internal audit contract are also invited to express an interest in this contract by contacting Steve Quiller on 0171 641 1897 for details and responding in writing to him by 4 July 1997.

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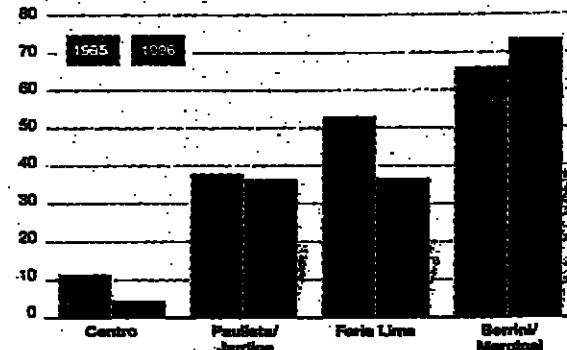
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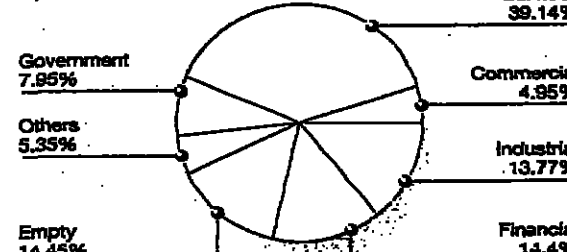
Jonathan Wheatley on
central São Paulo's ambition

São Paulo: attractive to developers

New office stock ('000 sq m)



Type of occupation



Source: Secretaria de Inovação do Estado de São Paulo

When a bank hires plain-clothes guards to ensure that its employees can walk unmolested from the metro station to the office, you might think this area of the city had no future as a business district.

In the case of the city centre of São Paulo, the balance of opinion is that you would probably be right. The old business district, with its stylish mixture of monolithic turn-of-the-century headquarters buildings and sleek, modernist office towers, has been losing its appeal for the past three decades.

In the 1960s, its crowded streets and lack of building space led many banks and companies to move to Avenida Paulista, until then a peaceful boulevard lined with the mansions of rich merchants on the saddle of a hill overlooking the centre.

As Paulista filled up with office blocks, new building spread further, first to the area surrounding Avenida Faria Lima, at the bottom of the hill away from the centre, and most recently beyond there to the banks of the River Pinheiros in an area known as Berrini or Marginal.

Mr Erich Schumann, a director of Bank of Boston's Brazilian subsidiary, says the cycle is complete and companies are starting to return to the centre. Banco de Boston has had its headquarters there, in an eye-catching, green-glazed building, for 46 years.

It is one of the most active members of an association, Viva Centro, dedicated to revitalising the old business district. The bank's provision of plain-clothes guards, who have rescued employees of other companies from pick-pockets and other less subtle irritants, is one of many initiatives it hopes will attract more businesses. This is a fine ambition but, in the medium term at least, its chances of success appear limited.

If it does fail, it will not be for lack of companies looking for commercial property in São Paulo, which has received a double boost from Brazil's new economic stability. Returning confidence has allowed the resumption of a string of construction projects started in the 1980s and abandoned in the chaos

of high inflation. Many new developments are also under way.

At the same time, the city has seen its focus shift from manufacturing to service industries. As Brazil has opened its markets, the need to compete has led many manufacturers to relocate to out-of-town sites. Meanwhile, most multinational companies setting up in Brazil have instinctively chosen São Paulo for their administrative headquarters.

"Multinational companies arriving here are demanding the AA-class office space they are used to overseas," says Mr Paul Weeks of Bolsa de Imóveis do Estado de São Paulo, a property developer. His company is one of a handful of big developers building a huge volume of office space in the Berrini area.

International developers -

such as Tishman Speyer, which has formed a joint venture with M&P, a Brazilian construction company, and Turner, working with a local developer, Birmann - and architects, such as Skidmore, Owings & Merrill, are also active in the area.

São Paulo offers attractive conditions for developers. The average price of land, at about \$3,000 per square metre, is among the lowest of the world's big cities, while the available building space, at about 6m sq m, is quite limited. Projects begun now could reach the market as it begins to run out of space.

Land prices vary widely, however. In Berrini asking prices range between \$1,200 and \$4,000/sq m, according to Bolsa de Imóveis. Land is cheapest in the centre, at between \$500 and \$2,500, and most expensive in Paulista,

where Bolsa de Imóveis says it varies from \$1,200 to \$4,800, although the owners of one vacant lot are said to be asking \$10,000/sq m.

For companies in the market for AA space, the Berrini region undoubtedly offers the widest choice at the best price. The area has its disadvantages, however: extreme traffic congestion, occasional flooding and poor public transport. This should change in the next few years, if authorities fulfil their promise of bringing the metro system to the area.

For the present, too, it is a soulless place to work, with little in the way of shops, restaurants, while the prevailing style of architecture in particular some unfortunate attempts to imitate international post-modernism, may not appeal to all.

Paulista and Faria Lima share similar standards of buildings and services. Paulista is better served by the metro and has an abundance of shops and restaurants although many offices are dated and there is very little AA-class stock. Faria Lima has poorer transport, probably better amenities and certainly more modern offices.

Mr Schumann at Banco de Boston insists that the centre is a viable alternative. The bank is about to complete the refurbishment of neighbouring building bought to satisfy a need for 10,000 sq m of new space. The building, refurbishment and fitting, including imported furniture, cost \$30m; \$3,000/sq m for a class space.

"We have an emotional attachment to the centre, course, but the decision put our new office here is purely an economic one," says. "If we had built a building in Berrini it would have cost us 20 per cent more."

New building regulations will allow more developments of the centre. However, critics say that metro and services, while coping with present, will not support much expansion.

"São Paulo needs to learn from cities like London which yuppified its old houses to bring residents before business users, Louisiana, which used to revitalise its centre," says Mr Weeks at Bolsa de Imóveis. "The centre of São Paulo will recover, but in the next 10 or 15 years

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A new lease of life for Garsington

As the season opens, Andrew Clark reports on a home-grown opera company

The overhead canopy is in place, the tea-cup cleared from the loggia, the wine cellar now doubles as a changing room. But there is no longer anything makeshift about Garsington Opera, the summer festival run by Leonard Ingrams in the gardens of his Oxfordshire home. In February the local planning authority finally gave the festival a long-term licence, over-riding objections from village neighbours and ending the precarious year-to-year existence under which Ingrams had been forced to operate.

On Monday, Garsington Opera's ninth season opens with Haydn's little-known *Le pescatore* (The Fisher Woman). Moments before curtain-up, Ingrams will give his customary beginning-of-term speech, thanking his black-tie audience for their support and asking them kindly to leave the grounds by 11pm. After the performance, a select few will be invited to join Ingrams, his wife and the cast for a glass of champagne in the 17th-century manor house. There will be ample cause for celebration: the Ingrams' home-grown opera company is at last a permanent fixture.

Garsington Opera's new lease of life means more than respite from village feuds and legal bills, which landed the company with a £150,000 deficit. It represents a challenge: Ingrams must win over critics who have accused him of cosy amateurism. That should not be difficult. For the first time since he started presenting opera in 1988, Ingrams can make long-term plans, offering contracts to casts and production teams before they get snapped up elsewhere. The quality of most Garsington productions was already more than acceptable. That standard can now be consolidated.

Ingrams, 55, is an unlikely impresario. Although his involvement in music extends back to his days as a violinist in the National Youth Orchestra, it is as a financier that he has made his way in the world. He worked for Barings overseas before returning to the UK in 1982 as a director of Robert Fleming. That was when he bought Garsington Manor, renowned for its Bloomsbury associations and its gardens. Spurred by the success of some private concerts, Ingrams hosted the UK stage premiere of

Haydn's *Orlando paladino* in 1990. The following summer, Garsington mounted two productions of its own. Despite its rapid growth, there is only one full-time employee, the £950,000 budget is much smaller than other opera festivals and the auditorium seats a mere 400. Since retiring from Flemings last year, Ingrams has been working for the Arab Banking Corporation in Bahrain. Operatic forward-planning, auditions and meetings with sponsors have to be fitted into visits home, and he is absent for most of the rehearsal period.

This means putting enormous trust in the conductors and producers he has chosen - a situation that has led to occasional *faux-pas*, which an omnipresent artistic director might have foreseen. But calculated risks seem part of Garsington's ethos. Over the years it has introduced some excellent young singers to UK audiences, and its run of British stage premieres continues later this month with Strauss's *Die ägyptische Helena*.

Garsington could not contemplate such rarities without a bedrock of audience support. With a Friends' waiting list of seven years, the season regularly sells out by mid-April: tickets (£70-£90) account for 60 per cent of turnover. The rest comes from the Friends organisation and sponsors, many of whom find Garsington's upmarket atmosphere and *à la carte* intimacy preferable to the crowds at "new" Glyndebourne.

Ingrams has ruled out a permanent theatre - it would be hard to improve on the magical midsummer dusk which informs Garsington's performances - and anything longer than a three-week festival would harm the gardens. However, there are plans to provide proper dressing rooms and improve the seating. Next summer Garsington will stage its first Verdi, *Falstaff*, alongside Mozart's *Lucio Silla* and Rossini's *La pietra della paragona*. Once the deficit is reduced, Ingrams may be tempted to commission a new opera.

For the next three weeks, Ingrams has more immediate preoccupations, as cast, chorus, stagehands and musicians traipse through the house from dawn till



past midnight. *Die ägyptische Helena* will appeal to connoisseurs: with Edgar Howarth conducting a cast led by Susan Bullock and Helen Field, the musical quality seems guaranteed - though the choice of David Fielding as director-designer is less inspiring. A young Spanish mezzo, Silvia Tro Santafé, makes her UK debut as Desdemona in Ian Judge's staging of *Così fan tutte*, an obvious choice for society opera buffs and corporate entertainers. And Wasil Kani, an Ingrams protégée, returns to conduct *Le pescatore*, a *dramma giocoso* with a plot similar to *Così*.

Unlike previous operas in his Haydn series, Garsington has had to dig around to come up with a

complete score: the vocal and orchestral parts were destroyed in a fire at Esterházy in 1779, nine years after the opera was premiered there, and only three-quarters of Haydn's autograph survives. Instead of using the modern reconstruction by H.C. Robbins Landon, Garsington has drawn up its own edition with the help of British musicologist Charles Hattrell. His solution, using the original libretto, has been to fill the missing arias with music from other Haydn works. But Ingrams is chuffed that Garsington's audiences will be the first in two centuries to hear the recently re-discovered overture.

In contrast to last summer, when

the planning inquiry cast a cloud, Ingrams is beginning his 1997 season in a decidedly upbeat mood. He may not be an English eccentric in the mould of Sir John Christie, but he finds the comparison with Glyndebourne flattering. He says that "like the Christies, we're a musical family that wanted to have opera at home - and it is nice to see people enjoying themselves. We don't have a proper stage here, but we like to think we're serious." Most visitors to Garsington are inclined to agree.

Garsington (01865-361636) features in the FT International guide to summer festivals, published in tomorrow's paper.

Sponsorship/Antony Thorncroft

Money goes up in smoke

No one in government seems to have appreciated that the proposed ban on tobacco advertising and promotion could affect the arts by reducing arts sponsorship. In practice the arts have shaken off most of their ties with tobacco. But the industry still provides the arts with around £1.5m a year, mostly through corporate membership schemes and advertising in programmes. In fact, when the Association for Business Sponsorship of the Arts was founded in the late 1970s the tobacco companies were prime movers.

Over the years, however, the arts have become a non-smoking zone, and when institutions such as the National Portrait Gallery banned smoking from its premises it also said goodbye to tobacco sponsors: John Player had been the first backer of the NPG's annual portrait prize.

Now only in Ulster is tobacco sponsorship important. The Ulster Orchestra relies heavily on Gallaher, but would Gallaher be banned from supporting the orchestra under any new law? There is no "Gallaher" brand. And how would the legislation affect companies like BATs, which supports Glyndebourne and the Royal Academy, but at a corporate level? And what about Cartier, which has a cigarette brand but is much more besides, and Dunhill, which links its arts sponsorship to luxury goods rather than tobacco? The feeling is that this legislation has been badly thought through.

ABSA has issued a strong statement against the move. Its main concern is not the immediate danger of arts companies losing minimal tobacco sponsorship, but the wider implications. If the passion for censorship extended to alcohol the arts would be in real trouble.

ABSA showed its support for good sponsorship whatever the orientation of the sponsor by nominating Gallaher to the short-list for the long-term development prize in the annual ABSA awards, which are sponsored by the FT. Gallaher has contributed over £1m over 17 years to the Ulster Orchestra Society.

The FT/ABSA Awards, to be presented at Shakespeare's Globe on Bankside on June 30, recognise the most impressive sponsorship of the past 12 months. There were well over 450 nominations for the dozen awards, and winning a prize is important: it silences the philistines on the corporate board who think arts sponsorship is a waste of time and money.

Along with big committed companies on the short-list, like Allied Domecq, Sainsbury, Guinness, Manchester Airport, IBM, and the Royal Bank of Scotland, there are the unexpected names of the new converts.

This year the prize for the most imaginative first-time sponsor matches two tiny operations. Orange makes the list for its women-only book prize, which has

aroused great controversy, and Visa International, which put £200,000 behind the London Film Festival, gets quick recognition. They are up against two very different first-time sponsors, the picture-frame dealer Paul Mitchell, who seized the chance to back an exhibition of frames through the ages organised by the National Portrait Gallery, and the Wyndham House Residential Care Home, which spent £14,000 over two years to enable the Green Candle Company, all of whose performers are over 45, hold workshops in its home as part of the King's Lynn festival.

Another category in which the big Ernst & Young competes with the small, Coats Crafts UK and The Irish News, comes in the single project category. Ernst & Young invested around £1m in the Oceans exhibition at the Tate, Coats Crafts nearer £10,000 in helping "The Art of the Stitch" at the Embroiderer's Guild. The Irish News put money behind a production of *The Merchant of Venice* at the Lyric Theatre, Belfast.

Sponsorship by small businesses always attracts keen competition, and this year an undertaker, Balmbridge & Barnes, which sponsored a concert at the Ryedale festival, is up against Eusors Chartered Accountants, which enabled Wingfield Arts in Suffolk to tour villages with the London Mozart Players; estate agents Gordon & Keenes backed the local 198 Gallery in Exeter; and Risk Publications, which supported the Wigmore Hall.

There are only two short-listed companies in the youth sponsorship section: Filk-Flak, the children's watch company, for helping the Polka Theatre for Children and SEMA Group, the information technology company which aided the Royal Northern College of Music.

With the new government anxious to encourage business support for the arts, the FT/ABSA awards have rarely been more important. After a period in which the marketing men took over, the traditional themes of business investing in the community are back in favour. The awards reflect such imperatives.

BMW (GB) is returning to the South Bank with the sponsorship of *Objects of Desire: The Modern Still Life*, which opens at the Hayward Gallery on October 9. This exhibition of 20th-century still lifes, ranging from Cézanne to Andy Warhol, is currently at MOMA in New York. The sponsorship is worth around £150,000. A BMW 23 on the concourse will be a particularly desirable exhibit.

Another wing of BMW, Financial Services (GB), is committing £200,000 over three years to the Serpentine Gallery in Hyde Park. Its first show is Pietro Manzoni in November. It is also supporting an exhibition featuring the work of five contemporary Scottish and five German artists at the Scottish National Gallery.

Berlin's three opera houses provide superior fare as a matter of course - but a recent incident involving one drunken fool showed how swiftly all that can be pushed into the background. During the Deutsche Oper's visit to Israel, its principal double-bass signed a Tel Aviv bar chit "Adolf Hitler". He then tried to make everything all right by explaining it was a joke. This incident not only disfigured the company's visit, but did much to destroy at least a decade's efforts to use music's international language to cultivate friendship between Israel and post-Hitler Germany.

Setting aside that calamity, Berlin has had much to make Germany's future capital operatically alluring. One of the chief attractions has been the Komische Oper's new production of Tchaikovsky's *The Queen of Spades*, brilliantly conducted by Yakov Kreiz-

Opera in Berlin/Paul Moor

That cunning old countess

berg. Harry Kupfer played less fast-and-loose with the libretto than usual, and concentrated on squeezing all possible suspense out of the absurd mathematical premise that lies at the heart of Pushkin's plot. Designer Hans Schavernoch turned the stage into one huge sloping card table, which broke up into segments, making choral entrances and exits feasible in a matter of seconds. Eleonore Kiebler's black-and-white costumes emphasised pre-revolutionary Russian elegance.

Dramatically as well as vocally, Sabine Passow stood out as Lisa, but Anna Schlemm, a veteran of this company's glory days under Walter Felsenstein, effortlessly

commanded the stage with her every entrance as the cunning old Countess. Returning from the ball, the way she whipped off her wig and irascibly flung it to the floor in front of her cluster of handmaids deftly summed up her personality in one fleeting moment. Another company veteran, Gunter Neumann, seemed to be suffering a vocal off-night; even so, he made an unusually credible Hermann.

Top honours went to Kreizberg on the podium. Repeatedly he made familiar transitional passages sound downright exciting. His already secure reputation in this demanding metropolis grows steadily and rapidly; the Bournemouth Symphony Orchestra can

congratulate itself on having landed him as music director.

Like Kreizberg at the Komische Oper, Zubin Mehta emerged as the star of the Staatsoper's new staging of *Der Freischütz*. Weber's melodious spook story with the untranslatable title, 'But even Mehta had serious competition from an exceptionally strong cast.

The clear and true voices of Carola Höhn as Agathe and Dorothea Rischmann as Aennchen complemented each other to pleasing effect. And in a successful Staatsoper debut, Kim Begley - singing Max for the first time - held his own against the powerful Kaspar of Falk Struckmann, whose nimble dancing turned his drinking song

into something more than just vocally memorable.

Poor Begley had his hands full in Nikolaus Lehnhoff's wilful *Grand Guignol* transformation of the second act. Instead of Max merely abetting Samiel in pouring the lead for the seven fatal bullets, Lehnhoff condemned him to stab a huge boar and then brandish aloft a succession of bloody chunks of offal. Another bit of Lehnhoff whimsy involved the transvestite casting of a woman (Gerlinde Kempendorf) as a blood-curdling Samiel.

During the Deutsche Oper's ill-starred goodwill tour to Israel, its Berlin theatre played host to the unexpected names of the new converts. This year the prize for the most imaginative first-time sponsor matches two tiny operations. Orange makes the list for its women-only book prize, which has

INTERNATIONAL ARTS GUIDE

AMSTERDAM

POP
Paradiso Tel: 31-20-6264521
● David Bowie: performance by the English singer; Jun 10

BERLIN

EXHIBITION
Museum für Ostasiatische Kunst Tel: 49-30-8301382
● Haiga und Haiku: display of selected sketches and poems by Takebe Sôchô from the collection of Shôzaburô Masuda, Tokyo; to Jul 20

FRANKFURT

CONCERT
Alte Oper Tel: 49-69-1340400
● Deutsches Symphonie Orchester Berlin: with conductor Vladimir Ashkenazy in works by Chopin and Korngold; Jun 8

EXHIBITION
Schirn Kunsthalle Tel: 49-69-2998820
● Pietro Donzelli: display of work

by the French photographer, featuring 130 documentary and reportage pieces from the 1950s and 1960s, shot in Italy and including the series "Land Without Shadow"; from Jun 10 to Jul 6

HONG KONG

CONCERT
Concert Hall/City Hall Tel: 852-22912898
● Evelyn Glennie: performance by the percussionist, accompanied by the pianist Philip Smith. The programme includes works by Basta, Zivkovic, Abe, Pothas, Alvarez, Glennie and Creston; Jun 9

EXHIBITION
University Museum and Art Gallery Tel: 852-28592114
● Paintings and Prints by Aurelie Nemours: display featuring 46 abstract sketches and four paintings by the French artist, recently housed with the Grand Prix de Peinture; to Jun 14

LEIPZIG

CONCERT
Gewandhaus zu Leipzig Tel: 49-341-12700
● Symphony No.5: by Mahler. Conducted by Daniel Barenboim, performed by the Chicago Symphony Orchestra; Jun 10

LISBON

EXHIBITION
Centro Cultural de Belém Tel: 351-1-3512400
● Paula Rego: retrospective of work by the British artist,

featuring figurative work from the 1980s and 1990s, as well as a substantial selection of studies, sketches and preparatory and final drawings; to Aug 18

LONDON

EXHIBITION
National Portrait Gallery Tel: 44-171-3060055
● Pursuit of Beauty: exhibition examining the eternal quest for beauty by both sexes and changing notions of what beauty actually is. The display has interactive elements, including the opportunity for visitors to try on top hats, wigs, corsets and doublets. A number of portraits from the NPG's collection will be exhibited; to Sep 7
Tate Gallery Tel: 44-171-8878000
● Luciano Fabro: as part of the Gallery's annual sculpture exhibition, the renowned Italian artist has created a dramatic new work comprising of two columns, one in white and one in black marble, one falling and one standing; representing the sun and the moon respectively and forming a spectacular link with the classical architecture of the Duveen Gallery, in which the piece is installed; to Jun 15

LYON

EXHIBITION
Musée des Beaux-Arts de Lyon Tel: 33-4-72 10 17 40
● Un engagement pour l'Art moderne: Hommage à René Derouiller: display paying tribute to the 1930s art critic and exhibitor, featuring 91 paintings,

drawings and photographs by artists including Bourat, Debré, Doreux, Vedova and Vialat; to Aug 17

MADRID

EXHIBITION
Fundación la Caixa Tel: 34-1-4354833
● Madrid-Barcelona, 1830-1938. A chronicle of two Cities: exhibition examining the political and cultural histories of the two Spanish cities during the country's civil war. Artists represented include Picasso, Miró, Dalí and Gargallo; to Jul 27
Museo Cerralbo Tel: 34-1-5473646
● Relojes de un palacio: exhibition featuring 60 timepieces from the Museum's collection, dating from the 17th century to the present day; to Jul 20

NEW YORK

EXHIBITION
International Center of Photography Tel: 1-212-860-1777
● Helen Levitt: Crosstown: retrospective of work by the American photographer, featuring 75 images, ranging from children at play in the 1940s to her recent black and white work, all portraying a vibrant city where life is lived out on the streets; to Sep 7
The Metropolitan Museum of Art Tel: 1-212-879-5500
● Indian Court Painting: 18th-19th Century: exhibition of paintings drawn primarily from the

Museum's own collection tracing the various traditions of Indian painting over four centuries. The display is one of three this year at the Metropolitan to mark the 50th anniversary of India's Independence; to Jul 6

PARIS

THEATRE
Marquise Theatre Tel: 1-212-307-4100
● Vioza/Victoria: by Edwards and Mancini. Directed by Blake Edwards. The cast includes Rachel Welsh (prov end date); to Dec 31
CONCERT
Théâtre du Châtelet Tel: 33-1 42 33 00 00
● Orchestra of the Age of Enlightenment: with conductor Sir Simon Rattle and clarinetist Anthony Pay perform works by Schubert, Mozart and Haydn. Part of the Schubert-Bicentenary; Jun 10

EXHIBITION
Musée Carnavalet Tel: 33-1 42 72 21 13
● Nourélev: exhibition devoted to dancer/choreographer Rudolf Nureyev. The display, which draws upon Nureyev's personal collection, features costumes, posters, photographs, personal belongings - including furniture, paintings and prints - and other objects painting a picture of his artistic and private life; to Jul 27
Musée Picasso Tel: 33-1 42 71 70 84
● Picasso: Les Sources Photographiques: 1900-1928: the

third of a cycle of exhibitions illustrating the influence of photography on Picasso's work, covering the painter's Cubist and Surrealist periods. A number of paintings and graphic works are on display, including "La Famille Soler" (1903) and "La Baigneuse au Ballon" (1929); to Jun 9

ROME

EXHIBITION
Museo di Palazzo Venezia Tel: 39-6-6798865
● La festa a Roma: exhibition recreating sites of the Roman Fête, held in the Italian capital from Renaissance times to the late 1800s. Theatrical effects and new technologies are employed to recreate sites and a number of paintings, prints, designs and processional objects tell the history of the "ephemeral baroque"; to Sep 15

VIENNA

CONCERT
Musikverein Tel: 43-1-5058681
● Wiener Philharmoniker: with conductor Riccardo Chailly, soprano Eva Urbanova, tenor Vladimir Bogachov, baritone Peter Mikulas and organist Thomas Trotter perform works by Schumann and Janacek; Jun 8

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Friday June 6 1997

An Irish conundrum

At every election since 1973, Irish voters have turned out the government in office. It has become something of a ritual. If the opinion polls are right, it could well happen again after today's election, with a two-party coalition headed by Mr Bertie Ahern's Fianna Fáil replacing the three-party "rainbow" coalition headed by Mr John Bruton's Fine Gael. Any other result would be a surprise.

And yet this government, an unlikely combination of the conservative Fine Gael, the centre-left Labour party, and the rather more radical Democratic Left, does not deserve to be defeated. It is presiding over a remarkable economic performance, with annual growth averaging more than 7 per cent in the last three years, employment up by 12 per cent in the same period, and inflation running at around 1.5 per cent. According to a different measure, the satisfaction rating of the government is at a record.

It is certainly not all over as the voters head for the polls. Ireland's complex but scrupulously fair system of proportional representation means that it is not first preferences - as reflected in the opinion polls - which will determine the outcome, but the second and third preferences which count. For the first time, the ruling coalition has run its campaign as

just that - a three-party team appealing for supporters to cast their votes tactically, giving all three their top preference. It is a gamble which might just work.

Mr Ahern of Fianna Fáil has been the more effective campaigner on the hustings, but he came a poor second in the final television debate of the campaign to the normally stolid Mr Bruton, according to most observers. He has also had trouble keeping his proposed coalition partners, the cost-cutting Progressive Democrats, in line. The latter have called for 26,000 public service jobs to be scrapped, to Mr Ahern's acute embarrassment.

There is little to choose between the two sides on economic policy. Both are committed to meeting the Maastricht criteria for the European single currency, for which Ireland already qualifies. As for the Northern Irish peace process, Fianna Fáil can claim to have negotiated the ceasefire, while it collapsed on the Fine Gael watch. That could still count for a few votes on the day, even if both sides are equally determined to get the gunmen off the streets.

The deciding factor will probably be the votes cast for the minority parties. The result will hang in the balance until the final preferences are counted, sometime over the weekend.

Internet banks

The transformation of retail banking from a business based on bricks and mortar to one based on electronic networks, cash machines, personal computers and telephones is already a cliché. Bankers might like to think they have come to terms with it. But the full force of this trend has yet to be felt.

The latest Ernst & Young study of technology in the financial services industry, reported elsewhere in today's FT, underlines the scale of the change that lies ahead. On the face of it, the most striking aspect of the report is the near unanimity with which banks and asset managers are planning to use the internet to handle transactions, not just provide information.

This is merely a symptom, however, of a broader trend: the shift away from proprietary systems towards industry standards. This is in many ways a more profound threat to traditional banking relationships than a mere shift from the high street to cyberspace.

A proprietary electronic banking system, of the sort introduced with limited success by many banks over the past decade, is a simple transfer of existing banking relationships from one medium to another. Paper and branches are replaced with their electronic equivalents, but proprietary electronic systems continue to

enforce customer loyalty.

Standardised systems such as internet browsers and security protocols, or household-name programs from Intuit and Microsoft - offer no such comfort. First, they level the playing field. Rich banks, which have traditionally thrown money at devising systems that will give them a technological edge, no longer possess this advantage. They are likely to be able to offer less capable solutions than the industry standard ones available at a low price to any competitor, no matter how small or new.

Second, the new systems allow customers much greater latitude to switch banks. If their account data is held in a standard format on their PCs, and their potential bankers all use the same sort of internet interface, the inconvenience of switching is much lower. Standardised home-finance programs also allow the customer to take the initiative, by pulling together credit, deposit and transaction services from different providers.

In all these ways, the balance of power between banker and customer shifts to the former's disadvantage. Simultaneously, traditional advantages of banking scale and technology are eroded. Retail banking has changed a great deal in the past decade. But it will change still more in the decade ahead.

Wrong signal

Yesterday Railtrack came in with some rather good figures. The UK's Labour government responded with a now-customary sneer.

The company, which owns the rail network previously operated by state-owned British Rail, reported a 27 per cent rise in pre-tax profits. Mr John Prescott, the deputy prime minister, said it was failing in its duty to invest enough in its network. He might claim that he was only following Mr John Smith, the rail regulator, who wants Railtrack to speed up some types of investment and seeks new powers to make it comply.

However, the government has already shown a persistent desire to intervene in the affairs of regulated industries. This week, Mr Chris Smith, the heritage secretary, tried to force executives of Camelot, the lottery operator, to give up their bonuses, and Mr Prescott recently called in the water industry to discuss future supplies and leaky pipes.

In the case of Railtrack, ministerial comments were seen, because of their timing, to imply that profits were excessive and resulted from a failure to invest. In fact there is little connection between the speed at which Railtrack is implementing its investment plans and its latest profit figures. The latter reflect improved efficiency, increased turnover and property sales. Its operating profit was 14 per cent of turnover, compared

with 13 per cent last year, neither of them unreasonable figures. Investment, at nearly £1bn, was up by 30 per cent and was much higher than under state ownership.

So why the fuss? The popular outcry against big utility profits and excessive bonuses in recent years should not tempt the government into thinking that the answer is more direct ministerial control. Government interference was bad for the nationalised industries and would be worse in a privatised regime.

The remedy against excessive profits or under-investment should be tough but transparent regulation. After a shaky start in some industries, the regulators are generally showing themselves up to the job, and have been increasing their powers under the provisions of existing legislation.

Mr Smith, for example, has been alert to the danger of under-investment by Railtrack and needs no help as yet from the government. Since the company has a strong incentive to meet its 10-year investment targets, the regulator's comments may be like the routine barking of a sheep dog. Ministers only create confusion if they add to the noise. For although utilities must not abuse their monopolies, they also need a stable regime which offers rewards for efficiency and the assurance that the return on long term investments will be safe from political whim.

Lloyd's is pressing ahead with a restructuring needed to recover business lost to sharper competitors, says Christopher Adams

In the smart offices atop the distinctive Lloyd's building in the financial heart of London, there is a sense of hushed urgency. Mr Ron Sandler, the chief executive, has only a few minutes to talk. He walks over to his desk, picks up a packet of cigarettes and begins to smoke.

Lloyd's has rid itself of the huge losses which threatened bankruptcy, he says, but there are grave shortcomings that must be addressed if it is to win back business lost to competitors. Unless the 300-year-old society, which holds its annual meeting in London today, puts in place essential reforms quickly, it may rapidly cease to be an important participant in the global insurance market.

Lloyd's has long discussed a possible restructuring. But now, in the face of increasing regulatory scrutiny and client concern, it has drawn up definitive plans - and underwriters are pressing for swift action.

"If Lloyd's doesn't clean up its capital structure, it will lose a lot of business," says Mr Robert Hiscox, a former deputy chairman of the insurance market. "It will be left as an underwriter of last resort, writing esoteric business which nobody else takes."

The society's recent performance has been mediocre relative to its peers. A decade of highly publicised traumas during which billions of pounds of losses almost destroyed the society has deterred clients and alarmed regulators. Its market share fell between 1991 and 1996, as more nimble competitors grew their income by 5 per cent.

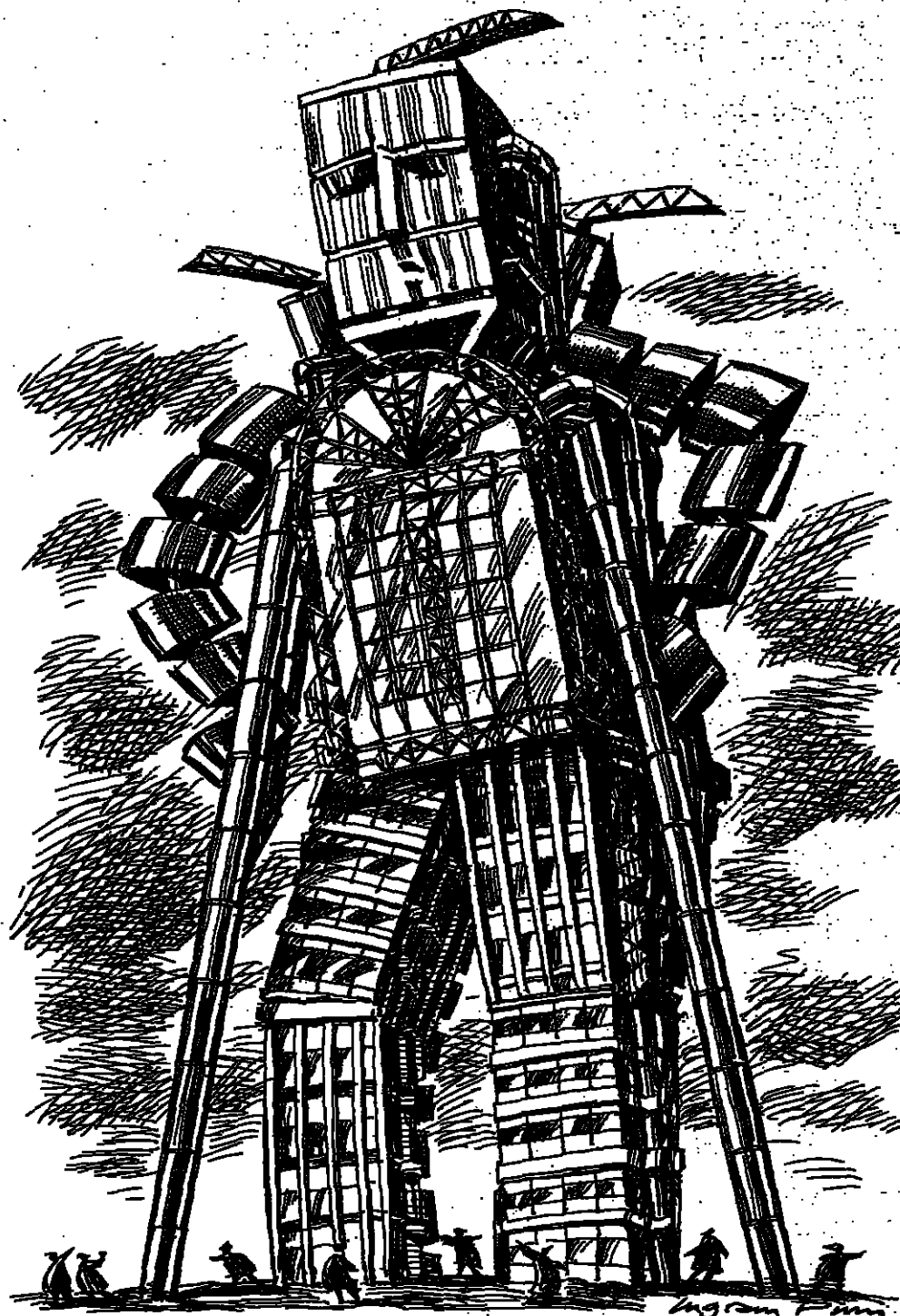
"Lloyd's attracted some negative publicity and it's certainly true it lost some market share," admits Mr Sandler. "Insurance is a business based on confidence. Over the period leading up to the [1996] recovery plan we had to make it quite clear to the membership what the consequences were of failing."

It would be unfair to understate the success of last year's complex plan to reinsure Lloyd's past losses. Over 95 per cent of the 34,000 Names - the individuals whose assets have traditionally backed Lloyd's - agreed to the plan and a new company called Equitas took charge in September of more than £1bn in old liabilities.

The society has also bounced back into the black, last week announcing the second consecutive year of profits topping £1bn. Following five straight years of heavy losses.

But the recent troubles have inflicted deep wounds. A parliamentary select committee two years ago condemned the system of self-regulation at Lloyd's. It said the market had failed to check the wealth of new Names in the 1980s when profits were booming and it had become fashionable to join the society. It also criticised Lloyd's for not spotting negligent underwriting, which led to a damaging spiral of re-insurance written at dangerously low premiums.

This spiral amplified losses from a series of natural disasters in the late 1980s and early 1990s, leaving many Names unable - or simply refusing - to pay. Some formed court groups, which won several court cases against Lloyd's, and only agreed to the recovery plan after the insurance market made a £3.2bn settlement



offer compensating them for their losses.

Now regulators, as well as existing and potential clients, urgently want to see evidence that Lloyd's is well cushioned against future disasters. In the US, where Lloyd's derives a third of its income and is still fighting a legal battle against Names, regulatory scrutiny is relentless and tougher solvency requirements were unexpectedly imposed earlier this year.

Lloyd's has reacted by moving to strengthen the funds that underpin the policies it issues, requiring Names to put more capital up front. This week it introduced rules obliging Names to show evidence of assets totalling at least 50 per cent of the premiums they support, significantly more than in the past. This, Lloyd's believes, will strengthen its hand in negotiating a strong risk rating from ratings agencies such as Standard & Poor's.

The most immediate task for Sir David Rowland, Lloyd's chairman, is to convince Names at today's meeting that this step is vital. Some Names have threatened to revolt. Influential groups such as the Association of Lloyd's Members have criticised

the reforms, fearing that the pace of change could force Names out of Lloyd's. Last-minute concessions delaying the timetable have softened the blow, but may not be enough to quell all opposition.

Even if Lloyd's manages to sway Names and significantly bolsters its reserves, this alone will not be sufficient to ensure the society's prosperity. Competitive pressures have intensified since completion of last year's recovery plan and premium rates are in freefall. Profits for 1996 and 1997 will be much lower than in 1993 and 1994.

The big reinsurers - companies which for a premium take on some of the risk underwritten by an insurer - are merging into ever larger units. This gives them the financial clout that draws in big contracts for re-insurance, a core Lloyd's business. Lloyd's has also yet to diversify much out of slow-growth markets such as marine and aviation insurance on which it has traditionally been reliant and where competition is fiercest.

It does not have a significant presence in life insurance which, because of the ageing population in developed countries, is expected to offer the best prospects for

growth. Its efforts in the UK motor and household sectors, which it conducts mainly through commission-seeking brokers, are no match for low-cost direct telephone sales.

Meanwhile, new products that place risk on capital markets through techniques such as securitisation are beginning to erode the share of traditional insurance. Furthermore, a wave of mergers among brokers has concentrated the supply of clients in fewer hands.

Managing agents at Lloyd's acknowledge that they have failed to make inroads in certain markets and are ill-equipped to cope with the industry's rapid consolidation. This is likely to get worse, they say, unless Lloyd's own centuries-old system for raising capital each year - the "annual venture" - is reformed.

Unlike conventional insurance companies, which control their own capital, syndicates at Lloyd's rely largely on the support of Names. These can, in theory, withdraw their funds at almost any time, a risk underwriters say makes long-term decisions difficult.

"I have severe reservations

about the annual venture because it requires judgments to be made at the end of a 12-month period, some of which are impossible to make," says Sir David. "The system does not enable the trading unit to build up reserves or generate its own capital in a business which is going to need capital for long-term investment."

Some managing agents have called for its abolition, arguing that a system of permanent capital under which Names bought shares in their companies on a limited liability basis could increase profits at Lloyd's by some £300m annually.

"It's an anachronistic absurdity. There's too much concentration on what suits the Names, but you can't run a business on that basis," says Mr Hiscox.

Centrally-led reform of the annual venture is unlikely to be rapid, however, since there is strong support for the present system from other members of Lloyd's.

"The annual venture may be anachronistic but it is also fluid and dynamic," says Mr Graham McKean of Ballantyne, McKean and Sullivan, the insurance broker. "Some of the defining characteristics of Lloyd's are based on a capital structure that is not wholly corporate. The people who make the decisions are accessible, making Lloyd's the antidote to faceless insurance companies."

Names have little incentive to change. They have for many years enjoyed high returns and tax advantages from their trading activities. Tough new capital requirements are already difficult to accept, and conversion from unlimited to limited liability would erode some of their benefits.

The transformation of Lloyd's into a modern-style business with permanent capital has, however, already begun. Corporate capital has been strengthening ties with the agents that manage syndicates, threatening to squeeze out Names and enabling underwriters to win direct control over the capital that supports their businesses.

Sir David believes that those market forces will mould the future shape of Lloyd's. But, equally, he is concerned that the diversity on which its reputation is based remains intact. Above all, there should not be "too much concentration of power in one place," he says.

Lloyd's may eventually seek to impose limits on the extent to which any one insurance group or investor can dominate the society, he says. While reform of the annual venture will certainly come, this may be preceded by a series of half-way measures.

Next year, corporate capital is likely to be supplying Lloyd's with more than half the funds it needs to write insurance, compared with 44 per cent in 1996. This would leave Names who oppose the changes that are sweeping the society in a weaker position from which to mount a convincing attack.

Today's annual meeting will probably be their last chance. But Lloyd's may simply listen to the fears of the Names and then press on with modernisation regardless. The last thing Lloyd's can afford is a messy compromise.

OBSERVER

Ma breaks through

No surprise that a former Chinese ambassador to Britain has been named to head Beijing's spanking new foreign ministry office in Hong Kong. But it is Ma Yundun who will represent China in the city, rather than Wang Ruoshan, his successor in London, who had been considered the front-runner for the Hong Kong job.

Credible and cosmopolitan, Ma is seen as a formidable negotiator and adept at parrying difficult questions. Just as handily but more creative than the average comrade, was one verdict. A recent stint in the information office of the state council - China's cabinet - has honed his contacts.

Ma's skills might well be tested, not just by the complexities of the handover, but also by the rivalry with the news agency Xinhua, which is China's de facto embassy in Hong Kong. The foreign ministry office is set to assume the international affairs dossier now handled by Xinhua and is also expected to handle issues relating to Taiwan.

Palace coup

King Constantine of Greece isn't going to get his palace back and neither is he going to get his Greek citizenship. The monarch's passport has been indefinitely suspended since the monarchy was abolished in a 1974 referendum.

A tribunal of 15 judges has upheld a law passed three years ago by the fiercely republican Socialist government stripping him of his citizenship and what remained of his modest estates.

Constantine lives comfortably in London, thanks to the generosity of John Latsis, the millionaire Greek shipowner who has also entertained British royals for holidays aboard his luxury yacht. Latsis was involved in the deal under which Constantine handed over more than \$2m in long-overdue inheritance taxes to the Greek finance ministry five years ago.

Some ex-monarchs who remember the two dispirated palaces wonder what all this fuss was about. Mon Repes - now to become the cultural centre for the Greek diaspora - was small and uncomfortable, though it

Press pass

Foreign journalists in Cuba have been presented with a Foreign Ministry resolution stating that if they don't write "objectively" or don't report "the facts" about the communist ruled island, their accreditation may be withdrawn.

This confirms existing unwritten practice: the authorities have always left free to warn or expel correspondents whose reporting they didn't like. But back in the ministry resolution, which has legal force, will encourage the authorities to enforce their view of "objectivity" - that Cuba is the innocent target of Yankee imperialism - and all opponents of President Fidel Castro are counter-revolutionaries in the pay of Washington.

Such is the Cuban commitment to disseminating information that the resolution, just released to correspondents, was signed by foreign minister

Trouble in new

As Richard Holbrooke, the new US envoy to Cyprus, is probably best known for his leading role in the 1994 Dayton peace talks, he is also known for his strong stance on the Greek Cypriot issue. He has helped to bring about a new Greek Cypriot constitution, which will be put to a referendum in 1998.

But the passions in south-east Europe can be explosive, even for a man with Holbrooke's hard-driving, workaholic style. Visiting a restaurant near Athens last year, he was forced to cancel a moment after some intense geopolitical discussions. In a bid to change the subject, he complimented the waiter on the lovely view of the sea. Back came the reply: "But don't you realise, Mr. Holbrooke, the Aegean is under threat."

Smoke screen

European ministers listening yesterday to the English translation of a debate on women's empowerment and women's health heard that "women's empowerment" was a term used by more than 100

50 years ago

Marshall Spinks to Europe. Washington, the US Secretary of State, Mr. George C. Marshall, has appeared in a speech at Cambridge, Mass., to European nations to unite in planning recovery. His speech is regarded in diplomatic circles here as a landmark in the adoption of official US policy of a much discussed plan to put aid to European countries on a continental instead of an individual basis. "It would be neither fitting nor efficient," he said, "for this Government to undertake to draw up individually a plan for each of the 21 European countries. This is the business of Europe. The role of this country should consist of friendly aid in drafting a European programme."

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Internet use by financial services groups set to soar

By Tracy Corrigan and John Authers in New York

The number of financial services companies using the Internet to process transactions is set to soar, according to a survey by Ernst & Young, the accounting and consultancy firm.

Currently, around 13 per cent of the 130 financial services companies surveyed in 17 countries are using the Internet for transactions with customers. But by 1999 this will jump to 60 per cent. For US businesses, it will rise to 87 per cent. Only 6 per cent have no plans to introduce transaction processing on the Internet.

Mr Phil Lawrence, of Ernst & Young's financial services consulting group, said: "In 1996, there was virtually no Internet transaction process-

Technological innovators to compete with banks

ing in the US. A tremendous number of institutions are starting their experimentation in 1997."

Concerns about security remain the main barrier to growth, Mr Lawrence noted. But Mr Jim Scurlock, an E&Y manager specialising in security, said many of the banks moving into transaction processing believe that the security issue is "going to be taken care of by the fall" as a result of advances in secure electronic transaction technology. This technology uses encryption to make it safe to move credit card numbers or other potential security risks over the Internet.

"Mastercard, Visa and American Express all have pilots and they are a long way down the road without any really big problems in sight. They have to feel it is bullet-proof," said Mr Scurlock. "Either there will be a big blow-up or the pattern we have described in the survey will happen."

Globally, financial services companies' information technology budgets grew 4.6 per cent from 1995 to 1996, and 36 per cent of respondents said that the most important technology investment would be in PC banking and the Internet.

The survey found that traditional borders between banking and other retail financial

services were being erased by technology. The most frequently cited innovators in the field included Fidelity Investments, a Boston-based fund manager, and Charles Schwab, a San Francisco-based discount brokerage, both of which have encroached on traditional banking territory by offering money market accounts and other products.

The other two leaders mentioned were Citibank and Wells Fargo, both commercial banks which have emphasised on-line banking.

The survey also showed that smart card technology was being pursued more avidly in Europe, where 78 per cent of respondents indicated activity, compared with 44 per cent in the US.

Editorial Comment, Page 17

S Korean president's son charged



Kim Hyun-chul, formally charged with taking bribes

Continued from Page 1

gathered in Seoul. The students had hoped to exploit public anger over the campaign fund issue by calling for the president to resign.

But yesterday they dispersed, having alienated the public with their admission that a group of students beat to death a young worker wrongly suspected of being a police informer.

Most of the students, who belong to the outlawed left-wing Hanchongnyon group, left their campus strongholds in the capital after calling off the protests.

Although they promised to co-operate in the police investigation of the murder, the government vowed to arrest the Hanchongnyon leaders and disband the organisation that has led frequent violent protests during the last few years.

Swiss weapons ban could cut all but the army knife

By William Hall in Zurich

A referendum on whether Switzerland should end arms exports is sending ripples of concern through the country's manufacturing industry. Only the makers of the Swiss army knife are confident of avoiding the proposed ban on "dual-use" weapons.

Mr Don Dwight, who handles public relations for Swiss Army Brands, the US company which has sole right to the Swiss Army trademark, insists the popular penknife is a "pocket tool" rather than a weapon of mass destruction.

He is confident that even under the "most stretched definition" it will not fall under the scope of Switzerland's proposed ban on dual-use arms exports, which will be put to a vote on Sunday.

But Switzerland's manufacturing industry is not as relaxed as Mr Dwight at the proposal, backed by the Socialist party.

It comes at a sensitive time. Swiss arms exports rose by two-thirds to Sfr232.9m (\$161m) last year, helped by a big order from Oman for air defence systems. But revelations that two-thirds of arms exports during the second world war went to Germany have caused embarrassment.

If Switzerland accepts the socialist referendum it will be the first developed country to ban arms exports, although most people believe it has only a slim chance of getting through. Mr Klaus Stöckli, a political consultant, says the Swiss are so "deeply insecure about their role in the world at present that no one knows how the electorate will behave on Sunday."

Switzerland's army has not fought a war since 1815. The socialists, with the backing of the Green party, believe the country's involvement in the arms trade damages its moral stance as a neutral state.

An attempt to ban arms exports was rejected in a 1973 referendum and voters have turned down more recent attempts to abolish the army and prevent the air force from buying SF265s worth of FA18 fighter aircraft from McDonnell Douglas.

A ban would catch the manufacturing sector at a difficult moment after six years of retreating on the brink of recession. Mr Edwin Som, president of the Swiss engineering industry employer's federation, has estimated that 5,700 jobs would be lost if the ban was accepted.

Another 122,000 jobs in the mechanical engineering, elec-

tronics and metal industries would be threatened by the ban on exports of goods which can be used for military and civilian purposes.

The Swiss army knife might escape, but industrialists such as Mr Martin Huber, chief executive of Georg Fischer, a Swiss engineering company, and Mr Hans-Ulrich Schroeder, chief executive of Ascom, a Swiss telecommunications producer, are worried about the impact it would have on research and development in their sectors.

The socialist campaign has split the Swiss trade union movement which is worried about the impact on jobs. The Swiss unemployment rate is higher than in the US and shows little sign of falling.

Church groups have failed to give a lead, but Mr Nicolas Hayek, one of Switzerland's most successful entrepreneurs and chairman of SMH, the country's biggest watch producer, supports the ban.

Mr Adolf Ogi, Switzerland's defence minister, says Swiss arms exports account for less than 1 per cent of the global arms trade, and argues that anyone supporting the right of self-defence, as stipulated by the United Nations, must logically support the need for countries to procure the means of self-defence.

MEPs force change on stability pact

Continued from Page 1

summit. Mr Tony Blair, the UK prime minister, will take centre-stage at the congress in Malmö today, with a warning to Europe's socialist leaders that unless they embrace his

style of political modernisation they, and their dreams of greater EU integration, will be rejected in a rightwing backlash.

The Netherlands holds the rotating presidency of the EU and Mr Kok will chair this

month's summit in Amsterdam.

Mr Kok suggested other EU states would not allow Britain to hold back attempts at incorporating the Schengen accords on open borders into the treaty.

THE LEX COLUMN

Labour pains

Those inclined to believe Britain's New Labour sheep hides an Old Labour wolf can now point to some evidence. The politics of envy has reared its ugly head, first with the National Lottery and now with Railtrack. Somehow New Labour's support for a dynamic enterprise economy has been forgotten.

The attack by Mr Chris Smith, national heritage secretary, on Camelot, the private company which runs the lottery, has been the most astonishing. So unhappy is he with how much top executives are earning he is demanding they pay their bonuses to charity. They are now threatening to resign. This is hardly the way to convince the private sector it can do business with Labour.

Mr John Prescott, deputy prime minister, has not gone quite so far in his attack on Railtrack. But yesterday's description of the company's profits as "basically taxpayers' money" is financially illiterate. True, taxpayers' funds have indirectly found their way to Railtrack because the whole railway system depends on subsidies. But investors have paid for Railtrack shares and properly expect to earn profits.

Labour, in short, is finding it hard to reconcile support for enterprise with the high pay and profits that reward success in the free market. But middle with pay and profits, and people will lack the incentive to generate wealth and drive for efficiency.

Some utility regulators seem to have caught the new anti-profit mood. The rail regulator yesterday launched an early review of Railtrack's access charges, hinting that it might penalise the company unless it agreed to cut them. The water regulator has lashed out at the level of dividends the industry is paying.

All this is cause for concern but not alarm. Labour's attacks on privatised utilities, though misplaced, are hardly new. Mr Smith's lottery campaign is more worrying, especially if he reflects the views of Labour's high command. Fortunately, Mr Tony Blair seems less keen on profit-bashing than forging links with business. But investors cannot rest at ease until other members of government are singing the same tune.

Eurotunnel

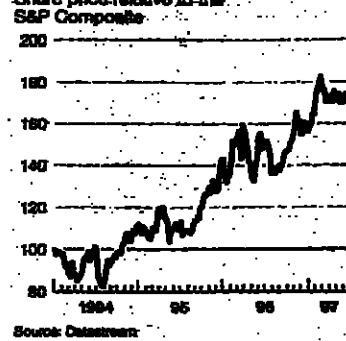
On the face of it, the high-profile shareholder group planning to vote against Eurotunnel's restructuring

FTSE Eurotrack 200:

2367.6 (+12.4)

BN Lilly

Share price relative to the S&P Composite



Source: Datastream

rivals are unlikely to follow suit. Merck's \$6.6bn Modco acquisition has been reasonably successful, with a strong position in mail-order prescriptions. Medco is a growing and profitable business. Smith-Kline's \$2.3bn purchase of DPS may not have contributed anything to profits, but because of a clever tax deal it is at least no longer diluting earnings. And the company remains adamant that patient data from DPS will help its push into wider disease management.

All in all, however, the rush to buy PBMs still looks a rather sorry episode. Imagine how much value the three drug groups might have created by investing their \$13bn in some biotechnology instead.

Boots

Boots shareholders have much to be grateful for. With the retail sector recently a minefield of bad news, the company has managed to turn in a steady 9 per cent increase in pre-tax profits. Even better, the management has stayed true to its shareholder value rhetoric by returning £400m to shareholders, and in a manner which allows pension funds to get their hands on tax credits - a special dividend rather than a share buy-back. The fact that this has been sneaked in ahead of a possible cut in tax credits in the budget is simply the cherry on the cake.

On top of that, the company has good growth prospects, particularly at Boots Healthcare International, which develops and markets over-the-counter health products. Heavy promotional costs keep BHI in the red, but sales growth of over 20 per cent in Strepsils and Nurofen, the two leading products, is evidence that the payback is starting to come through. There are also encouraging signs that the core Boots the Chemist franchise is being successfully rolled out abroad.

Interest income foregone following the special dividend and the launch of a customer loyalty card will cost £30m this year, slowing earnings growth to around 6 per cent. But the underlying trend remains upward. This combination of stable performance and decent growth prospects warrants the share's 10 per cent premium rating over the market average. But with tax and interest rate worries on the horizon, further gains are unlikely.

Additional Lex on Nationwide, Page 25

3i GROUP PLC RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 1997

"I am pleased to report that it has been a year of achievement and development for 3i. We have strengthened our market position and provided for management succession for the next stage of development."

SIR GEORGE RUSSELL CBE, CHAIRMAN

HIGHLIGHTS

- Total return of £415.5 million, a return of 16.4% on opening shareholders' funds.
- Fully diluted net asset value per share increased from 426p to 496p - up 14.1%.
- Shareholders' funds increased from £2.53 bn to £2.90 bn - up 14.6%.
- Revenue profit before tax increased from £88.9 million to £105.6 million - up 18.8%.
- Recommended final dividend of 5.7p per share, making a total dividend for the year of 9.2p (1996: 8.1p) - up 13.6%.
- Amount invested, including third party co-investment funds, increased from £613.0 million to £742.3 million - up 21.1%.

WE WANT YOU TO SUCCEED

3i

FT WEATHER GUIDE

Europe today

Most of Europe will have summerlike temperatures of 25°C or higher. But sunny periods will not be all that common over the continent. Spain and France will be fair with occasional thunder storms. Portugal will be cloudy with rain, sometimes heavy.

The Alps will have sunny periods, while Austria will be wet. The Benelux and Germany will have sunny spells with some cloud and a few showers.

A front moving across the Balkans will bring thunder storms to the area. Eastern Europe will stay dry with a mix of cloud and sun. Southern Scandinavia will have sunny periods.

Five-day forecast

The western part of the continent will be unsettled over the next few days. Occasional thunder storms, sometimes widespread, will develop over the Iberian peninsula and move across France towards southern Scandinavia.

TODAY'S TEMPERATURES

Location	Temp	Location	Temp	Location	Temp
Madrid	28	Paris	22	London	18
Amsterdam	18	Berlin	22	Rome	28
Barcelona	28	Stockholm	18	Oslo	15
Warsaw	22	Moscow	18	Beijing	28
Delhi	32	Calcutta	30	Singapore	28
Perth	22	Melbourne	18	Sydney	22
Auckland	18	Wellington	15	Christchurch	12

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Bulgari to open more stores and diversify

COMPANIES AND FINANCE: EUROPE

Investors try to block Eurotunnel plan

By Andrew Jack in Paris

A group of institutional investors is launching a proxy campaign in an effort to block the restructuring proposed last week by Eurotunnel, the operator of the Channel tunnel.

The action could jeopardise the \$9bn (\$5.5bn) debt restructuring under negotiation, and force Eurotunnel's banks to take a larger debt write-off and modify the company's equity to preserve the powers of existing shareholders.

The campaign is being co-ordinated by Ms Sophie L'Hélias, of Franklin Global Investors Services.

the French corporate governance consultancy. Ms L'Hélias helped rally enough investors at Eurotunnel's annual meeting last year to form a blocking minority.

"We are going to vote no to the proposals," she said. "We are fundamentally opposed to them. This is not an emotional reaction but a rational, reasoned analysis. Either we roll up our sleeves and come up with a new plan, or the company goes bankrupt."

She argued that with the support of her institutional investor clients - which she would not name - and more than a month to rally individual shareholders ahead of an

extraordinary meeting on July 10, there was a strong chance that the proxy campaign could obtain sufficient votes to block the deal.

The restructuring plan requires the approval of two-thirds of shareholders, as well as all 174 creditor banks.

Mr Patrick Ponsolle, Eurotunnel chairman, has called on investors to support the deal as the best option. However, the analysis by Ms L'Hélias and her clients suggests that the plan simply lengthens the pay-back period on the debt. She wants the banks instead to write off 25 per cent of the total, which she argues would cost them

nothing since they have already made provisions far in excess of this amount.

Ms L'Hélias is also calling for the banks to withdraw their so-called "right of substitution" - which gives them the right to appoint another operator of the tunnel in place of Eurotunnel until they have been fully reimbursed.

She wants Eurotunnel to create a new category of shares for the banks, which will become investors under a debt-for-equity swap, with any future votes requiring the support of both categories of shares. This will ensure that existing shareholders maintain some

power after the restructuring. In addition, she wants to create a committee to oversee the restructuring, and to ensure that the Eurotunnel board includes a number of directors who are independent of the banks.

● The number of passengers using the Eurostar train service through the Channel tunnel in May rose 15 per cent compared with May last year, to 491,457, according to figures released yesterday. The number of tourist vehicles using Le Shuttle rose 1.3 per cent over the same period, to 156,559.

See Lex

H&M listing downgrade hits market value

By Greg Melvor in Stockholm

Some foreign institutions may be forced to sell their stakes in Hennes & Mauritz after the Swedish fashion retailer yesterday downgraded its Stockholm stock exchange listing in protest at new domestic tax rules.

The company, a darling of the Swedish stock market in the past two years, is the most prominent of several A-listed companies recently seeking to join the bourse's "O", or unregistered, list.

H&M's market value tumbled 7 per cent yesterday following the news. The company, which has a large chain of stores across Europe, was the second-most heavily traded stock in Stockholm, falling SKr18.50 to SKr234.50.

H&M's move could affect the level of foreign investment in the company, currently running at about 20 per cent of its stock. Some foreign institutions, particularly US mutual funds, are barred from investing in companies which do not have a full stock exchange listing.

Last year the government decided to extend the wealth tax to cover 100 per cent of individuals' shareholdings, up from 75 per cent. The wealth tax rate is 1.5 per cent. H&M said this meant Mr Persson could face a total tax burden of more than his annual income. This would force him to reduce his stake in H&M to pay his annual tax bill, the company said.

Mr Jan Jacobson, chief financial officer, admitted there was a risk of lower liquidity in the shares if foreign investors were forced to sell stakes. But he added: "Companies listed on Nasdaq, the US over-the-counter market, do not have a full listing and they seem to manage fine so why shouldn't we?"

Mr Thomas Ostros, Sweden's taxation minister, yesterday rejected calls for a review of the rules.

Belgium backs creation of 'super utility'

A Tractebel-Electrabel union has been mooted, but questions arise about loss of national control

Belgium has not, so far at least, got its Big Bank. But perhaps it may get its Big Utility.

The government has made clear since 1996 that it would like to see two or more Belgian banks merge into a *Grande Banque Belge* with the weight to compete internationally in a single-currency Europe.

Despite intense speculation, the most likely merger, of Générale de Banque and Banque Bruxelles Lambert, has been blocked by shareholder opposition.

Now the government has made public its support for a merger of two of Belgium's biggest companies, Tractebel and Electrabel, to create a super-utility capable of competing in the soon-to-be-liberalised European energy market. This time, analysts think it could happen.

A merger of Tractebel, the utilities and industrial services group, with Electrabel, the electricity group which is already Belgium's biggest company by capitalisation, would create a Bfr500bn (\$14bn) utilities giant.

The commercial logic is clear. Tractebel, capitalised on Wednesday at Bfr213bn, has an international portfolio spanning electricity and gas, industrial services, engineering and property.

But it already owns 39 per cent of Electrabel, capitalised at Bfr423bn, and electricity generation in Belgium

and elsewhere accounts for two-thirds of its revenues.

A merger would allow the powerful cash flow from Electrabel's Belgian activities to be channelled into Tractebel's aggressive international expansion. It has power and gas projects in 16 countries including Argentina, Kazakhstan, Chile and Hungary.

Whether the global player that emerged would be controlled by Belgium or France is, however, less certain.

Tractebel's ultimate parent is France's Compagnie de Suez, which controls the Belgian utility via its stake in Société Générale de Belgique, Belgium's biggest holding company.

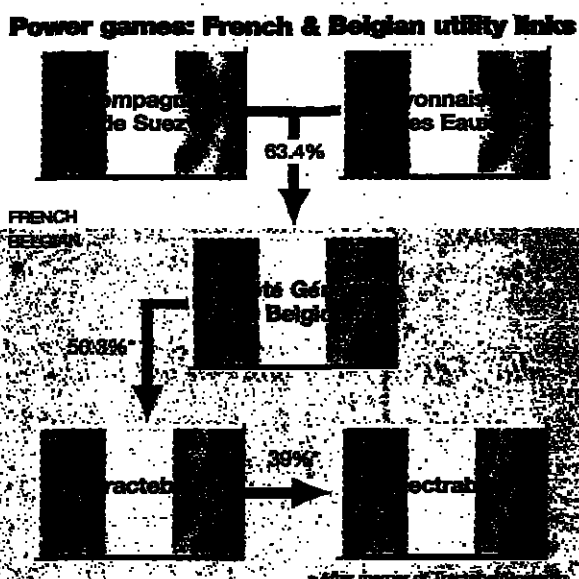
The merger of Suez and French utility Lyonnaise des Eaux, due for completion on June 19, has provoked Belgian concerns about a possible conflict of interests.

Although the overlap between the Tractebel and Lyonnaise utility businesses is limited mainly to waste management, the Belgian government fears Tractebel's expansion could be curtailed in favour of its French co-parent.

It was at a meeting in March with Mr Gérard Mestrallet, Suez chairman, and Mr Etienne Davignon, SGB chairman, to discuss these concerns that Mr Jean-Luc Dehaene, Belgian prime minister, proposed a Tractebel-Electrabel merger - news of



Prime minister Jean-Luc Dehaene: proposed merger



Power games: French & Belgian utility links

which leaked out this week.

"The prime minister said they should think about a merger, to safeguard Belgian interests and the autonomy of Tractebel," his spokeswoman said.

Tractebel has already taken steps to preserve its autonomy. It will announce new independent directors and changes in its statutes at its annual meeting this month.

It has launched a merger with its two-thirds owned subsidiary Powerfin - previously the vehicle for its international activities -

that will dilute SGB's, and hence Suez's, stake in Tractebel from 65 to 60.3 per cent.

But a mega-merger with Electrabel would dilute Suez-SGB's stake further to about 25 per cent - and here may be the sticking point.

Suez and SGB issued a joint statement on Wednesday confirming they had "no objection in principle" to a Tractebel-Electrabel tie-up, but would expect SGB to maintain "majority control".

That would remove one of the main incentives for a link, at least for Tractebel and the Belgian government. It would leave the suppos-

edly Belgian super-group controlled by French parents - even though the Belgian group would be the bigger of the two.

It would not, however, affect the overall logic of the deal, and analysts suggest the Belgian groups would in any case be better able to defend their interests if they united.

SGB also indicated that its price for supporting a merger would be for the Belgian government to end the fixing of Belgian electricity and gas prices by a four-person monitoring committee. That would be an impor-

tant prize for Electrabel, which says price cuts imposed by the regulator last April will knock Bfr1.3bn off its annual revenues.

The government has no stake in either Tractebel or Electrabel which would enable it to apply pressure for merger. All sides insist no talks have been held, but insiders suggest a feasibility study may soon take place.

A Tractebel-Electrabel merger would complete the process of transforming Tractebel from holding company to operational group. And that, after the recent division of the assets of Belgium's fourth largest holding company, Gevaert, between the third largest, Alimant, and fifth largest, Cobepla, could prompt further consolidation in Belgium's labyrinthine network of holding companies.

It could similarly pose questions about the role of the once-mighty SGB, which would be little more than an extra shareholding layer between two powerful groups.

"SGB these days is just a parking lot for various Suez holdings," says a senior Belgian banker.

If Tractebel swallowed Electrabel, suggest some analysts, it might end up digesting SGB as well.

Neil Buckley

Alitalia set to sell Malev stake

By Kester Eddy in Budapest

The Hungarian privatisation agency is seeking government approval to repurchase a 30 per cent stake in Malev Hungarian Airlines held by Alitalia, the Italian flag carrier.

Alitalia paid \$77m for the shares in late 1992 but the partnership has not flourished. The two airlines do not have much to offer each other. Alitalia has enough internal troubles and Malev

is pretty problematic," said Mr Pal Szabo, the agency's managing director.

He said Alitalia had agreed to pull out, subject to negotiations on a buy back price. The agency then intends to re-privatise Malev, partly through a public offering.

Malev had 1996 pre-tax profits of Ft438m (\$3m) last year on income of Ft55.6bn. The number of passengers flying with the airline rose 21 per cent in 1996 from the 1995 total of 1.3m.

FT

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THE MALAYSIA CAPITAL FUND LIMITED

International Depositary Receipts (IDRs)

issued by Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York

Notice of Extraordinary General Meeting
Notice is hereby given that an Extraordinary General Meeting of The Malaysia Capital Fund Limited (the "Company") will be held at the office of Messrs PricewaterhouseCoopers (PwC) Limited, British American Centre, Phase 3, Dr Roy's Drive, Grand Cayman, Cayman Islands, British West Indies on 27th June 1997 at 10.30 am for the purpose of considering, and if thought fit passing, the resolution set out below as a Special Resolution:

Special Resolution
That the Company be wound up in accordance with Article 127 of the Articles of Association of the Company and that the Directors be and are hereby authorized to take all steps necessary or desirable to effect the winding up of the Company.

Continuation of the Company
Article 127 of the Articles of Association of the Company requires the Directors of the Company to convene an extraordinary general meeting of the shareholders of the Company to be held during the month of June 1997 to consider a special resolution to wind up the Company. If the shareholders decide not to wind up the Company at the June 1997 extraordinary general meeting then in accordance with Article 129 the Company will continue to exist and the Directors shall convene an extraordinary general meeting in June 2004 to reconsider a resolution to wind up the Company.

Directors' Recommendation
Although they are required to propose the special resolution, the Directors are opposed to the winding up of the Company and recommend that shareholders should vote against the Special Resolution.

Your Directors recommend to continue the existence of the Company as given its strong performance. The Directors believe the Company continues to offer an attractive route for investment in Malaysia.

The performance of the Company has been very rewarding to shareholders over recent years. Not only did the Company manage to increase the Net Asset Value per share by 29% over the last two years, the Company also outperformed its benchmark, the Kuala Lumpur Composite Index. In the current financial year, ending 31st March 1997, the Company's Net Asset Value per share has risen by 14.6%. This compares favourably with the rise in the Kuala Lumpur Composite Index of 7.0%. The broader EMAS Index rose 11.1% in the same period. (All percentages mentioned are based on US dollar figures).

By Order of the Board
Messrs PricewaterhouseCoopers (Asia) Limited
Assistant Secretary
Registered Office:
PO Box 2003, British American Centre,
Phase 3, Dr Roy's Drive, Grand Cayman,
Cayman Islands, British West Indies
VOTING ARRANGEMENTS FOR IDR-HOLDERS
IDR-Holders who wish to vote must follow the following procedure:
If the IDRs are held in an account with Euroclear or Cedeo, IDR-Holders must contact Euroclear or Cedeo instructing them to block the IDRs in the IDR-Holder's account until conclusion of the meeting and specify the manner in which the votes attributable to the IDRs should be cast.
If the IDRs are not held through Euroclear or Cedeo, IDR-Holders must ensure that their voting instructions, together with either their IDRs or their bank's confirmation of deposit (including IDR serial numbers), reach the Depositary at the latest on June 20th 1997 at the address given below (Attention: Securities Department - telephone 322 986 43 - telefax 21752 MORON).
Copies of a circular from the Company containing the Notice of Extraordinary General Meeting are available from the Company's registered office and the Depositary at the address indicated below.
Depositary: Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York
35, Avenue des Arts, 1040 Brussels

JP Morgan

NOTICE OF INTEREST RATE CONVERSION
International Bank for Reconstruction
and Development

(the "Bank")
Italian Lire 200,000,000,000
Variable Rate Notes due 2001 (No. 01)
(the "Notes")

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, pursuant to Condition 6(e) of the Terms and Conditions of the Notes and Condition 13(b) of the Pricing Supplement dated June 21, 1994, the Bank will exercise its option to convert the interest basis of the Notes to 6-month London (LIB) Libor, effective June 28, 1997.

INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR RECONSTRUCTION
AND DEVELOPMENT
By: Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York
as Global Agent

Dated: June 6, 1997

Templeton

Templeton Global Strategy Funds
Société d'investissement à capital variable
26, boulevard Royal, L-2449 Luxembourg
R.C. B 35 177

Shareholders of Templeton Global Strategy Funds (the "Company") are hereby informed that the Board of Directors of the Company has determined that the Templeton American Fund (the "Fund") will be renamed Franklin Mutual Bond Fund and that its investment objectives and policies will be amended, with effect from July 7, 1997 (the "Conversion Date").

After the Conversion Date, the main features of the Fund will be as follows:

- The primary objective of the Fund will be capital appreciation. A secondary objective will be income. The Fund will pursue its objective primarily through investments in common stock and preferred stock as well as debt securities and securities convertible into common stock (including convertible preferred and convertible debt securities). The Fund will have no pre-set limits as to the percentage of its portfolio which may be invested in equity securities or debt securities. Generally, at least 70% of the Fund's assets will be invested in securities of U.S. issuers. The opinions of the Investment Manager (see below) are based upon analysis and research, taking into account, among other factors, the relationship of book value (after taking into account accounting differences among countries) to market value, cash flow, multiple of earnings, of comparable securities, credit worthiness of issuers, as well as the value of collateral securing a debt obligation, with the objective of purchasing equity and debt securities at below their intrinsic value. The Fund will also seek to invest in the securities of companies involved in mergers, consolidations, liquidations and reorganizations or as to which there exist tender or exchange offers, and may participate in such transactions. Within the limits established by the investment restrictions, the Fund may purchase indebtedness, including debentures, both secured and unsecured, of debtor companies in reorganization or financial restructuring.
- Such indebtedness may be in the form of loans, notes, bonds or debentures. The base currency of the Fund will be U.S. Dollars.
- It is anticipated that under normal circumstances distributions will be made usually in the case of the Shares relating to the Fund.
- Franklin Mutual Advisers, Inc. will act as investment manager (the "Investment Manager") to the Fund.
- The Investment Manager will receive from the Company a monthly fee equivalent to 1.30% per annum of the Fund's average daily net assets during the year.
- The Shares of the Fund will be offered as Class A and Class B Shares and will be available in registered and bearer form (Class A Shares) or in registered form only (Class B Shares).

Shareholders who do not concur with these changes may, from June 6, 1997 and until the Conversion Date, continue to request, free of charge, the redemption of their Shares of the Fund or the exchange of such Shares into Shares of other Funds of the Company, details of which can be found in the current Prospectus (provided that such Funds have obtained recognition for marketing in the Shareholders' jurisdiction).

For further information, Shareholders are invited to contact their nearest Templeton office:

Edinburgh Tel: (41) 49 22 23 272 Toll-free from U.K. 0800 305 305 International (44) 131 469 4000 Fax: (44) 131 228 4006	Frankfurt Tel: (49) 69 272 23 120 Fax: (49) 69 272 23 120	Hong Kong Tel: (852) 2877 7733 Fax: (852) 2877 5401	Luxembourg Tel: (352) 46 46 67 212 Fax: (352) 22 21 60
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The Board of Directors

NOTICE OF EARLY REDEMPTION

To the Holders of Dan norske Bank ASA

(the "Bank")

U.S.\$50,000,000

Subordinated Floating Rate Notes due 2002

(the "Notes")

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that in accordance with Condition 6 (c) of the Notes, the Bank will redeem all of the outstanding Notes at par on the Interest Payment Date falling on July 3, 1997.

Consent for this early redemption has been obtained from the Banking Insurance and Securities Commission of the Kingdom of Norway, as required under Clause 6 of the Forty-Ninth Supplemental Trust Deed constituting the Notes.

June 4, 1997, London
By: Citibank, N.A. (European Agency & Trust) Principal Paying Agent

CITIBANK

COMPANIES AND FINANCE: EUROPE

EUROPEAN NEWS DIGEST

Outokumpu sees full-year advance

Outokumpu, the Finnish mining and metals group, forecast "markedly better" full-year profits for 1997 and announced a sharp improvement in four-month profits. Pre-tax profits rose from FM305m to FM502m (\$96.6m) as the group benefited from growth in its main base metals and stainless steel operations. Outokumpu, hit last year by a big fall in stainless steel prices, said market conditions and prices had improved in the first four months. Prices were still well below levels in the same period last year, but seemed likely to rise during the rest of the year.

Group turnover was FM6.2bn, against FM5.8bn.

Outokumpu said growth was broad-based but fastest in the US, south-east Asia and China. Growth in metals consumption, which has been depressed by a sluggish economy, resumed.

Greg McIvor, Stockholm

Auditors say loan saved BA unit

Deutsche BA, the German division of British Airways, faced bankruptcy at the end of the last financial year but was saved by a loan from its British parent, according to an internal auditors' report leaked to the German press. According to the report by Ernst & Young, Deutsche BA faced debts of DM277m (\$160m) by the end of the 1996 financial year, but British Airways stepped in with a DM340m interest-free loan to help save the company.

This is the first time that figures showing the losses faced by Deutsche BA have come into the public domain. The company has admitted that it has been struggling with losses amid fierce competition with rivals such as Lufthansa, the German airline, but has so far refused to give details.

Graham Bowley, Frankfurt

Brewpole denies sale plan

Brewpole, which is owned by a group of private Australian investors, has denied it is seeking a buyer for its \$200m holding in Ellerslie and Havelton, two Polish companies which own three breweries in northern Poland and have a more than 16 per cent local market share. Brewpole, which is partnered by Grolsch, the Dutch brewing group, said reports that it was looking to sell out were "absolutely without foundation".

Christopher Bobinski, Warsaw

Crédit Agricole proposes bid

Crédit Agricole, the French mutualist banking group, has proposed making an agreed bid for control of Bankia, based in the northern Spanish city of San Sebastián, the Spanish bank said yesterday.

The acquisition of Bankia, with 33 branches and a current market capitalisation of Pta7.33bn (\$50.2m), would be a further step in the French group's policy of building a presence in Spain through the Basque region. It bought a brokerage business in the region last year. Trading in Bankia shares, which are listed on the Bilbao stock exchange and the open-outcry market in Madrid, was suspended yesterday by the CNMV securities commission.

David White, Madrid

Nestlé sales ahead 18%

Sales at Nestlé, the Swiss food group, rose more than 18 per cent in the first four months of 1997 from the year-earlier period, the chairman, Mr Helmut Maucher, said. He expected higher volume growth this year, and was confident Nestlé would meet its profit targets for 1997.

Reuter, Lausanne

Repsol names new directors

Repsol, the recently privatised oil, gas and chemicals group, yesterday appointed four outside directors to its 15-member board in place of government appointees who represented the former state-owned equity. The move marks a further advance in Spain of the corporate governance principle of protecting the interests of mainstream shareholders. Repsol's new board members include Mr Juan Antonio García Díez, chairman of the Uraltia industrial conglomerate, and Mr Ignacio Bayón, chairman of Citroën Hispania, the French car manufacturer's subsidiary in Spain.

Tom Burns, Madrid

Vedior debut beats forecast

Shares in Vedior, the Dutch employment services group, made a strong start in Amsterdam yesterday, rising from the issue price of Ft 38 to Ft 48, much higher than expected by analysts. The shares were floated by majority shareholder Vindex International, the Dutch retail company, as part of a corporate break-up. Vindex said interest in the Vedior shares had been "overwhelming", coming from both retail and institutional investors, and that the issue had been 30 times oversubscribed.

Barbara Smith, Amsterdam

KGHM privatisation wins official approval

By Christopher Bobinski in Warsaw

Poland's largest industrial privatisation to date got under way yesterday when the country's securities commission (KPW) approved a prospectus for KGHM Polska Miedź, the copper ore mining and smelting conglomerate which accounts for about 4 per cent of world copper output.

The sale of KGHM, which has been valued by the treasury at between \$1bn and \$1.5bn, is due to start on June 30.

It will come 10 days after the closure of the privatisation of the

Bank Handlowy, one of the country's largest banks. Handlowy stock worth \$660m is currently being offered to foreign institutional investors as well as domestic retail clients and institutions.

The sale of KGHM has a chequered history dating back to the early 1990s when bids by both Western Mining of Australia and Assarco, the US metals group, to become strategic investors in the company were blocked by management and workers despite the government's efforts to complete the sale.

The privatisation only became a

real possibility when plans to bring in an outside investor were dropped and the powerful trade unions in the plant accepted a strategy under which up to 15 per cent of the equity is to be handed to the 30,000-plus workforce.

Under the present offer - in which the government is being advised by a consortium composed of BZW, UBS and the local Wielkopolski Bank Kredytowy (WBK) - the employees will have to retain their stock for two years.

Meanwhile, retail and institutional investors at home are being offered 15 per cent, and up to 25 per cent of the equity will be placed with financial institutions abroad.

Domestic retail investors are being offered a 3 per cent discount on the price paid by institutions.

The stock is to be allocated by July 7.

Merrill Lynch and Robert Fleming are acting as co-lead managers of the sale, and the co-managers include Creditanstalt, Commerzbank and ING Barings.

The sale comes as world copper prices have recovered to about \$2,500 a tonne, with KGHM reporting its present average copper production cost at about \$1,900 per tonne.

Last year KGHM produced 425,000 tonnes of copper.

The company, which also has a potentially lucrative stake in Polkomtel, a cellular telephone operator, reported a 149m zlotys (\$46.6m) net profit last year. This marked a big drop on net profits of 514m zlotys in 1995.

KGHM also produces gold and silver and has begun to invest in Poland's cable manufacturing industry.

Analysts at Merrill Lynch, valuing KGHM at between \$1.1bn and \$1.3bn, predict that production costs at the company will be cut about \$1,430 per tonne by 2000 when the net profit is expected to reach 554m zlotys.

Break-up talk lifts KPN shares

By Barbara Smith in Amsterdam

Shares in KPN, the Dutch postal and telecommunications company, rose for the fourth day in Amsterdam yesterday as speculation intensified about an expected break-up of the group.

KPN shares closed last night at Ft 75, down from a high of Ft 75.60 in afternoon trading but up 10 per cent since the beginning of the week.

KPN has been studying a potential share split for the past six months and has promised to publish its decision before the end of the year. But speculation about an imminent separation increased yesterday after a report in a Dutch newspaper that Goldman Sachs and McKinsey, the management consultants, had both advised KPN's board to go ahead.

KPN confirmed it had asked McKinsey and Goldman Sachs to evaluate the advantages of a split, but declined to comment on the outcome of the studies and the date of any announcement. "It will come before the end of the year, but only when we are really ready," the company said.

Analysts have argued in recent months in favour of a split. PTT Post, KPN's postal business, once seen as a drag on the company, has gained momentum since it acquired the Australian transport group TNT last year. It now generates about half of KPN's total turnover.

Analysts also predicted that PTT Telecom, KPN's telecommunications arm, would come under increasing pressure in the next few years because of deregulation and falling prices. "The split would give investors the opportunity to buy the promising postal stock without worrying about the telecoms side," said Mr Arjen Dibbets, analyst at MeesPierson. "Besides, there is hardly any synergy between the two branches, so there is absolutely no reason why they should be held together."

Underlying result hits Orkla shares

By Greg McIvor in Stockholm

Shares in Orkla, the Norwegian conglomerate which is one of the country's biggest listed groups, tumbled yesterday after it reported a dip in underlying profits in its core divisions in the first four months.

Pre-tax profits rose strongly, from Nkr683m to Nkr933m (\$131m), but the increase was based on non-recurring gains.

Operating profits rose from Nkr514m to Nkr633m, but fell 12 per cent when adjusted for one-off items and currencies.

The figures were below market expectations and the most-traded A shares slid Nkr42, or 7 per cent, to Nkr568. Group sales rose from Nkr3.3bn to Nkr3.4bn and earnings per share were Nkr13.50, against Nkr10.10.

Orkla was hit by a sharp fall in profits at its chemicals division. Additionally, its branded consumer goods



New formula needed: chemicals profits fell and pressure on Orkla is seen to be increasing

businesses - centred on its extensive food and beverages businesses - showed sluggish growth.

Analysts suggested the

group - which has a record of strong profitability in recent years - was becoming increasingly exposed to international competition.

Additionally, the beverages division is likely to suffer heavy pressure on margins from the loss of the Nordic licence for produc-

tion and distribution of Coca-Cola products, which terminated in April, although a severance settlement yielded a Nkr380m net gain for Orkla.

"They will not be able to sustain the growth of the past few years in the next two to three," said Mr Henrik Schultz, consumer goods analyst at Den norske Bank in Oslo. However, Mr Schultz did not believe the company should narrow its operative focus, stressing that margins across Orkla's businesses remained sound.

Operating profits in beverages operations rose from Nkr45m to Nkr73m, while those at the foods division rose from Nkr140m to Nkr140m, despite a fall in sales from Nkr3.4bn to Nkr3.1bn.

In chemicals, the group suffered soft sales of fine chemicals and low specialty pulp prices. Operating profits slid from Nkr153m to Nkr79m on turnover flat at Nkr1.7bn.



EUROTUNNEL P.L.C.

Registered Office: Cheriton Park, Cheriton High Street, Folkestone, Kent CT19 4QS

Registered in England and Wales No.1980271

EUROTUNNEL S.A.

Société Anonyme with a share capital of FRF 9,195,534,190

Registered Office: 140-144 boulevard Malesherbes, 75017 Paris

RCS: Paris B 334 192 408

NOTICES OF GENERAL MEETINGS

These notices are to holders of Units in bearer form and, for information only, to holders of bearer Warrants.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual and Extraordinary General Meetings of Eurotunnel P.L.C. will be held on Thursday 10 July 1997 at 2.30 pm (local time) at the Palais des Congrès, 2 Place de la Porte Maillot, 75017 Paris or as soon thereafter as the Combined General Meeting of Eurotunnel S.A. to be held on the same day and at the same place shall have ended or have been adjourned, for the following purposes:

EUROTUNNEL P.L.C. (Annual General Meeting)

1. To receive the Directors' Report and the audited accounts.
2. Re-appointment of Patrick Penelope.
3. Re-appointment of Robert Malpas.
4. Re-appointment of Philippe Lagyons.
5. Re-appointment of Christopher Tugwell.
6. Re-appointment of Guy de Wouters (*).
7. Re-appointment of Denis Child.
8. Re-appointment and remuneration of Auditors.

* Member of the Remuneration Committee.

EUROTUNNEL P.L.C. (Extraordinary General Meeting)

1. That, subject to and conditionally upon (i) the passing by Eurotunnel S.A. shareholders at the Combined General Meeting of Eurotunnel S.A. to be held at the Cercle National des Armées, 8 Place Saint-Augustin, 75008 Paris on 24 June 1997 at 9.30 a.m. (local time), or at any adjournment thereof, of resolutions 7 to 18 to be proposed at such meeting (a translation of which appears on pages 8 to 16 of the English language version of the circular to shareholders dated 29 May 1997) relating to the Company and Eurotunnel S.A. (the "Prospectus"); (ii) resolution 2 set out in the notice convening this meeting; (iii) the "Notice" contained in the Circular being passed; and (iv) the coming into force, by all of its parties, of the Restructuring Agreement (as defined in the Prospectus and on the terms described in the Prospectus subject to any amendment, variation or modification thereto as the Directors or any duly constituted committee thereof may approve);

- (a) each of the existing issued ordinary shares of 40p each in the capital of the Company be sub-divided into 40 ordinary shares of 1p each forming one class with the ordinary shares of 1p each created pursuant to sub-paragraph (a) of this resolution;
- (b) the articles of association of the Company in the form produced to the meeting under "New Articles (1)" and initiated for the purpose of identification by the Chairman of the meeting, be adopted by the Company as the Company's articles of association to the exclusion of, and in substitution for, the existing articles of association of the Company;
- (c) in substitution for any existing sub-authorities, the Directors be generally and unconditionally authorised pursuant to Section 80 of the Companies Act 1985 (the "Act") to exercise all the powers of the Company to allot relevant securities (within the meaning of section 80 (2) of the Act and so that references to the allotment of relevant securities shall be construed in accordance with the said section) up to an aggregate nominal amount of £23,000,000 provided that this authority shall expire on the date of the general meeting of Eurotunnel S.A. at which the accounts of that company for the year ending 31 December 1997 are approved, save that the Company may before such expiry make an offer or agreement which would or might require relevant securities to be allotted after such expiry and the Directors may allot relevant securities in pursuance of such an offer or agreement as if the authority conferred hereby had not expired; and

- (d) the Directors be empowered pursuant to Section 95(1) of the Act, in substitution for any previous such power, to allot equity securities (within the meaning of section 94 of the Act and so that references to the allotment of equity securities shall be construed in accordance with the said section) pursuant to the authority conferred upon them by sub-paragraph (d) of this resolution as if section 89(1) of the Act did not apply to such allotment provided that the power conferred by this resolution shall expire on the date of the general meeting of Eurotunnel S.A. at which the accounts of that company for the year ending 31 December 1997 are approved, save that the Company may before such expiry make an offer or agreement which would or might require equity securities to be allotted after such expiry and the Directors may allot equity securities in pursuance of such offer or agreement as if the power conferred hereby had not expired.

2. That, conditionally upon resolution 1 set out in the notice convening this meeting (the "Notice") contained in the English language version of the circular to shareholders dated 29 May 1997 being passed and itself becoming unconditional:
- (a) the issued share capital of the Company be reduced by £339,425,831.41 by the cancellation of all of the deferred shares of 1p each in the capital of the Company which result from the sub-division and redesignation provided for by resolution 1(a) set out in the Notice; and
- (b) £629,076,166.59 of the amount standing to the credit of the share premium account of the Company be cancelled.

3. That subject to and conditionally upon the reduction of share capital provided for by resolution 2 set out in the notice convening this meeting (the "Notice") contained in the English language version of the circular to shareholders dated 29 May 1997 being passed, the articles of association of the Company in the form produced to the meeting under "New Articles (2)" and initiated for the purpose of identification by the Chairman of the meeting, be adopted by the Company as the Company's articles of association to the exclusion of, and in substitution for, the existing articles of association adopted by sub-paragraph (c) of resolution 1 set out in the Notice.

EUROTUNNEL S.A.

Notice is hereby given that the Combined General Meeting of Eurotunnel S.A. will be held on Thursday 24 June 1997 at the Cercle National des Armées, 8 Place Saint-Augustin, 75008 Paris at 9.30 am (local time), and in the likely event that a quorum is not obtained, the adjourned meeting will be held at the Palais des Congrès, 2 Place de la Porte Maillot, 75017 Paris on Thursday 10 July at 2.30 pm (local time), for the following purposes:

1. To approve the annual accounts for the year ended 31 December 1996 and to grant a discharge to the Directors and Commissions aux Comptes.
2. To make an appropriation to profit and loss.
3. To approve the contents listed in the Special Report of the Auditors drawn up in accordance with article 101 of the law of 24 July 1965 on commercial companies.
4. To re-elect as a Director Mr Guy de Wouters.
5. To re-elect as a Director Mr Guy de Wouters.
6. To ratify the transfer of the registered office.
7. To approve the Restructuring Agreement.
8. To resolve not to wind up the Company following the loss of half of the share capital.
9. To approve the reduction of capital by a reduction in the par value of a share and corresponding amendments to the statutes.
10. To approve the financial restructuring plan.
11. To approve the principal conditions of the increase in capital.
12. To authorise the implementation of the increase in capital by way of a reserved issue to named beneficiaries.
13. To authorise the increase in capital in two tranches: first tranche open to shareholders with waiver of preferential subscription rights and rights of priority.
14. To authorise the increase in capital in two tranches: second tranche reserved to the lenders.
15. To authorise the increase in capital in two tranches: first tranche with preferential subscription rights.
16. To authorise the increase in capital in two tranches: second tranche reserved to the lenders.
17. To authorise the issue of Equity Notes by a subsidiary of Eurotunnel S.A. and redeemable in Eurotunnel S.A. shares, with waiver of preferential subscription rights.
18. To authorise the allotment of free warrants - 2001 warrants.
19. To authorise amendments to the statutes.
20. Delegation of powers for the completion of formalities.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR ATTENDANCE AND VOTING FOR HOLDERS OF BEARER UNITS

If you intend to attend meetings in person or to vote by post or by proxy, you must immobilise your Units at least 5 days before the meetings by notifying the bank or other institution through which your Units are held of your intention to attend and/or vote. If you intend to attend the meetings in person, when you immobilise your Units, you should request an Admission Card through the bank or other institution through which your Units are held. If requested in sufficient time, you should receive an Admission Card before the meetings. If you may still attend the meetings provided that your Units are immobilised and you bring with you suitable evidence of your identity and of the immobilisation of your Units.

If you do not intend to attend the meetings in person, you may exercise your voting rights by using the combined proxy form and postal voting form. Copies of proxy and postal voting forms and other documents including the full text of the resolutions to be put to the meetings and sent to registered unit holders in connection with the meetings may be obtained from:

English language - (by post) Royal Bank of Scotland Plc, Registrar's department, PO Box 39, Cannon House, Redcliffe Way, Bristol BS99 7ZS. England - (available for collection) Citibank, 111 Wall Street, New York, New York 10043, USA; The Nomura Securities Company Limited, 1-9-1 Nishinabashi, 1 Chuo-ku, Tokyo 103, Japan; Eurotunnel Fondsmanagement, Norddammgraben 15, PO Box 16067, Stockholm 16332, Sweden.

French language - (by post) Crédit Agricole Indosuez, 96 boulevard Haussmann, 75008, Paris, Générale de Banque, Montparnasse, 1000 Brussels, Belgium; Crédit Agricole Indosuez, Belgium, 40 rue des Colonies, 1000 Brussels, Belgium.

By Order of the Board, S.A. Walter FCIS, Eurotunnel P.L.C.

The Board of Directors Eurotunnel S.A.

NOTICE OF SPECIAL REDEMPTION

To the Holders of:

Restructured Obligations Backed by Senior Assets B.V. Secured Senior Floating Rate Notes due March 10, 1998 (the "Notes") ISIN: XS0015872534

Pursuant to Section 8.03 of the Indenture dated as of May 1, 1996, as amended and restated as of June 15, 1996 (the "Indenture"), pursuant to which the above-referenced Notes were issued, notice is hereby given that on or before June 10, 1997, Currency Payment Date (such date is herein referred to as the "Special Redemption Date") the Notes, in whole or in part, are subject to special redemption (the "Special Redemption") pursuant to Section 8.01(c) of the Indenture in order to effect principal payments thereof. Accordingly, on the Special Redemption Date, the Notes will be redeemed at an aggregate Redemption Price equal to 100% of the Senior Note Principal Amount available for such Currency Payment Date, plus the accrued interest thereon at the Senior Note Interest Rate through the day preceding the Special Redemption Date (the "Redemption Price").

It is expected that less than all of the Notes will be redeemed. The Indenture provides that upon such circumstances, the particular Notes to be redeemed shall be selected by the Trustee from Outstanding Notes not previously called for redemption by lot. Holders of Euro-Notes will be selected via the process described in the Indenture. The dates of Capital and Interest Payments to redeem Notes has been reduced so that the principal payments on the Notes to be redeemed shall be integral multiples of \$500,000.

Interest of interest and principal due on or prior to a Redemption Date shall continue to be payable to the Holders of Notes to be redeemed as of the relevant Redemption Date according to their terms and provisions of the Indenture.

State Street Bank and Trust Company, as Trustee

June 6, 1997.

NOTICE OF EARLY REDEMPTION

To the Holders of
TURKIYE CUMHURİYETİ
(THE REPUBLIC OF TURKEY)
(the "Republic")
US\$200,000,000
10% per cent. Bonds due 1999
(the "Bonds")

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that pursuant to Condition 6(b) of the Terms and Conditions of the Bonds, holders may elect to have their Bonds redeemed by the Republic on September 15, 1997 (the "Optional Redemption Date") at their principal amount outstanding together with accrued interest to the Optional Redemption Date.

To exercise this option holders must deposit such Bonds together with all interest coupons appertaining thereto on or prior to August 15, 1997, at the specified office of any Paying Agent, or the Registrar or any Transfer Agent in the case of Registered Bonds, together with a duly completed redemption notice in the form obtainable from any of the Agents specified below.

fiscal Agent
Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York
60 Victoria Embankment
London EC4Y 0DP

Paying & Transfer Agent
Banque Paribas Luxembourg
101, Boulevard Royal
L-2098 Luxembourg

Registrar
First Trust of New York N.A.
100 Wall Street
New York, NY 10005

Paying Agents
Morgan Guaranty Trust Company
of New York
Avenue des Arts 35
B-1040 Brussels

Swiss Bank Corporation
6 Paradesplatz
8010 Zurich

TURKIYE CUMHURİYETİ
By: Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York
as Fiscal Agent
Dated: June 6, 1997

Carlton Communications Plc ("Carlton") published its results for the six months ended 31st March 1997 on 5 June 1997. Copies of the half-yearly report are available to holders of Carlton's Exchangeable Capital Securities from Carlton's registered office at 25 Knightsbridge, London SW1X 7KZ.

COMPANIES AND FINANCE: ASIA-PACIFIC

Pakistan telecoms left hanging on

Six-year sell-off saga shows little sign of ending despite orders from ministers

Privatisation of Pakistan's telecommunications sector will take a step forward on Monday when the last vouchers in the state telecoms company must be converted into shares.

But the future profits of Pakistan Telecommunications Corporation (PTCL), will depend on next week's budget, which is expected to set new phone tariffs and give analysts a chance to assess growth prospects.

PTCL issued 100-share vouchers in domestic and foreign placements almost three years ago when the government sold 12 per cent of its shares.

The vouchers became convertible into shares last year in preparation for PTCL's privatisation.

Mr Nawaz Sharif, prime minister, has ordered the company's management to prepare it for privatisation in the next 12 months. But critics are sceptical, since the plan to sell the company is now in its sixth year.

The delay, along with a number of concerns over the company's future, have triggered a sharp fall in PTCL's share price during the past year.

The latest financial results, though short on revenue growth, provide some encouragement in the shape of profits.

The PTCL's revenues during the second half of 1996 - from July to December rose only 5 per cent compared with the first half of the year (January to June) - from Rs18.67bn to Rs19.61bn (\$468.9m). But second-half operating profits half jumped 24.35 per cent, from Rs6.81bn in the first half to Rs8.47bn.

The improvement is seen by some analysts as perhaps a one-time gain, partly resulting from a write-off of bad debts worth Rs1.54bn in the first half, while there were no such write-offs in the second half.

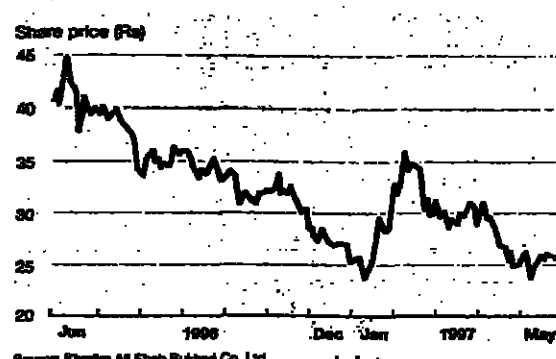
In the run up to the budget, Mr Nadeem Mirza, PTCL's chairman, has urged the government to reduce a 40 per cent tax known as central excise duty and pass on the benefit to the company by increasing inland tariffs.

PTCL management says that the company gets little benefit from what may appear to be exorbitant rates, because a large chunk goes to the government.

"Since 88 per cent of the company is still owned by the government," Mr Mirza says, "they will stand to benefit from lower tariffs because higher usage will lead to revenue growth."

Other PTCL executives worry over recent attempts

Delay and doubt take their toll



by the government to detect income tax evasion by requiring all telephone subscribers to file tax returns.

"This step will carry no benefit because currently there are 1m income tax payers in Pakistan and there are 2.5m subscribers," says one senior executive. "The tax system will be choked with a 150 per cent increase in tax returns" and PTCL would be damaged by a disincentive to increased subscription and usage.

Many subscribers are also bitter over what they consider to be irrational tariffs - such as a five-minute day-time call from Islamabad to Karachi, the business capital, costing roughly the same as a three-minute call to

London.

Some analysts say that concerns over future revenue growth have discouraged investors.

Part of the problem has been caused by uncertainty over the share of phone lines that will go to NTC (National Telecommunications Corporation), a smaller company carved out of the PTCL last year, which will exclusively serve government offices and Pakistan's defence forces.

NTC was formed in response to fears that PTCL's privatisation would jeopardise national security interests by giving unwanted access to confidential communication.

There are other concerns, among which are the effect of reduced international

accounting rates which are certain to push down the company's international call revenues.

Mr Asghar Merchant, telecom analyst at Karachi's Khadim Ali Shah Bukhari brokerage, says the recently formed telecommunications regulatory organisation, the Pakistan Telecom Authority, needs to be strengthened before such issues can be firmly resolved.

"Unless there is a very distinct regulatory body in place, you can't privatise PTCL. They have now established one but it will take time to settle in."

Many analysts also say that the company needs to cut almost a quarter of its work-force of 55,000.

Though the prime minister is known to have considered large scale retrenchments in the public sector, it is not clear if the government will approve the step, which is bound to lead to widespread union protests.

Senior officials concede that the anxieties surrounding the company, and the uncertainty caused by its delayed privatisation, may lead to a softening in the sale terms offered earlier, though a final decision is yet to be made.

Farhan Bokhari

Murdoch son to chair News Ltd

By Nikki Tait in Sydney

Mr Lachlan Murdoch, the eldest of Mr Rupert Murdoch's three children who has been mentioned as a potential successor to the News Corporation chairman, yesterday secured his place at the top of the media and entertainment group's Australian operations.

News Corp announced that the younger Mr Murdoch would become chairman of News Limited, the group's main Australian arm, on July 1.

Mr Murdoch is already managing director at News Ltd, a post he took up last September.

Mr Murdoch joined the News Ltd board in 1996, and before that was general manager of the company's Queensland Newspapers

business. He will replace Mr Ken Cowley, a long-serving Murdoch lieutenant, as chairman of News Ltd.

Mr Cowley announced his decision to retire in April this year, having played a visible role in grooming Mr Murdoch to take over.

Mr Cowley, who has been with News for 33 years, will remain on the News Corporation board and also continue as chairman of Ansett, the Australian airline in which News has a 50 per cent stake.

Mr Rupert Murdoch's children are actively involved in the business.

Lachlan's sister, Elisabeth, has an executive role with BSkyB, the UK-based satellite TV group, while his younger brother, James, is involved in the music side of News Corp.



Lachlan Murdoch is seen as a potential successor to his father Rupert at News Corp

Notice IMI Bank (International)		
IMI Bank (International) hereby gives notice to holders (the "Holders") of the notes and bonds specified below and the relative coupons (together, the "Securities") that on 30th May, 1997 it:		
1. redomiciled from the Cayman Islands to Madeira, Portugal;		
2. changed its registered office to Rua do Aljube, nº 17-2º andar, 9000 Funchal, Madeira, Portugal and its telex number to 72422 IMIBK; and		
3. changed its registered name to IMIBank (International) S.A. (but will continue to trade under the name of IMI Bank (International)).		
The Law Debenture Trust Corporation p.l.c. ("Law Debenture") and Bankers Trust Company Limited ("Bankers Trust") and, together with Law Debenture, the "Trustees"), being the respective trustees of the Securities, are of the opinion that the modifications to the respective Trust Deeds specified below constituting the Securities (the "Trust Deeds") to provide therein for (inter alia) such redomiciliation and change of registered name as proper and, where applicable, will not be materially prejudicial to the interests of the Holders and have accordingly consented to the implementation of such modifications in accordance with the respective Trust Deeds, each implementation being effected by Supplemental Trust Deeds each dated 30th May 1997 (the "Supplemental Trust Deeds") made between IMIBank (International) S.A., Istituto Mobiliare Italiano S.p.A. and the respective Trustees.		
The Securities listed prior to 30th May, 1997 on the London, Luxembourg and Paris Stock Exchanges (as the case may be) will remain listed thereon but, with effect on and from 30th May, 1997, as securities in the name of IMIBank (International) S.A. rather than of IMI Bank (International). The Securities now in issue will remain valid and accordingly will not be called in for replacement or endorsement.		
Securities	Trust Deed	Paying Agents
A. Law Debenture		
Notes issued under the Euro Medium Term Note Programme of U.S. \$500,000,000	Trust Deed dated 31st March, 1989 as supplemented on 15th March, 1991	Bankers Trust Company 1 Appold Street Broadway London EC2A 2HE England
Notes issued under the Euro Medium Term Note Programme of U.S. \$2,500,000,000 (formerly U.S. \$1,500,000,000)	Trust Deed dated 25th November, 1992 as supplemented on 19th August, 1993	Bankers Trust Luxembourg S.A. 14 Boulevard ED. Roosevelt L-1450 Luxembourg
Notes issued and to be issued under the Euro Medium Term Note Programme of U.S. \$7,500,000,000 (formerly U.S. \$5,000,000,000)	Trust Deed dated 25th November, 1992 as amended and renewed on 7th November, 1995 and as supplemented on 15th November, 1996	Bankers Trust Company and Bankers Trust Luxembourg S.A. (at the offices stated above) and Bankers Trust (France) S.A. 12-14 Rue de la République 75008 Paris France
U.S. \$135,000,000 Guaranteed Zero Coupon Bonds due 2005	Trust Deed dated 30th November, 1990	Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York 60 Victoria Embankment London EC4Y 0TP England
Notes issued and to be issued pursuant to DM 400,000,000 Floating Rate Notes due 1997	Trust Deed dated 10th November, 1994	Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York (at the offices stated above) and Banque Générale de Luxembourg S.A. 50, Boulevard J.F. Kennedy L-1591 Luxembourg and Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York, Brussels Office Avenue des Arts 35 B-1040 Brussels Belgium and Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York, Frankfurt Office Zweigniederlassung Frankfurt Bockenheimerstr. 204 D-60313 Frankfurt Germany
B. Bankers Trust		
FF 1,000,000,000 9% per cent. Notes due 2002	Trust Deed dated 27th October, 1987 as supplemented on 15th April, 1992	Société Générale Bank & Trust S.A. 11-13 Avenue Emile Reuter L-2420 Luxembourg and Société Générale 29 Boulevard Haussmann 75009 Paris France
Y10,000,000,000 7 per cent. Dual Currency Guaranteed Bonds due 1997	Trust Deed dated 27th October, 1987 as supplemented on 9th May, 1990	Bankers Trust Company and Bankers Trust Luxembourg S.A. (at the offices stated above) and Swiss Bank Corporation WS-CP/Paying Agency Paradeplatz 6 8010 Zurich Switzerland

Each of the Trust Deeds and the Supplemental Trust Deeds is on display from the date hereof at the registered office of IMI Bank (International) S.A. in Madeira set out above, the specified offices of the applicable Paying Agents set out above, and, for 30 days from the date hereof, at Linklaters & Paines, Harrington House, 59-67 Gresham Street, London EC2V 7JA, England.

6th June, 1997

Issued by IMIBank (International) S.A.

SCOTTISH AMICABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY

Notice is hereby given that on 26th May 1997 a Petition was presented to the Court of Session in Scotland by Scottish Amicable Life Assurance Society incorporated under the Scottish Amicable Life Assurance Society's Act 1976 and having its principal office at Craigforth, Stirling FK9 4UE ("the Society") applying for, inter alia, an Order of the Court under Section 49 of, and Part I of Schedule 2C to, the Insurance Companies Act 1982 ("the Act"), sanctioning a scheme ("the Scheme") under which the long term business (as defined in the Act) carried on by the Society is to be transferred to The Prudential Assurance Company Limited, a company incorporated in England and having its registered office at 142 Holborn Bars, London EC1N 2NH.

Copies of the Petition, the Report of the Independent Actuary on the Scheme and the Circular to members and policyholders of the Society dated 28th May 1997 ("the Circular") are open for inspection at the addresses and times set out in the Schedule to this notice until the date on which the Court sanctions the Scheme. Copies of the Circular may be obtained by calling the Scottish Amicable Information Helpline on 0345 888 555 (or +44 990 888 560 if calling from outside the UK) on any weekday (Monday to Friday) between the hours of 9.00 am and 6.00 pm.

SCHEDULE

- (a) At the following offices of the Society between 9.00 am and 5.00 pm on any weekday (Monday to Friday) public holidays excepted:-
Craigforth, Stirling FK9 4UE
Westminster House, 11 Portland Street, Manchester M1 3HG
Kestrel House, Hedgerows Business Park, Colchester Road, Chelmsford CM2 5PF
- (b) At the following offices of The Prudential Assurance Company Limited between 9.00 am and 5.00 pm on any weekday (Monday to Friday) public holidays excepted:-
142 Holborn Bars, London EC1N 2NH
250 Euston Road, London NW1 2PQ
121 Kings Road, Reading RG1 3ES
- (c) At the following further addresses during usual business hours on any weekday (Monday to Friday) public holidays excepted:-
Ernst & Young, Wirtschaftsprüfungs- und Steuerberatungsgesellschaft mbH, Praterstrasse 23, 1021 Vienna, Austria
Ernst & Young, Block 1, Harcourt Centre, Harcourt Street, Dublin 2, Republic of Ireland
Ernst & Young, Avenue Marcel Thiry 204, 1200 Brussels, Belgium
Ernst & Young A/S, Tagensvej 56, DK-2200 Copenhagen N, Denmark
Reconta Ernst & Young, Via Domenico Romagnolo 16/A, 00196 Rome, Italy
Tilintalastajien Oy, Ernst & Young, Kaivokatu 8, 00100 Helsinki, Finland
HSD Ernst & Young, Tour Manhattan, Cedex 21, 92098 Paris La Défense 2, France
Advokaturbüro Dr. Markus Wanger, Landstrasse 36, FL-9490 Vaduz Liechtenstein
Ernst & Young GmbH, Wirtschaftsprüfungsgesellschaft, Eisenstrasse 3a, 80335 Munich, Germany
Ernst & Young, Centre Etoile, 5 Boulevard de la Foire, L-1528 Luxembourg
Ernst & Young, Suite 5, International House, Bell Lane, Gibraltar
Moest Ernst & Young, Drentestraat 20, 1063 HK Amsterdam, Netherlands
Potamitis Iliadou & Associates, 3-5 Ilission Street, Athens 11528, Greece
Ernst & Young, Tulline Gate 2, PO Box 6834, St Olavs plass, N-0130 Oslo, Norway
Ernst & Young, Edificio República, Avenida da República 90/3, 1600 Lisbon, Portugal
Ernst & Young, endurskóðun & ráðgjöf ehf., Skrifstofa 11A, 108 Reykjavík, Iceland
Ernst & Young, Totre Picasso, Plaza Pablo Ruiz Picasso, 28020 Madrid, Spain
Ernst & Young, 2 Adolf Fredriks Kyrkogata, PO Box 3143, S-10362 Stockholm, Sweden

Scottish Amicable

To Advertise
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Legal
Notices

Please contact

Melanie Miles

on

Tel: +44 0171 873 3349

Fax: +44 0171 873 3064

Notice
IMI Bank (International)

IMI Bank (International) hereby gives notice to holders of its outstanding notes, bonds, coupons, eurocommercial paper and certificates of deposit (together, the "Securities") and to other counterparties that on 30th May, 1997 it:

- redomiciled from the Cayman Islands to Madeira, Portugal;
- changed its registered office to Rua do Aljube, nº 17-2º andar, 9000 Funchal, Madeira, Portugal and its telex number to 72422 IMIBK; and
- changed its registered name to IMIBank (International) S.A. (but will continue to trade under the name of IMI Bank (International)).

Any Securities listed prior to 30th May, 1997 will remain listed but, with effect on and from 30th May, 1997, as securities in the name of IMIBank (International) S.A. rather than of IMI Bank (International).

The Securities now in issue will remain valid and accordingly will not be called in for replacement or endorsement.

A separate notice of even date herewith has been issued to the holders of the notes and bonds of IMI Bank (International) guaranteed by Istituto Mobiliare Italiano S.p.A. in respect of which The Law Debenture Trust Corporation p.l.c. and Bankers Trust Company Limited respectively are trustees.

6th June, 1997 Issued by IMIBank (International) S.A.

ABN-AMRO Holding N.V.
established in Amsterdam

Final Dividend

With reference to its advertisement of May 9, 1997, ABN AMRO Holding N.V. announces that the ordinary shares of NLG 1.25 nominal value which were reserved for, but have not been claimed by, the holders of stock dividend coupons no. 24 have been sold and that a proportionate share of the proceeds, i.e. NLG 2.38 per dividend coupon no. 24 from an ordinary share of NLG 5 nominal value, will be kept available to these holders.

ABN AMRO Holding N.V.

Amsterdam, June 6, 1997.

NOTICE OF EARLY REDEMPTION

International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (the "Bank")

Italian Lire 300,000,000,000 8.50 per cent. Callable Notes due 1999 (No. 12) (the "Notes")

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all of the outstanding Notes will be redeemed by the Bank on June 28, 1997 (the "Optional Redemption Date"), pursuant to Condition 6(c) of the Terms and Conditions of the Notes and Condition 12 of the Pricing Supplement. The Notes will be redeemed at their principal amount outstanding together with accrued interest to the Optional Redemption Date. Interest shall cease to accrue on and from the Optional Redemption Date.

Payment of principal and interest will be made against presentation and surrender of, respectively, the Notes and Interest coupons pertaining to the Notes at the specified office of Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York, London Office or Banque Paribas Luxembourg.

INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR RECONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT

By: Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York as Global Agent

Dated: June 6, 1997

The Financial Times plans to publish a Survey on

France

on Wednesday, September 24

For further information, please contact:

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Barito Pacific plans Rp400bn bond issue

By Manuela Saragosa in Jakarta

Barito Pacific, Indonesia's largest plywood producer, said yesterday it planned to sell Rp400bn (\$64m) worth of five-year bonds at a fixed interest rate to restructure its debt.

The announcement marks the beginning of what is expected to be a busy three months in the Indonesian bond market. Twenty-five Indonesian companies are poised to launch bonds over the next

three months, which could nearly double the size of the rupiah bond market.

Barito Pacific said it had not yet determined the bond's pricing. Makindo, a local brokerage house, will act as underwriter, while Bank Niaga, which is publicly listed, has been appointed custodian bank.

The money raised will be used to repay debts Barito owes to state-owned Bank Bumi Daya and Bank Dagang Negara.

Bank Indonesia, the central bank, estimated that in September last year exchange-listed outstanding bonds amounted to Rp7,000bn. Approximately Rp6,000bn in new bond issues are in the pipeline between June and August.

Perusahaan Listrik Negara, the state-owned utility company, is set to launch Rp1,000bn of 10-year bonds in July. Riau Andalas, a pulp and paper company, is issuing between Rp500bn and

Rp1,000bn in five-year bonds in August, and Jakarta International Hotel Development, the property company, is planning an issue this month of five-year bonds worth Rp600bn.

Most of the planned issues will carry a five-year maturity and a fixed interest rate.

Expectations that interest rates are set to ease further before the end of year have contributed to the growth in the bond market. In addition, an increasing number of

mutual funds on the domestic market has spurred demand.

Indonesia now has 39 open-ended funds, most of which were launched in the middle of last year. About one-third of these invest solely in fixed-income instruments, despite the fact that the secondary market for bonds is relatively illiquid and all bonds issued are bearer bonds.

Apart from PLN's regular issues, bond offerings have generally been the domain of banks and

property companies, but analysts noted that Barito Pacific is among a handful of industrial companies which have started to tap the rupiah bond market in recent months.

Many see this as a consequence of the central bank's clampdown on credit growth in the banking sector. Bank Indonesia has imposed asset growth caps at individual banks, with an annual target of 18 per cent for the industry as a whole for 1997.

HKS\$1.9bn issue to finance bank stake

By Louise Lucas in Hong Kong

China Everbright-IHD Pacific, a mainland-backed Hong Kong conglomerate, has raised HKS\$1.9bn (US\$245m) through a share placement to finance its proposed purchase of a 20 per cent stake in a mainland bank.

The company said it had sought, but not yet received, approval from the Chinese authorities for the planned purchase of Everbright Bank of China. If the deal gets the go-ahead, it would give foreign investors a rare opportunity for exposure to China's banking sector.

Everbright Bank of China almost doubled net profits in 1996, when it reported earnings of about Yn\$800m (\$107.3m). This was according to Chinese accounting principles, which differ substantially from those used internationally.

The bank is 51 per cent owned by China Everbright Group in Beijing, an associate of China Everbright Holdings, the Hong Kong conglomerate's controlling shareholder - which is itself directly under the control of Beijing's state council.

Asia Development Bank owns 3.29 per cent of the bank's issued share capital. China Everbright-IHD Pacific said it also planned to use proceeds from the fund raising to purchase about 20 per cent of Theme International Holdings, a clothing retailer. Like the bank deal, this remains subject to approval.

Command performance by Bank of China chief

Wang Xuebing's tight control over regional managers has led to a dramatic fall in non-performing assets

Wang Xuebing, president of the Bank of China, is not afraid of confrontation: "It is not important that the managers always see eye-to-eye with me. What is important is that they obey me."

Such a peremptory management style may frustrate the ambitions of bank managers who once ran their branches as fiefdoms, but Mr Wang's methods are delivering results.

The Bank of China has seen a dramatic fall in non-performing assets in the last few years, since the head office in Beijing has clipped the wings of the regional managers.

Like the other big state banks in China, the BOC is burdened by a legacy of bad debts to loss-making state-owned enterprises. They have often been issued by branch officers under pressure from local officials to make dubious loans on social or political grounds.

But since the arrival of the BOC's stridently centralising president in late 1993, the

loan book looks markedly better. Non-performing loans issued since 1994 account for only 3 per cent of the bank's total non-performing assets.

Mr Wang, formerly the head of the BOC's New York office, is an active manager: conducting an interview over an elaborate Chinese banquet, the shark's fin soup and the abalone remain untouched, as the conversation skips from the BOC's plans to restructure its Hong Kong business, to his expectations of the development of banking in China and his hopes of a not-too-distant world of digitalised, card-based financial services.

He returns frequently to his favoured theme of "improving internal controls and internal management."

A few years ago, BOC branches were more autonomous, and some regional offices racked up losses in reckless foreign exchange deals that tore a hole in the bank's overall performance.

Since then Mr Wang's team in Beijing has imposed more rigorous controls.



Wang Xuebing: 'It is not important that the managers see eye-to-eye with me. What is important is that they obey me.'

Last year, the BOC generated pre-tax profits of \$2.3bn, up 23 per cent on 1995.

The domestic business has started to make a positive contribution to the bottom line, but the bulk of profits - \$1.8bn - continue to come from overseas business. Of that, \$1.6bn comes from BOC

operations in Hong Kong and Macau.

Mr Wang is relaxed about the return of the territory to Chinese control: "As far as Hong Kong as a financial market is concerned, I do not see much of a change."

Nevertheless, Mr Wang

A few years ago, BOC branches were more autonomous, and regional offices racked up losses in reckless foreign exchange deals that tore a hole in the bank's performance. Since then, Mr Wang has imposed more rigorous controls

of China focus on profitability," he says.

Investment banking, too, is a long-term project for the BOC. Mr Wang was a driving force behind the Bank of China International, an investment bank incorporated in London which will foster a staff of specialist bankers and capital markets experts for the future.

In mainland China, investment banking remains some years off for the BOC, which still needs to clean up its balance sheet and then develop its wholesale and retail businesses.

"We do not want to move on in terms of quantity, we want to improve the quality," Mr Wang says.

He notes calmly that interest income may have slipped slightly last year, but there was a 5 per cent increase in revenue from fees.

Mr Wang argues that the bank may need to forgo business, even if the overall volume or market share declines, in order to improve the quality of assets.

To that end, the BOC

under Mr Wang has centralised control of liquidity - significant lending decisions have to be approved in Beijing - and has barred BOC branches from foreign exchange dealing.

He wants to encourage BOC branches to build the level of deposits.

The retail banking business remains, at best, at break-even in China, as the government-controlled lending and deposit rates are almost the same, giving little or no margin for profit.

However, Mr Wang believes the People's Bank of China, the central bank, will have to change the levels at which rates are set, to make retail banking a viable business. In the meantime, retail deposits lift the bank's capital adequacy ratio, offering opportunities for commercial lending.

James Harding, Peter Montagnon and Tony Walker

ASIA-PACIFIC NEWS DIGEST

Former Nomura chiefs to resign

Nomura Securities, Japan's largest stockbroker, said yesterday that a former president and a former chairman, who now serve Nomura as advisers, would resign in connection with the scandal in which Nomura made illegal payments to a corporate racketeer. Nomura said that Mr Setsuya Tabuchi and Mr Yoshihisa Tabuchi expressed their intent to resign late last week to Mr Junichi Ujita, the president, "because they want the new management system to be able to operate wholeheartedly". Mr Tabuchi was Nomura's president from 1985 to 1991. He served as a director-counsellor and senior adviser to the broker since that time, becoming an adviser in May this year. Mr Tabuchi was chairman of the broker from 1985 to 1991. He has since served as a senior adviser and a director-counsellor, becoming an adviser in April this year.

AP-DJ, Tokyo

Indian silk weavers improve

India's leading silk fabrics manufacturers have reported better results for the year to March 31, helped by strong export demand at higher prices. Himastanga Seide, which derives all its revenues from silk production in foreign currencies, reported net sales up 22 per cent from Rs481.7m to Rs587.5m (\$16.4m). Other income rose from Rs26.6m to Rs32.1m. Expenditure increased from Rs216.7m to Rs234.8m, mainly because of the sharp rise in the price of silk yarn.

Pre-tax profits improved 6.4 per cent to Rs259.2m. However, net profits fell 3.2 per cent to Rs225.5m, after providing Rs33.7m for tax, against Rs10.8m in 1995-96. Earnings per share declined from Rs24.37 to Rs23.61.

Analysts are forecasting a rise in sales and profits in the current year as the company will soon commission a new weaving unit and a yarn factory.

Eastern Silk Industries, one of India's largest exporters of silk goods, saw a 19.4 per cent increase in revenues from Rs725m to Rs865.4m. Expenditure was up from Rs653.57 to Rs779.12m. Pre-tax profits improved from Rs68.7m to Rs83.5m, while net profits rose 8.8 per cent from Rs68m to Rs74m. Earnings per share advanced from Rs9.51 to Rs10.34. The company is investing nearly Rs1bn in building a silk fabric weaving and processing unit at Gurgaon.

Kunal Bose, Calcutta

One-offs help James Hardie

James Hardie, the Australian building materials group, yesterday announced a sharply improved profit of A\$33m (US\$22.9m) after tax for the year to end-March, up from A\$32.2m a year ago. But the improvement was largely owing to a A\$31.7m abnormal surplus, compared with a charge of A\$36.3m last time. Operating profits were 12.3 per cent lower, at A\$51.3m. The company said earnings had fallen at the Australian building products business as home construction declined, but had grown strongly at the fibre cement and gypsum units in the US. Sales were 7.2 per cent lower, at A\$1.53bn.

Meanwhile Emall, the appliances manufacturer, achieved flat after-tax profits, also for the year to end-March, at A\$55.3m, on sales up from A\$2.1bn to A\$2.2bn. Operating profit before tax and goodwill amortisation was up 31.8 per cent at A\$93m.

Nikki Tai, Sydney

Sundaram lifts earnings 5.8%

Sundaram Finance, one of India's largest non-banking finance companies, lifted net profits 5.8 per cent to Rs67m (\$18.2m) for the year to March 31. Revenues rose 26.13 per cent from Rs3.33bn a year earlier to Rs4.23bn. Earnings per share increased 5.8 per cent from Rs27.05 to Rs28.62. The company is raising the annual dividend from Rs3.5 to Rs4.5 a share. The results were in line with market expectations. The capital adequacy ratio of 16.86 per cent is more than double the minimum prescribed for NBFCs by the central bank. Non-performing assets were less than 2 per cent.

Kunal Bose

Apple slims in Singapore

The Singapore arm of Apple Computer, the US computer maker, said yesterday it would shut down its printed circuit board operations and make redundant 250 of its 800 staff at its Ang Mo Kio factory in Singapore, as part of the company's two-year global plan to streamline its business.

AP-DJ, Singapore

Tsann Kuen to raise HK\$100m

By James Harding in Xiamen

Tsann Kuen Enterprises, one of the world's largest manufacturers of toasters and electric sandwich-makers, is planning to raise HK\$100m (US\$12.9m) on the Chinese stock markets to fund a plan to quadruple sales in four years.

The company, which has moved the bulk of its operations from Taiwan to lower-cost production sites in mainland China, was the first Taiwanese business to issue foreign currency shares on the mainland Chinese stock markets.

Tsann Kuen, listed on the Shenzhen stock exchange in 1993, has now applied to issue a further 40m shares to fund a big expansion of its production facilities.

Mr Zhu Chende, deputy general manager, said: "Our goal is to become one of the top manufacturers of household electronic goods in the world. The most important thing for us now is to expand production capacity. Our technical standards and designs have been recognised by the most renowned companies in the world... we need capital."

As well as toasters and sandwich-makers, the company makes a wide range of domestic electrical appliances including irons, coffee-makers, rice-cookers and food mixers.

Some of the products are made under the company's own brand, Eipa, but most are made under contract to international companies such as Philips, Sanyo and Mister Coffee.

If the share issue is approved by the China Securities Regulatory Commission, most of the money raised will be invested in machinery for grill, iron and coffee-maker production. The company will also increase bank borrowings to fund expansion.

The group reported sales last year of Yn\$71.4m (\$117.2m), compared with Yn\$78.2m in 1995, and pre-tax profits of Yn\$60.2m against Yn\$66.6m. There was an exceptional gain of Yn\$25m for the disposal of a subsidiary.

Since 1989 - its first year of operation - Tsann Kuen has raised sales from US\$5m to US\$108m last year. The company hopes to achieve sales of US\$114m in 1997 and has set a target for turnover in 2000 of US\$400m.

Production is predominantly for export, with 92.5 per cent of sales last year to overseas markets - 83 per cent to the US, 30 per cent in Europe and 26 per cent in other Asian countries.

We are one of the most successful international insurance groups in the world. We are a major force in insurance in Europe. We are the top insurance company in Switzerland. Share our success and get a stake in Europe.

Highlights	1996	1995	1994	%
Winterthur Group	Mls. CHF	Mls. CHF	Mls. CHF	
Gross premium	11,371.4	25,945.6	22,310.2	+18.3
Annual profit	222.2	506.7	419.2	+20.9
Investments	37,554.1	85,823.3	71,937.3	+19.0
Insurance reserves	35,262.1	80,411.2	67,535.4	+19.1
Shareholders' equity (after minority interests)	2,288.5	5,172.2	4,030.7	+28.3
Data per share	CHF	CHF	CHF	%
Shareholders' equity (normalised)	235.1	581.6	498.4	+28.9
Profit (normalised)	25.0	57.0	47.7	+19.5
Dividend	9.2	21.0	18.0	+10.5

Exchange rate 31.12.1996: GBP/CHF 2.28

Another excellent result.

In 1996, the Winterthur Group's annual profit increased by 20.9% to CHF 222.2 m. This is yet another excellent result after 1993, 1994, and 1995. The shareholders' equity also rose significantly by 28.3% to CHF 5.2 bn.

Revolution - Resurgence. Winterthur Insurance was the first European insurer to obtain a licence in China and subsequently took up operations in Spring 1997. Substantial investments were made in entering new markets, especially in Central and Eastern Europe as well as in Asia-Pacific and in accessing selected market segments world-wide. All investments are governed by the new high return objectives introduced at the beginning of 1996. In 1996, many corporate units of the Winterthur Group were streamlined in terms of organization, and their operations were realigned even more closely to the customers by means of new products and distribution

channels. In information technology, Winterthur is well prepared for the planned introduction of the Euro and for the turn of the millennium. Strict implementation of the strategy. In its corporate strategy, which was established in 1992 and has since been very successfully implemented, the Winterthur Group focuses on its core business, insurance. Furthermore, it gives priority to strengthening its financial base and to increasing its profitability and concentrates its activities on the creation of added value for the customer and the shareholder. In this, Winterthur is well supported by its highly-trained and motivated staff. Good prospects for the future. On the basis of the stable returns generated

in its home market Switzerland and in reinsurance assumed, the Winterthur Group expects to receive increasing contributions to profits from Europe, North America, and from multinational industrial business as well as from Asia in the long term.

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COMPANIES AND FINANCE: THE AMERICAS

Exchanges win DJIA derivatives rights

By Laurie Morse
in Chicago

Dow Jones, the US business information group, announced yesterday that the Chicago Board of Trade, the American Stock Exchange and the Chicago Board Options Exchange had won a widely publicised bidding war for rights to trade derivatives on the Dow Jones Industrial Average.

The DJIA is the oldest and most widely recognised benchmark of the US stock market. Licensing it is expected to yield millions of dollars for Dow Jones, which has been under pressure from shareholders to increase profits.

The exchanges will pay a fee to Dow Jones for each contract traded. The CBOT is believed to have paid an

up-front fee of \$10m-\$12m for the rights to use the Dow Jones name. Dow Jones declined to comment on the financial aspects of the deal, as did the CBOT.

The CBOT, the world's largest futures exchange, is seen as the big winner in the "Dow Derby". It beat its rival, the Chicago Mercantile Exchange, for rights to trade futures and futures options on the DJIA, as well as on a variety of other less well-known benchmarks, including the Dow Jones Transportation Index and Dow Jones Utilities Index.

"This event is as important to us as the introduction of financial futures 20 years ago," said Mr Patrick Arbor, chairman of the CBOT. "It opens the door to a whole new product line of domestic and foreign stock

index listings at the CBOT." Prices for index-trading memberships at the CBOT jumped after yesterday's announcement, doubling to \$128,000.

Mr Arbor said the DJIA futures would be traded in the exchange's new bond-trading room, "as close to the US Treasury bond pit as possible".

The CBOT won rights to trade DJIA futures only during regular daytime hours. An agreement to list the benchmark stock index on the CBOT's after-hours computers system has yet to be reached.

Although the CBOT has the exclusive rights to DJIA futures trading in the US, Dow Jones said it expected to award additional DJIA derivatives licenses at a later date. Mr David Moran,

president of Dow Jones Global Indexes, said he was considering inquiries from exchanges in other time zones to list Dow futures.

The American Stock Exchange said it would list exchange-traded funds, or unit trusts, based on various Dow Jones indices, starting with the DJIA. The Chicago Board Options Exchange will list options on the DJIA, and on other, unspecified Dow Jones indices.

The Chicago Mercantile Exchange said it had expected to be squeezed out of the Dow Jones deal, noting that its Standard and Poor's 500 stock index future and futures options dominated global stock index trading. "Dow Jones was concerned about being a small fish in a big pond," said Mr Jack Sandner, CME chairman.



CBOT chief Patrick Arbor: opens door to new products

Insurers see bad times round the corner

US property/casualty cover has had a fat quarter, but leaner profits loom as price war continues

The US property/casualty insurance industry has just enjoyed its most profitable start to a year since the mid-1990s. But analysts say that has been more a result of good luck than good management, and insurers face considerable challenges if they are to avoid a renewed slump.

Overall, US insurance companies earned \$10bn in after-tax profits in the first quarter, on figures from the Insurance Services Office and the National Association of Independent Insurers.

That is equivalent to a return on capital of about 15 per cent - far better than the 12.8 per cent of the year before, and one of its best results since 1986, according to Mr Sean Mooney, senior vice-president at the Insurance Information Institute, a trade body.

Overshadowing these results has been a squeeze on insurance premiums. US motorists, homeowners and companies have benefited from fierce competition in the industry, which has intensified as the decade has progressed.

Mr Bob Partridge, director of property/casualty insurance at Standard & Poor's, the rating agency, said of this year's profits: "Is it a sustainable level? Probably not. There's a high level of volatility [in the numbers]."

Underlying this year's strong start have been a number of one-off factors that are unlikely to recur, at least not all in one go.

The most significant of these was the mild winter in the north-east and in other parts of the country. Without the damage wrought by winter storms, catastrophe losses

were only \$900m, compared with \$2.6bn a year before.

That helped insurers notch up their best quarterly underwriting performance in 18 years. The industry's combined ratio (losses and other expenses as a percentage of premiums) fell to 101.2.

After the devastation caused by hurricanes and earthquakes earlier this decade, however, few insurers are likely to draw much comfort from a single good quarter. They will also be well aware that the North Atlantic's hurricane season began officially on June 1 - and as Mr Mooney says, "the latest predictions from the weather forecasters are not good".

Also supporting the first quarter's performance were special pay-

ments of \$2bn to two unnamed property/casualty insurance companies from their life insurance affiliates.

Without those payments, the industry's investment income would have been \$9.4bn, up only around 2 per cent from the year before. And realised capital gains during the period, of \$2.2bn, were less than half 1996's level. After such a strong run in the US equity market, few expect realised gains to continue at such high levels for much longer.

Considerations like these have served to throw the spotlight on the biggest challenge faced by US insurance companies: how to raise their revenues.

Earned premiums grew at an annualised rate of 2.6 per cent during the first quarter, lower than

the 3.8 per cent of 1996 as a whole.

One of the main reasons behind this has been a price war among providers of worker compensation insurance, the second-biggest line of business for property/casualty insurers after car insurance, according to Mr Mooney. A number of states, led by California, rolled back state regulation of premiums for this type of cover in the mid-1990s, leading to a battle among insurers on price.

Car cover, on the other hand, has been increasingly profitable, even if growing only slowly. Accident rates have fallen as the Baby Boom generation has reached the years of responsible parenthood, allowing insurers to raise their profits, said Mr Mooney.

Richard Waters

Growing economy boosts Canadian banks

By Bernard Simon
in Toronto

Canada's banks have wrapped up a buoyant second quarter with Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce reporting a 9 per cent earnings advance.

Analysts noted, however, that while second-quarter earnings were well above last year, they were either flat or slightly lower compared with the previous three months.

The banks have benefited from an accelerating domestic economy, improved credit quality and increasing mutual fund and capital market fees.

These gains have been partly offset by higher expenses, especially compensation in their investment banking arms. One analyst noted the banks' rising expo-

Canadian Banks

Six months to April 30 1997, 1996 figures in italics

	Net earnings Cdn	Return on equity %	Return assets %	Assets at April 30 Cdn
Bank of Montreal	745	17.8	0.68	227.5
Bank of Commerce	689	17.8	0.68	227.5
Bank of Nova Scotia	507	16.5	0.70	175.1
Bank of Toronto	511	15.8	0.67	175.1
Imperial Bank of Commerce	511	15.8	0.67	175.1

Source: Companies

sure to relatively risky corporate lending.

While analysts forecast further earnings advances over the next year or two, several cautioned that bank shares - among the biggest gainers on the Toronto Stock Exchange over the past year - may not sustain their recent surge.

Mr Michael Goldberg, analyst at HSCB James Capel Canada, said the big five

Canadian banks have less potential for growth than their US counterparts, and are less strongly capitalised.

Several banks, notably Royal Bank of Canada and Toronto-Dominion, have fuelled investor interest with share buy-backs, supported by internally generated capital.

Mr Goldberg said strong loan growth had enhanced earnings potential, but "it's

probably put a damper on the likelihood of more stock buy-backs".

CIBC's net earnings climbed to C\$370m (US\$269m), or 84 cents a share, in the three months to April 30, compared with C\$339m, or 76 cents, a year earlier.

The latest figures include a C\$50m after-tax gain from the sale of a prime downtown Toronto property.

Return on equity inched up to 17.7 per cent, but return on assets dipped from 0.71 per cent to 0.64 per cent. Total assets, propelled by strong residential mortgage demand, grew to C\$27.5bn on April 30, from C\$19.7bn a year earlier.

CIBC shares gained 15 cents to C\$34 at midday in Toronto yesterday.

Mr Nigel Dally, analyst at Morgan Stanley in New York, singled out Royal as the strongest Canadian bank, based on "favourable positioning in high-growth markets such as mutual funds and trust, and expense management".

Royal's market value has surged 70 per cent in the past year. But Mr Dally said the bank's robust outlook is "already fully reflected" in its share price.

A government-appointed

task force is conducting a sweeping review of financial services legislation, which could result in significant changes for the banks over the next few years.

The banks have pressed for removal of barriers in their fledgling insurance businesses, and for clearance to enter the car-leasing market.

Some - but not all - bank executives have also questioned the rule that currently limits a single shareholder to a 10 per cent stake. They contend this curbs impedes the mergers and acquisitions needed for Canadian banks to remain competitive internationally.

However, supporters of the 10 per cent rule predict its elimination would lead to Canadian banks being gobbled up by their US and offshore rivals.

AMERICAS NEWS DIGEST

Eldorado buys SA gold mine

Eldorado has become the first Canadian mining group to move into the South African gold industry with the acquisition of gold mines in Ghana and South Africa from Gencor, South Africa's second largest mining group. The \$194m deal will boost the profile of Eldorado, which is listed in Toronto and Vancouver, as an international vehicle for Gencor's gold interests.

The move follows reports this week that Gencor is considering separating its precious metals business from its base metals operations, which could be listed in London. The acquisition will be settled in cash and convertible non-voting shares, and Gencor's voting stake in Eldorado will not increase beyond its current level of 40 per cent. The deal is in line with Gencor's strategy of disposing of minor gold interests to concentrate on developing world-class gold assets.

Eldorado has agreed to acquire 90 per cent in Gencor's Bogoso mine in Ghana, and a 45 per cent joint venture interest with Anglo in Fairview/ETC, a project to merge two ailing mines to create the country's largest greenstone gold mining operation. The merged mine, which is situated in Barberton outside Johannesburg, is expected to produce 150,000 oz a year. It will also acquire Gencor's exploration interest in eight Ghanaian gold projects with combined attributable gold resources of 1.3m oz. These include a 41 per cent interest in the Yamfo Centenary Deposit, which feasibility studies have estimated to hold 1.1m oz.

Mr Richard Barclay, Eldorado chairman, yesterday signed a memorandum of understanding with Gencor, which he said would create "a significant international gold producer... from the consolidation of the assets in South Africa and Ghana with Eldorado's existing assets".

Subject to approval by the South African Reserve Bank, the government of Ghana and other authorities, the acquisition will boost Eldorado's 1997 production by 18 per cent this year, and by 50 per cent to 375,000 oz in 1998. Its resource base will increase by 81 per cent to 9.4m oz.

Eldorado will pay a first instalment of \$140m, with up to \$53.3m payable as deferred compensation. The payment will include \$76.3m in cash, \$100m in convertible, non-voting shares and \$7.4m in royalties.

Mark Ashurst, Johannesburg

Campbell recruits from Kraft

Campbell Soup, the US foods group, has named Ms Margo Lowry vice-president new product development. US Grocery division. Ms Lowry joins Campbell following a 20-year career at Kraft Foods, a subsidiary of Philip Morris, where she most recently was director of new business development for the Post Cereal division. Campbell's US grocery division has sales of more than \$3.3bn. Its key brands include Campbell's Soups, V8 juices, Prego pasta sauces, and Pace Mexican sauces.

AP-Dow Jones, New Jersey

Pharmacia & Upjohn drugs swap

Pharmacia & Upjohn, the pharmaceuticals group, has acquired the brands NasalCrom and PediaCare from Johnson & Johnson's unit McNeil Consumer Products, and the brand Micatin from Johnson & Johnson Consumer Products. In return Pharmacia & Upjohn is transferring its brand Motrin IB to McNeil and Mycitracin to Johnson & Johnson.

Mr Michael Valentino, president of Pharmacia & Upjohn Consumer Healthcare, said: "It makes sense for both parties, with each benefiting from strong brand heritage to strengthen targeted categories."

AFX, Stockholm

Multifoods to sell bakery unit

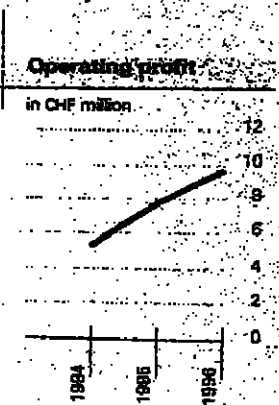
International Multifoods is realigning its North America Foods operations and intends to sell its Canada Frozen bakery unit. The moves are related to a strategic review of operations undertaken by Multifoods' new management to improve financial performance and add value for shareholders. International Multifoods said it expects these actions to have minimal impact on full-year fiscal 1998 results. Proceeds from the sale will be applied to reduce debt.

Reuters, Minneapolis

Comments and press releases about international companies coverage can be sent by e-mail to international.companies@ft.com

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GretagMacbeth helps make the world a more colorful place. It manufactures measuring instruments for exact analysis and reproduction of colors. Customers have come to rely on this equipment in many areas of application - the paint, plastics, textile, print and packaging industries, as well as desktop publishing and digital imaging. GretagMacbeth is one of the leading suppliers of fully integrated color control systems for every step in the production process: from design and color specification, through manufacture and quality control, to marketing. GretagMacbeth has built a strong market position thanks to its broad product offering and global reach.

GretagMacbeth - Global Leader in Color Measurement and Appearance.

The GretagMacbeth Group was formed in 1997 by the merger of the Color Control Systems division of the Swiss company Gretag AG and the Macbeth division of Kollmorgen Instruments Corporation, USA. In 1996 the two companies generated an operating income of around CHF 10 million (+27%) on combined sales of CHF 70 million (+11%). GretagMacbeth has 269 employees in Switzerland, the United States, Great Britain, Germany and Hong Kong. The IPO, lead managed by Bank J. Vontobel & Co AG, will ensure a solid foundation for sustained growth.

There are more details in the GretagMacbeth Profile. To order it contact:
Gretag-Macbeth Holding AG, Althardstrasse 70, 8105 Regensdorf
Phone +41 1 842 24 00 or
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GretagMacbeth

THE JAPANESE WARRANT FUND

Société d'Investissement à Capital Fixe
("in liquidation")
European Bank of Business Credit, 6, route de Trèves,
L-2633 Senningerberg, Grand Duché de Luxembourg
R.C. Luxembourg B 31 629

At their meeting held on 18 April 1997 Shareholders approved the liquidation of The Japanese Warrant Fund ("the Company") and resolved to appoint as liquidator of the Company Fleming Fund Management (Luxembourg) S.A. represented by Mr A.H. Duggart. Notice is hereby given that a second

Extraordinary General Meeting

of Shareholders of the Company will be held at the registered office of the Company, 6, route de Trèves, L-2633 Senningerberg, on Friday 13 June 1997 at 3:00 p.m. (Luxembourg time) with the following agenda:

1. To hear the report of the liquidator;
2. To appoint the auditor of the liquidation;
3. To fix a date for the final liquidating meeting.

No quorum is required for this meeting and resolutions will be taken at the majority of the Shareholders present or represented.

Holders of bearer shares who wish to attend this meeting are requested to deposit their share certificates five days prior to the meeting with Kredietbank S.A. Luxembourg, Conservation titres, 45 boulevard Royal, L-2955 Luxembourg.

Shareholders who cannot personally attend the meeting are requested to use the prescribed form of proxy (available at the registered office of the Company). Proxies should be returned at the latest on the day preceding the meeting to the Company, c/o Fleming Fund Management (Luxembourg) S.A., L-2955 Luxembourg.

A.H. Duggart
for Fleming Fund Management (Luxembourg) S.A.
Liquidator of The Japanese Warrant Fund

FLEMINGS

CITICORP
CORRECTION NOTICE
U.S. \$500,000,000

Subordinated Floating Rate Notes Due May 28, 1998
With regard to the notice published on 30 May 1997 stating the new interest payments for the Citicorp \$500,000,000 issue, maturing on 28 May 1998. The notes were redeemed early on 30 May 1997, therefore the interest payments stated will not occur. We apologize for any inconvenience this may have caused.

June 4, 1997 London

CITIBANK

COMPANIES AND FINANCE: UK

Railtrack regulation threat Boots to pay £400m windfall to shareholders

By Charles Batchelor and George Parker

Mr John Prescott, deputy prime minister, yesterday accused Railtrack, the owner of railway track, signalling and stations, of obtaining taxpayers' money "under false pretences" and renewed his threat to subject the company to tougher regulation.

He was speaking on the day Railtrack reported pre-tax profits up by 27 per cent to £246m (£56m) in the year ended March 31, on turnover which rose 6 per cent to £2.44bn.

Railtrack yesterday launched a strong defence of its performance in its first year as a listed company, saying its profits were in line with its flotation forecasts and that its efficiency improvements should be a

cause for celebration and not blame.

The bulk of the £2.12bn which Railtrack earns in passenger revenues comes in the form of subsidy paid to the train operators. They pass it on to Railtrack as track access charges. At one stage last year, Railtrack acknowledged a backlog of £300m in its spending programme.

The deputy prime minister warned Sir Bob Horton, Railtrack chairman, two weeks ago that he intended to tighten the regulatory regime to ensure the company honoured its investment commitments.

Mr Prescott rejected reports he intended to call Sir Bob in for a carpeting over Railtrack's profits. Analysts said Railtrack's figures were slightly ahead of expectations but this level

of profits represented a fair level of return for a company with assets of £2.6bn.

The success of the performance regime in encouraging a 38 per cent fall in delays due to infrastructure breakdowns was "not a matter for complaint but for congratulation and celebration," said Sir Robert Horton, chairman.

Railtrack had increased its expenditure on asset renewals by 39 per cent to £961m. It was £100m ahead of the target set by the rail regulator for spending on capital investment and maintenance though it was £270m behind its own targets for spending to make good the backlog of investment which built up under British Rail, said Mr

John Edwards, chief executive. Its £1bn station refurbishment programme was also slightly behind schedule

but was picking up speed, he added.

Revenues from passenger train operations - operators pay a fee for the use of track - grew from £2bn to £2.12bn, including a £55m rise due to higher bonus payments.

Operating costs were almost unchanged at £2.1bn (£2bn) though taking inflation into account this amounted to "real progress," said Mr Norman Broadhurst, finance director. It was too early for efficiencies to show through in Railtrack's investment programme though competitive tendering was expected to reduce costs in the longer term, he added.

Operating profits grew 15 per cent to £339m. Profits from property disposals rose from £11m to £33m, while the net interest charge fell from £36m to £31m.

Boots to pay £400m windfall to shareholders

By Peggy Hollinger

Boots, the high street chemist, yesterday clinched a pre-budget coup with the announcement of a £400m (£353m) windfall payout to shareholders next week, backed by a 9 per cent jump in annual profits.

The payout, the third in three years after two share repurchases, brings the total amount of cash returned to shareholders through buy-backs, dividends and special

payments to £1.7bn since 1994.

Lord Blyth, deputy chairman, implied Boots had every intention of continuing the practice of returning funds to shareholders. After this payout, Boots' net debt would represent just 10.5 per cent of shareholders' funds, he said. "I see no barrier to our being able to continue making appropriate acquisitions and continuing to return cash to shareholders," he added.

The special dividend announced yesterday equates to 44.2p a share and is in addition to the 10.8p per cent increase in the annual dividend to 20.5p.

It comes with a £100m total tax credit - equivalent to a further 11p a share payout to qualifying shareholders - which has already been approved by the government.

Lord Blyth denied there had been any rush to pay the special dividend in advance of the summer budget on July 2, which some expect could restrict tax

credits on dividend payments. "We have consistently returned cash to shareholders if we have not had a better use for it," he said.

However, the speed with which Boots was making the payout was welcomed in the market. The shares closed 2.5p down at 692p, a lower than expected fall given the substantial dividend payment which is normally reflected in the price.

The chief executive said Boots had turned in "excellent results", with pre-tax profits before exceptional items rising from £493.6m to £536.2m for the year to March 31. Earnings per share, excluding the £94.9m exceptional gain on disposals, rose 14 per cent to 39.5p.

Total sales were 11 per cent higher at £4.58bn. Excluding acquisitions and disposals, continuing sales rose by almost 7 per cent to £4.3bn. All divisions turned in sales increases, excluding acquisitions and new space.

Lord Blyth said Boots was "far from a mature business" with plans for expansion both abroad and at home. In particular, Boots Healthcare International, which markets and sells Boots over-the-counter drugs abroad, was "exceeding nearly all the milestones set for product launches," he said.

Although the division incurred losses of £6.6m as a result of brand investment, "we were to stop investing that business would shoot into profit very very quickly indeed," he said.

LEX COMMENT Nationwide

As demagoguery enthusiasts go, it would be easy to dismiss a former butler who suggests putting a Spice Girl onto the board of the Nationwide building society and cheese and wine parties for the customers. Too easy. Eccentric they may be, but Mr Michael Hardern and his four associates stand a real chance of election to the Nationwide's board. For many members, the simple slogan - "If you want £1,000, vote for us" - must have compelling appeal.

Nationwide deserves credit, of course, for letting the rebels put their case at the society's expense. But the real test of its democratic instincts will come if Mr Hardern and his friends win. They would still be in a minority on the board. But the management would surely have little choice but to respond - most obviously, by putting demagoguery to a full vote. Members would then have to weigh Nationwide's special rates against the seductive appeal of upfront cash.

Since the society spends just £200m a year on improved rates - 4.5 per cent of the £4bn-£5bn the business might secure on flotation - it is not difficult to guess which is likely to win. But mutual fans cannot sensibly complain. If their case is robust, after all, they should be able to prove it by persuading members to stick with the status quo. Those who want to preserve at least one big mutual, to compete with the banks, would not have much of a case if the supposed beneficiaries could not be persuaded to vote in favour.

Singapore Rubber sale

Singapore Rubber Estates has agreed to sell its principal asset, the Perhentian Tingi Estate of about 940 hectares, to Guoland, a newly-formed company, for £26.3m (£41.2m) cash.

Singapore will hold 29.9 per cent of Guoland on completion, and of the Perhentian proceeds - after tax and disposal costs a net £19.5m - Singapore will apply up to about £8.7m in financing Guoland.

The company said that Guoland would develop Perhentian's land into residential, industrial, commercial and leisure facilities over the next 10 to 15 years.

RESULTS

	Turnover (£m)	Pre-tax profit (£m)	EPS (p)	Current dividend (p)	Date of payment	Dividends corresponding dividend	Total for year	Total last year
Advent VCT	Yr to Mar 31	-	1.51	(-)	3.2	July 11	3.2	-
Alpsprung Farm	Yr to Mar 31	88.6	86.3	6.86	(5.4)	17.4	(13.9)	1.8
Ameco	Yr to Mar 31	20.8	(17.3)	3.15	(1.75)	29.5	(18.8)	1
Bancroft	Yr to Mar 31	-	(-)	(-)	(-)	36	(-)	3
Boots	Yr to Mar 31	4,576	(4,125)	571.1	(507.7)	14.3	Aug 22	12.8
Bradford	6 mths to Mar 31	19	(19)	3.67	(3.37)	3.88	(3.02)	2.3
Channel Isl Cosmetics	Yr to Mar 31	10.6	82.2	1.48	(1.37)	9.12	(8.46)	2.34
Dunelm	6 mths to Mar 31	18.3	(18.3)	3.5	(3)	7	(8.2)	1.55
Dunelm Home	Yr to Mar 31	3.97	(3.97)	0.207	(0.037)	0.14	(0.18)	-
Hamro Int Services	Yr to Mar 31	111.1	(86.1)	10.9	(11.1)	8.4	(10)	3.7
Hill & Smith	6 mths to Mar 31	40.3	(41.7)	1.77	(1.73)	3.22	(3.09)	2.1
Mulling House Properties	6 mths to Mar 31	4.72	(1.12)	1.57	(0.288)	3.22	(1.23)	3
Pedigree	Yr to Mar 31	2,919	(2,899)	77.6	(55.4)	0.21	(2.8)	3.25
Pennell Drilling	Yr to Mar 31	53.8	(53.8)	29.6	(4.5)	15.3	(7.8)	17
Prospect Inds	6 mths to Mar 31	33.6	(30.3)	3.52	(3.33)	0.78	(1.03)	11
Railtrack	Yr to Mar 31	2,437	(2,300)	346	(272)	66.5	(388)	14.8
Si	Yr to Mar 31	-	(-)	105.6	(88.9)	16	(10.7)	5.7
Victoria Carpet	Yr to Mar 31	36.8	(36.3)	2.29	(2.03)	31.02	(1.73)	2.5

	NAV (p)	Attributable earnings (£m)	EPS (p)	Current dividend (p)	Date of payment	Corresponding dividend	Total for year	Total last year
Edinburgh Income	Yr to Apr 30	45.6	(46.1)	0.473	(0.558)	3.15	(3.72)	1
Edinburgh New Tiger	6 mths to Apr 30	28.43	(35.2)	0.801	(0.831)	0.28	(0.3)	1
Forstol Space Bldgs	6 mths to Mar 31	57.01	(56.08)	0.521	(0.701)	1.84	(1.4)	1.57
Hi Flight Int Inc	6 mths to Apr 30	115.07	(106.64)	0.769	(0.805)	3.85	(4.03)	1.75

Earnings shown basic. Dividends shown net. Figures in brackets are for corresponding period. After exceptional charge. After exceptional credit. 10n increased capital. 4n stock. 5n currency. Includes second interim of 3.45p, payable June 10. *Median interim instead of a final. *Bonus. *Comparatives pro forma, restated to reflect changes in capital structure prior to flotation. **Payable as interim. *Comparatives restated. **Second interim, making 3.5p so far. *Includes special of 44.2p.



All aboard: Three of the candidates seeking election to the Nationwide board pictured on board a reconstruction of the Golden Hinde, the 16th century warship, on London's South Bank: (left to right) Andrew Martin, Michael Hardern and George Jones

Rebels put on pressure for Nationwide conversion

By Christopher Brown-Humes

Nationwide, the UK's biggest building society following the Halifax conversion, yesterday came under renewed pressure to convert to a bank from rebels seeking election to the board.

The pressure group - "Members for Conversion" - which has put up five board candidates, said the existing board was "out of touch with ordinary folk" and that conversion would release average windfalls of £1,000 (£1,630) per Nationwide member.

Mr Michael Hardern, the former royal butler and self-styled carpetbagger-in-chief leading the conversion campaign, said: "The election will be a watershed for mutuality. If a majority of members vote for windfalls, mutuality will not survive into the next millennium."

That view is echoed by other building society executives, who believe the election is a crucial test for the future of the UK building

society movement. If Nationwide, which has £40bn of assets, was forced to convert, the 70 smaller mutuals - including Britannia and Bradford & Bingley - would no longer have a meaningful market presence, they believe.

The campaign comes as millions of members of Halifax, Woolwich and Norwich Union are scooping - or in line for - big free share windfalls from their flotations.

Mr Hardern said: "Everyone has seen their neighbours or colleagues get windfalls of £1,500. Most members will wonder why they are not getting one from the Nationwide."

"If the board was asking members to convert, they would get 95 to 97 per cent in favour. Some 80 per cent of borrowers and 95 per cent of savers would benefit from conversion," he said.

Apart from Mr Hardern, the dissidents standing for the board comprise Mr Andrew Martin, Mr George Jones, Mr Frank Lander, and

Ms Julia Trehwella. They are being opposed by five existing board members.

Mr Hardern predicted a "landslide" victory, but said Nationwide would be under pressure even if he and his colleagues came close to getting seats.

Mr Brian Davis, Nationwide chief executive, said the dissidents would be strongly opposed as the society was committed to mutuality. He said: "There is no such thing as free shares. People getting them will pay for them in the long term. If mutuals no longer exist, competition in the market place will disappear."

He added: "If these people get a landslide victory, we will have to take notice of that, but they will still be a minority of the board." The Nationwide board has 12 members.

Nationwide also questions the suitability of the five rebels as board candidates. "They are not the sort of people one would normally expect to be running a £40bn business," said Mr Davis.

3i adds to European wave

By Katharine Campbell, Growing Business Correspondent

Si, the UK's largest venture capital provider, is adding to the wave of institutional funds pouring money into continental Europe.

It will shortly announce the preliminary closing of its second continental European co-investment fund. It is collecting just under £200m (£326m) from institutional investors, which will be matched by its own funds, according to Mr Ewen Macpherson, chief executive. In

the past 10 days alone, Schroder Ventures has launched a \$1bn pan-European fund and Charterhouse an £800m vehicle.

Mr Macpherson, who retires next month - handing over to Mr Brian Larcombe, finance director - was delivering the results for the year to March 31, during which fully diluted net asset value per share rose 14.1 per cent to 488p.

The group produced a 16.4 per cent return on opening shareholders' funds - a total return of £415.5m. This was ahead of the FTSE SmallCap

index which grew 15.7 per cent, but behind the FTSE All Share, up 18.7 per cent.

On the continent, where growth has been sluggish, investments returned 10.6 per cent in local currency terms, but minus 4 per cent when translated into sterling.

A settlement of past claims with the Inland Revenue led to a tax charge of just £14.3m, down from £18.9m, so that revenue profit after tax grew to £91.3m, up from £70m.

Capital profits, meanwhile, dropped to £333m (£456m).



If the rainforests are being destroyed at the rate of thousands of trees a minute, how can planting just a handful of seedlings make a difference?

A WWF - World Wide Fund For Nature tree nursery addresses some of the problems facing people that can force them to chop down trees.

Where hunger or poverty is the underlying cause of deforestation, we can provide fruit trees.

The villagers of Mugunga, Zaire, for example, eat papaya and mangoes from WWF trees. And rather than having to sell timber to buy other food, they can now sell the surplus fruit their nursery produces.

Where trees are chopped down for firewood, WWF and the local people can protect them by planting fast-growing varieties to form a renewable fuel source.

This is particularly valuable in the Impenetrable Forest, Uganda, where indigenous hardwoods take two hundred years to mature. The *Markhamia lotoa* trees planted by WWF and local villages can be harvested within five or six years of planting.

Where trees are chopped down to be used for construction, as in Panama and Pakistan, we supply other species that are fast-growing and easily replaced.

These tree nurseries are just part of the work we do with the people of the tropical forests.

WWF sponsors students from developing countries on an agroforestry course at UPAZ University in Costa Rica, where WWF provides technical advice on growing vegetable and grain crops.

Unless help is given, soil is exhausted very quickly by "slash and burn" farming methods. New tracts of tropical forest would then have to be cleared every two or three years.

This unnecessary destruction can be prevented by combining modern techniques with traditional practices so that the same plot of land can be used to produce crops over and over again.

In La Planada, Colombia, our experimental farm demonstrates how these techniques can be used to grow a family's food on a small four hectare plot. (Instead of clearing the usual ten hectares of forest.)

WWF fieldworkers are now involved in over 100 tropical forest projects in 45 countries around the world.

The idea behind all of this work is that the use of natural resources should be sustainable.

WWF is calling for the rate of deforestation in the tropics to be halved by 1995, and for there to be no net deforestation by the end of the century.

Write to the Membership Officer at the address below to find out how you can help us ensure that this generation does not continue to steal nature's capital from the next. It could be with a donation, or, appropriately enough, a legacy.



WWF World Wide Fund For Nature (formerly World Wildlife Fund)

International Secretariat, 1196 Gland, Switzerland.

FOR THE SAKE OF THE CHILDREN WE GAVE THEM A NURSERY.

Europe nervous as US marks time

two-year note remained unchanged at 100 $\frac{1}{2}$, yielding 6.182 per cent, while the 10-year stayed at 100, yielding 6.626 per cent.

[illegible]

CURRENCIES AND MONEY

Yen rises on rate talk and surplus

MARKETS REPORT
By Richard Adams

Strong buying of the Japanese yen, on the back of interest rate expectations and a healthy trade surplus, sent the currency stronger against the US dollar on the European markets.

The yen continued its march through the Y116 level against the dollar from trading in Tokyo, and ended the day in London at Y115.5 - half a yen lower than the end of the previous day's trading.

The movement came after Japan announced a trade surplus of ¥41.6bn for the first 20 days of May, compared with a deficit of ¥100.9bn in the same period last year.

Mr Yasuo Matsuura, the Bank of Japan governor, said the bank was prepared to act pre-emptively on interest rates.

The yen's gains were broad-based, with the

D-Mark falling to ¥68.85 in Europe, from its previous close of ¥67.16.

In the UK, a weaker than expected retail activity survey knocked sterling lower against the D-Mark, but analysts said the pound picked up as the focus shifted to the inaugural meeting of the Bank of England's new Monetary Policy Committee.

Against the D-Mark, the pound improved by a third of a pence to DM3.8197. Sterling also made a similar improvement against the US dollar, rising above \$1.63.

Currency analysts said the dollar was being held back by the usual pre-employment data nerves, with the release of latest labour market statistics today.

The dollar lost a fraction

of ground to the D-Mark, closing in London at DM1.7289.

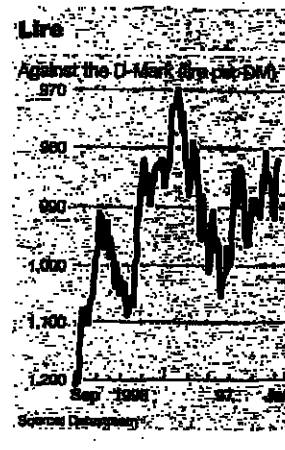
The D-Mark was buoyed by some very strong economic data on GDP and industrial orders, but was dragged down by leaked jobless figures, suggesting more bad news on unemployment.

German industrial orders grew 3.3 per cent in April from the preceding month, an unusually strong gain compared with a 0.9 per cent rise in March. Orders were up 6.2 per cent from a year earlier, after a 5.5 per cent gain in March.

The orders news came after first quarter GDP figures showed growth of 0.5 per cent - although how strong the figures were was a matter of dispute.

Among the European currencies, the D-Mark picked itself up and recorded small

improvements against the French franc and the Swiss franc. One hundred D-Marks



bought Sfr63.7 at yesterday's close, 0.2 more than Wednesday.

Analysts at Deutsche Morgan Grenfell noted that the D-Mark's trade-weighted level had fallen to its lowest

in more than three weeks.

DMG said the market's focus has shifted away from the details of the German economy - "the market is

aware the fiscal straits are severe" - towards increased doubts over Germany's ability to meet the Maastricht criteria.

The Philippines moved to avert any further runs on the peso yesterday, with a new regulation requiring Philippine banks to set aside 30 per cent of foreign exchange assets in cash or short-term securities.

The Philippine banking industry was recently hit by speculation that it may have over-extended foreign exchange loans, and could suffer the same crisis as Thailand.

At present, banks can place their assets in any

form of securities and loans. About half of banks' current foreign exchange assets are in long-term loans.

Meanwhile, the Thai baht remained strong against the dollar, on strong offshore demand to cover short positions, dealers said. The baht reached B23.9 to the dollar on the offshore market, its highest level since the last baht devaluation in 1984.

The Bulgarian lev has weakened slightly since the government decided to peg it using a currency board. Mr Pepko Bahovski, head of the corporate trading desk for ING Bank in Sofia, said the lev was trading around Lv1.670 to the US dollar, and Lv1.967 to the D-Mark.

The D-Mark rate reflects the interest rate differential against Germany, but central bank rate is to fall from 50 per cent to 47.50 per cent on July 5. The lev will be pegged at Lv1.000 to the D-Mark on July 1.

WORLD INTEREST RATES

	Over night	One month	Three months	Six months	One year	Long term	Rate
Belgium	5 1/4	5 1/4	5 1/4	5 1/4	5 1/4	5 1/4	2.50
France	5 1/4	5 1/4	5 1/4	5 1/4	5 1/4	5 1/4	4.75
Germany	5 1/4	5 1/4	5 1/4	5 1/4	5 1/4	5 1/4	3.00
Italy	5 1/4	5 1/4	5 1/4	5 1/4	5 1/4	5 1/4	6.75
Netherlands	5 1/4	5 1/4	5 1/4	5 1/4	5 1/4	5 1/4	2.50
Spain	5 1/4	5 1/4	5 1/4	5 1/4	5 1/4	5 1/4	1.00
UK	5 1/4	5 1/4	5 1/4	5 1/4	5 1/4	5 1/4	5.00
Japan	5 1/4	5 1/4	5 1/4	5 1/4	5 1/4	5 1/4	0.50

US LIBOR FY London
Eurodollar 3 months 5 1/4
Eurodollar 6 months 5 1/4
Eurodollar 12 months 5 1/4
Eurodollar 18 months 5 1/4
Eurodollar 24 months 5 1/4
Eurodollar 30 months 5 1/4
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COMMODITIES AND AGRICULTURE

Star Mining's Russian hopes revived

By Chrystie Freeland in Moscow

Star Mining, the Australian mining company whose stake in a Russian gold mine was unexpectedly revoked by a court decision earlier this year, could have its interest restored by a government resolution signed by Mr Victor Chernomyrdin, the Russian prime minister, earlier this week.

Russian and western investors involved in the development of Sukhoi Log, the 31m troy ounce

gold deposit caught up in the legal wrangle, cautiously cheered the prime minister's move and said they hoped it would open the way for the project to go ahead.

The resolution calls for the privatisation of the Lenzoloto joint venture, the company working the gold deposit, to be upheld and for the current division of shares to be maintained.

To resolve the legal problems raised by Russian courts on March 31, the prime minister's decree

calls for the company to hold a new shareholders' meeting at which it is directed to approve a new version of founding documents, which do not clash with Russian legislation. The company has called a shareholders' meeting for June 28 at which it plans to make the necessary changes.

Lenzoloto and government officials welcomed the ruling. They said it would undo a legal knot which had threatened to derail the development of Russia's largest

gold deposit and set a worrying precedent for foreign investment.

"In effect, this legalises the company and creates an impulse for unblocking the existing situation," Mr Boris Yatskevich, a board member of Lenzoloto and deputy minister for natural resources, told the Russian news agency Interfax.

Officials from Star Mining and JCI, its South African partner in the venture, were in Moscow yesterday to try to secure the new arrangement.

The court's surprise decision to rule against the privatisation of Lenzoloto and formally dissolve the company earlier this year was greeted with dismay by western investors, who feared it set a dangerous precedent.

Russia's swift and unruly privatisation process means that few companies were privatised strictly according to the letter of the law, provoking fears that the Lenzoloto case might be repeated at other enterprises.

Bull run in coffee collapses

MARKETS REPORT

By Gary Mead and Kenneth Gooding

The recent bull run in coffee futures in London collapsed yesterday, as the July future for robusta on the London International Financial Futures Exchange slipped 8.5 pence on the day.

The July contract closed at \$1,905 a tonne, down \$178, with almost \$100 of the slide happening in the last 15 minutes, as profit-takers sought to lock in gains made last week, when the price reached a 20-month peak.

In New York, the pattern was similar on the Coffee, Sugar and Cocoa Exchange, where July arabica beans initially fell to 232 cents a pound, the lowest since May 13, before recovering to 236.50 cents, down 15.05 cents on the previous close.

There was also a bearish mood on the International Petroleum Exchange, with Brent oil for July delivery down 27 cents a barrel to \$18.45 in late trading.

Copper bulls received a boost when the International Copper Study Group, a United Nations-sponsored organisation, said it expected only a "modest copper supply surplus" this year on the basis of forecasts supplied by member nations.

Vietnam takes a fresh look at tea

As a convoy of vehicles lurches along a track in northern Vietnam, a stream of bicycles travels in the opposite direction, carrying wicker panniers bulging with freshly picked tea.

"That's one of our biggest problems: transportation," says Mr Noshir Jainawala, Indian field adviser to the Phu Ben Tea Company, a Belgian-Vietnamese joint venture at the forefront of a revival in Vietnam's neglected tea sector.

Without an asphalt road to the plantations a few kilometres away, the processing plant run by Phu Ben relies on basic transport, often resulting in damaged tea.

Such problems are familiar to investors in Phu Ben. But they mirror the issues facing Vietnam's tea industry, as it attempts to establish a presence on international markets. If it is to achieve that goal, a thorough overhaul is needed.

"What they were doing here when we arrived was what the tea industry was doing in the 1950s. We've had to try and change that in a year," said Mr Jain Lang, Phu Ben's general director.

Tea has been grown in Vietnam since the Chinese introduced it to the country's hilly north about a thousand years ago. French colonialists were active in commercial production at the turn of the century.



Vietnamese tea growers are still schooled in traditional practices

After the upheaval of revolution and war, the industry bowed back with help from the former Soviet Union, which supplied equipment in return for absorbing more than 60 per cent of exports. But that ended with the collapse of the Soviet system.

Current production from the country's 70,000 hectares is about 38,000 tonnes of green and black tea a year. Half is exported, the bulk being black tea shipped to Iran and Iraq.

Until Phu Ben's foreign investors arrived a year ago, the plant was muddling through on government handouts, obsolete machinery and hopelessly inefficient growing techniques.

The foreign side of the \$8m joint venture is Sipef, a commodities company listed on the Brussels and Geneva bourses; Templeton, a US investment fund; and two Flemish institutional investors. Vietnam Tea Corp (Vintea), the dominant state-run producer and exporter, is the local partner.

They aim to transform Phu Ben into a modern tea operation, supplying Europe, the US and Pakistan with high grade cut, twist and curl and orthodox teas.

The first step was buying a new processing line, installed this month by Bedi & Bedi of India. Jersey-based Tea Estate Agencies handles marketing.

Boosting yield is the top priority, according to Mr Lang. "Even if you take average north Indian yields, which are 2,000kg per hectare of black tea, that's 140,000 tonnes. The Vietnamese can quadruple their yield, even if they don't plant another hectare."

Such concepts are alien to Vietnamese growers still schooled in traditional practices. Take drainage. Mr Jainawala says farmers held out for six months against the introduction of hillside drainage, refusing to believe it would improve quality.

Tea pickers who tended to strip bushes at the first sign of foliage are slowly being encouraged to cultivate

"maintenance leaves" lower down the bush as a way of ensuring sustainable growth.

Another problem is seeds. In the absence of fresh seed stock, farmers simply replace old seed collected from the ground.

For Mr Lang, the next step is to import new seeds from India. Although India bans the export of indigenous tea seeds, he hopes an intergovernmental deal may be possible given the warm relations between the countries.

The developments at Phu Ben may mesh with Hanoi's official policy of encouraging foreign investment in value-added agriculture processing. But it is hard to predict a future for foreign investment in Vietnam's tea sector because the authorities appear ambivalent towards encouraging more.

Vintea general director Mr Nguyen Kim Phung says a master-plan for the development of the tea industry calls for the planting of an additional 30,000 hectares by 2000. That will require investment of \$100m. But he is reluctant to spell out a role for foreign investors in meeting these targets.

Bankers suspect policy-makers are facing pressure from local producers. They may be reluctant to enter into revenue-sharing arrangements with foreign companies in an industry where returns can be rapid.

Jeremy Grant

COMMODITIES NEWS DIGEST

Rumours sweep palladium market

The London palladium market was yesterday swept by rumours of a possible default on the delivery of the metal, an essential material in some electronic components and catalysts, as chaos caused by Russia's failure to export any palladium this year increased.

Dealers stopped quoting forward rates for palladium after the cost of borrowing the metal for one month soared to an unprecedented annualised rate of 300 per cent, compared with the 2-3 per cent seen in normal conditions. Market-making members of the London Platinum & Palladium Market Association then hastily called an informal meeting yesterday afternoon to discuss measures to restore order to the market.

At the morning price "fixing" in London palladium reached a record \$235 a troy ounce, but by the close last night it was at \$210, down \$10 an ounce from Wednesday's close.

Mr Nick Moore, analyst at Flemings Global Mining Group, pointed out that there was no fundamental shortage of palladium but bureaucratic hold-ups were stopping deliveries from Russia, the biggest producer. "This is a transitory event. When Russia starts exporting again, palladium is likely to come out in a deluge and the bubble will burst."

There were conflicting rumours about the role being played by the Tiger Fund, a US hedge fund that dealers suggested had built up a palladium stock of 1.5m ounces. Some months ago, when the palladium price was \$130 an ounce, Tiger said it expected the price to move up to between \$200 and \$300 an ounce.

Kenneth Gooding, Mining Correspondent

Exchanges urged to co-operate

Greater international co-operation in regulation of commodity exchanges inched forward yesterday, with the publication of an interim report from the London Commodity Futures Market Conference, which first met in November 1996 in the wake of the Sumitomo copper affair. The conference aims to develop global standards of best practice in commodity markets.

Ms Brookley Born, chair of the Commodity Futures Trading Commission in the US and one of three co-chairs of the London Conference, said "collaborative efforts are not merely useful, they are absolutely essential" to ensure international exchanges and regulators are better placed to prevent commodity market manipulation.

However, she told the Financial Times that "it's impractical at this point in history to be too prescriptive. I think it's useful that exchanges around the world continue to have differing regulatory mechanisms for dealing with this problem; that way, we can see a variety of methods and assess which work best."

Details of the report were presented at the International Derivatives Conference in London by Ms Born; Mr Hidehiro Konno, director-general of Japan's Ministry of International Trade and Industry; and Sir Andrew Large, chairman of the UK's Securities and Investments Board. Their final report, which will set out guidelines concerning best practice on contract design, market surveillance and information sharing, is scheduled to be published at a meeting to be held in Tokyo in October.

Gary Mead

COMMODITIES PRICES

BASE METALS

LONDON METAL EXCHANGE

(Prices from Amalgamated Metal Trading)

ALUMINIUM (30.2 purity) (\$ per tonne)

	Sett	Day's	High	Low	Open
Close	1578.5-77.5	1599-800			
Previous	1599-70	1599-85.5			
High/Low	1599-70	1599-85.5			
AM Official	1572-73	1597-46			
Kerb close	1599-80	1599-80			
Open int.	222,365				
Total daily turnover	85,183				

ALUMINIUM ALLOY (\$ per tonne)

	Sett	Day's	High	Low	Open
Close	1480-85	1484-85			
Previous	1485-85	1480-85			
High/Low	1485-85	1480-85			
AM Official	1480-85	1480-85			
Kerb close	1480-85	1480-85			
Open int.	5,172				
Total daily turnover	1,457				

LEAD (\$ per tonne)

	Sett	Day's	High	Low	Open
Close	621.5-2.5	635-9			
Previous	612-13	625-27			
High/Low	612-13	625-27			
AM Official	614.5-5.5	625-30			
Kerb close	635-9	635-9			
Open int.	34,855				
Total daily turnover	10,246				

NICKEL (\$ per tonne)

	Sett	Day's	High	Low	Open
Close	7110-15	7220-25			
Previous	7040-45	7130-40			
High/Low	7040-45	7130-40			
AM Official	7030-40	7240-45			
Kerb close	7235-40	7235-40			
Open int.	53,144				
Total daily turnover	11,845				

TIN (\$ per tonne)

	Sett	Day's	High	Low	Open
Close	5905-15	5940-50			
Previous	5950-55	5970-55			
High/Low	5950-55	5970-55			
AM Official	5970-55	5970-55			
Kerb close	5970-55	5970-55			
Open int.	16,647				
Total daily turnover	4,698				

ZINC, special high grade (\$ per tonne)

	Sett	Day's	High	Low	Open
Close	1345-47	1358-50			
Previous	1310-50	1344-45			
High/Low	1310-50	1344-45			
AM Official	1335-50	1375-55			
Kerb close	1374-55	1374-55			
Open int.	93,148				
Total daily turnover	24,774				

COPPER, grade A (\$ per tonne)

	Sett	Day's	High	Low	Open
Close	2533-38	2574-78			
Previous	2533-38	2574-78			
High/Low	2533-38	2574-78			
AM Official	2533-38	2574-78			
Kerb close	2574-78	2574-78			
Open int.	137,645				
Total daily turnover	48,108				

LME AM Official 6/5 rate: 1.8297

LME Closing 6/5 rate: 1.8310

Spot 1.8325 6 months 1.8297 12 months 1.8328

HIGH GRADE COPPER (COMEX)

	Sett	Day's	High	Low	Open
Close	115.75	115.80	115.80	115.80	115.80
Previous	115.75	115.80	115.80	115.80	115.80
High/Low	115.75	115.80	115.80	115.80	115.80
AM Official	115.75	115.80	115.80	115.80	115.80
Kerb close	115.75	115.80	115.80	115.80	115.80
Open int.	11,220				
Total daily turnover	10,494				

PRECIOUS METALS

LONDON BULLION MARKET

(Prices supplied by N M Rothschild)

	Sett	Day's	High	Low	Open
Gold (Troy oz) \$ price	342.70-343.20	342.70-343.20			
Opening	342.70-343.20	342.70-343.20			
High/Low	342.70-343.20	342.70-343.20			
AM Official	342.70-343.20	342.70-343.20			
Kerb close	342.70-343.20	342.70-343.20			
Open int.	1,200				
Total daily turnover	10,494				

LME AM Official 6/5 rate: 1.8297

LME Closing 6/5 rate: 1.8310

Spot 1.8325 6 months 1.8297 12 months 1.8328

HIGH GRADE COPPER (COMEX)

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FT MANAGED FUNDS SERVICE[illegible]

LUXEMBOURG (REGULATED)	ISIN	Name	Currency	Type	Status	Date	Time	Price	Change									
LUXEMBOURG (REGULATED)																		
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FT MANAGED FUNDS SERVICE

Offshore Insurances and Other Funds

● FT Cityline Unit Trust Prices are available over the telephone. Call the FT Cityline Help Desk on (+44 171) 873 4378 for more details.

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INV TRUSTS SPLIT CAPITAL - Cont.

Company	Share Price	Dividend
...

OTHER INVESTMENT TRUSTS

Company	Share Price	Dividend
...

INVESTMENT COMPANIES

Company	Share Price	Dividend
...

LEISURE & HOTELS

Company	Share Price	Dividend
...

LIFE ASSURANCE

Company	Share Price	Dividend
...

MEDIA - Cont.

Company	Share Price	Dividend
...

OIL EXPLORATION & PRODUCTION

Company	Share Price	Dividend
...

OIL, INTEGRATED

Company	Share Price	Dividend
...

PAPER, PACKAGING & PRINTING

Company	Share Price	Dividend
...

PHARMACEUTICALS - Cont.

Company	Share Price	Dividend
...

Company	Share Price	Dividend
...

Company	Share Price	Dividend
...

PROPERTY - Cont.

Company	Share Price	Dividend
...

RETAILERS, FOOD

Company	Share Price	Dividend
...

RETAILERS, GENERAL - Cont.

Company	Share Price	Dividend
...

Company	Share Price	Dividend
...

Company	Share Price	Dividend
...

SUPPORT SERVICES - Cont.

Company	Share Price	Dividend
...

TELECOMMUNICATIONS

Company	Share Price	Dividend
...

TEXTILES & APPAREL - Cont.

Company	Share Price	Dividend
...

Company	Share Price	Dividend
...

Company	Share Price	Dividend
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Company	Share Price	Dividend
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Company	Share Price	Dividend
...

AM - Cont.

Company	Share Price	Dividend
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Company	Share Price	Dividend
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Company	Share Price	Dividend
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Company	Share Price	Dividend
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Company	Share Price	Dividend
...

Tour de force.

We are the global money management arm of the world's 26th largest company, by market capitalisation*

HSBC Asset Management
Member HSBC Group

WORLD CLASS PERFORMERS

SALED IN THE UK BY HSBC ASSET MANAGEMENT EUROPE LIMITED, REGULATED BY FSA

* Source: FT 500 Survey January 1997

GUIDE TO LONDON SHARE SERVICE

Prices for the London Share Service are delivered by Eikon, part of Reuters. Prices are based on the closing price of the FTSE 100 Index.

Dividends are shown in pence unless otherwise stated. Rights and loans are based on the day after the record date.

Where shares are denominated in multiples other than 100, the value is indicated after the comma. Prices shown for many of these shares are based on the closing price of the FTSE 100 Index.

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LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Bid hints trigger return of confidence in shares

MARKET REPORT
By Steve Thompson,
UK Stock Market Editor

Sentiment in UK stocks, which has been severely dented in recent sessions, improved sharply yesterday, leaders clawing their way back into positive territory after an early bout of weakness and finishing the session in good heart.

However, second line and smaller shares were out of favour, drifting lower in fairly light trading.

The recovery in blue chip stocks came after the Confederation of British Industry's May

survey of distributive trades, and news of higher-than-expected weekly US jobless claims.

The latter was interpreted as a good indicator of the US non-farm payroll report for May, expected today. The report is one of the crucial economic figures scrutinised by the Federal Reserve's Open Market Committee during its monetary policy deliberations.

The FOMC next meets on July 2. Treasury bonds, easier overnight, held relatively steady on the jobless news, while the Dow Jones Industrial Average was up around 20 points in early New York trading and 66 points higher after London closed.

The CBI survey indicated a slowing in high street sales during the month, news that was well received by a stock market worried that the newly installed monetary policy committee's first meeting would produce an interest rate rise.

Dealers insisted, however, that there remained a possibility that rates would be lifted, although some said the committee might prefer to wait for details of the new chancellor's first Budget, scheduled for July 2, before recommending an increase.

Along with the interest rate worries, growing nervousness about the content of the first Labour Budget had driven lead-

ing stocks on London's equity market sharply lower over the previous six sessions.

There was also a story that some of London's weakness had been caused by an overseas seller of over £200m worth of UK stocks. The FTSE 100 index built quickly on its recovery, eventually closing the session 13.1 higher at 4,576.2.

The FTSE 250 finished 1.9 easier at 4,465.9, while the SmallCap slipped 0.5 to 2,277.3. Turnover at 6pm reached 856.5m shares.

The market's rally was also accompanied by a sudden uptick in the banking sector, which responded to a revival of

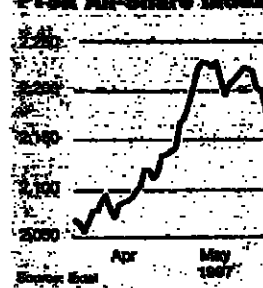
the recent merger talk.

The rumours settled once again on Abbey National, where it was said that talks with NatWest Bank had been resurrected. Another story was that Prudential Group was seeking a merger partner, preferably Abbey. An old rumour of an HSBC move against Royal Bank of Scotland saw the latter barely touched.

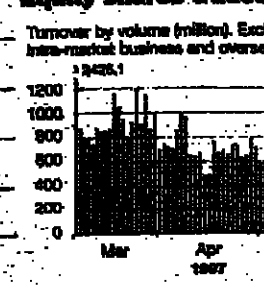
Scotia's pointed out, however, that the market's burst of takeover enthusiasm had coincided with the cascade of Australian wickets in the Test match against England at Edgbaston.

Lasmo was the best Footsie performer, after news of its big acquisition in Venezuela.

FTSE All-Share Index



Equity shares traded



Indices and ratios

FTSE 100	4576.2	+19.1	FT 30	2952.3	+8.0
FTSE 250	4465.9	-1.9	FTSE Non-Fin p/e	18.50	18.50
FTSE 350	2220.3	+7.3	FTSE 100/Fut Jun	4573.0	+23.0
FTSE All-Share	2181.0	+5.61	10 yr Gilt yield	7.17	7.17
FTSE All-Share yield	3.56	3.57	Long gdp/equity yield ratio	2.02	2.01

Best performing sectors

1 Life Assurance	+2.5	1 Gas Distribution	-1.2
2 Telecommunications	+1.7	2 Paper, Pkg & Printing	-0.8
3 Oil Exploration & Prod	+1.5	3 Extractive Industries	-1.5
4 Retailers Food	+1.0	4 Diversified Industrials	-0.8
5 Transport	+1.0	5 Household Goods	-0.7

Oil deal boosts Lasmo

By Joel Kibazo, Martin Brice and Steve Thompson

Oil explorer Lasmo raced higher in late trading after the company confirmed reports it had won a hotly contested bid to develop the Dacion oil field in Venezuela.

Lasmo said it had paid \$453m to win the bid and that it expected to invest a further \$750m in the 20-year operating contract, which would lift oil output from 12,500 barrels per day to 90,000 bpd within three to four years.

Shares in the group moved briskly ahead on the news and by the close had gained 11 to 25p, making it the best performer in the FTSE 100. Volume of 8.7m placed it just outside the list of the 10 most actively traded stocks of the session.

Leading brokers welcomed the deal, one said: "This is a deal that stops Lasmo being dominated by its Algerian success. It is in a much sought after area that will enable Lasmo to add to reserves at a low cost."

In the rest of the sector, Premier Oil hardened to 44p. Lehman Brothers favours the shares and has an "outperform" rating on the stock. The oil team at the US investment bank believes "recent drilling suc-

cess in Indonesia is clearly not factored into the price yet". It added: "Another area to watch is Pakistan, where Premier is currently working on a well in the Petro area adjacent to the Indian border."

An initial slide in some of the banking stocks, notably Abbey National, was reversed in mid-morning as a round of takeover speculation returned to the market.

Abbey quickly stabilised and then raced ahead to close 16p higher at 84p. The talk in the market suggested that merger talks with NatWest Bank, widely reported in recent weeks, had resumed.

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Other traders said the strength in Prudential shares stemmed from the recent surge in Norwich Union shares on the unofficial "grey market". City Index, the financial, political and sports spread betting bookmakers, said Norwich shares had closed at 333p-343p yesterday. IG Index quoted Norwich at 336p-344p.

Royal Bank of Scotland, viewed as a perfect proxy for Norwich Union, ran up 8p to 44p. Royal Bank of Scotland was driven higher, also in the wake of the usual takeover chatter, which once again was linked with HSBC.

RBS shares finished 11 higher at 601p. Turnover was a hefty 4.9m shares. Halifax, on the other hand, remained in the dol-

lums, the shares easing 3p to 78p on turnover of 8.2m; the institutions remain firmly on the sidelines for the time being.

Hopes on the Eurofighter and a clutch of brokers' recommendations powered British Aerospace.

The shares gained 21 to 212.78p with 1.4m having been dealt by the close.

Reports suggesting that the German government may after all find the money to put into the Eurofighter aircraft, in which BAE is a leading supplier, helped boost the stock.

Sentiment was further enhanced by a recommendation from NatWest Securities, published in the form of a weekly research document.

The team at NatWest believes consolidation in the European defence sector will offer the greatest value for

BAe shareholders. But they added: "In the event that consolidation does not occur, we calculated the enterprise value of the defence division alone is at least £5.5bn, which compares with a total enterprise value of £4.6bn for BAE. This suggests that even under the most pessimistic scenario, the current share price is undervaluing BAE Defence."

Dresdner Kleinwort Benson were also said to have urged investors to buy the shares.

Strong results from Railtrack helped the shares rise 12p to 569p in volume of 7.3m as the market shrugged off comments that the regulator might impose tougher demands on the company.

Analysts dismissed comments from Mr John Swift, the rail regulator, who said Railtrack had a "long way to

go" on investment commitments and that he would review its performance. Railtrack said it was ahead of the investment programme set by the regulator.

The effect of a windfall tax would seem to be included in Railtrack's share price, with one analyst saying yesterday: "I don't see how they could possibly be out of the windfall tax."

Boots was the focus of attention by analysts as they adjusted forecasts for the effect of higher interest charges stemming from the 44.2p share special dividend announced yesterday.

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FUTURES AND OPTIONS

FTSE 100 INDEX FUTURES (LFFB) £25 per full index point (AFT)

	Open	Sett	Change	High	Low	Est. Vol	Open Int
Jun	4542.0	4576.0	+24.0	4583.0	4530.0	17136	88005
Jul	4573.0	4607.0	+24.0	4613.0	4570.0	2677	13851
Aug	4583.0	4617.0	+24.0	4623.0	4580.0	10	773

FTSE 250 INDEX FUTURES (LFFB) £10 per full index point

	Open	Sett	Change	High	Low	Est. Vol	Open Int
Jun	4450.0	4465.0	+15.0	4470.0	4435.0	913	5283
Jul	4457.0	4472.0	+15.0	4482.0	4442.0	1339	980

FTSE 100 INDEX OPTION (LFFB) £475 (£10 per full index point)

	4400	4450	4500	4550	4600	4650	4700
C	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
P	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Call	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Put	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

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	4400	4450	4500	4550	4600	4650	4700
C	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
P	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Call	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
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	4400	4450	4500	4550	4600	4650	4700
C	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
P	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Call	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Put	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

FTSE 250 INDEX OPTION (LFFB) £475 (£10 per full index point)

	4400	4450	4500	4550	4600	4650	4700
C	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
P	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Call	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Put	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

FTSE 100 INDEX OPTION (LFFB) £475 (£10 per full index point)

	4400	4450	4500	4550	4600	4650	4700
C	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
P	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Call	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Put	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

FTSE 250 INDEX OPTION (LFFB) £475 (£10 per full index point)

	4400	4450	4500	4550	4600	4650	4700
C	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
P	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Call	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Put	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

FTSE 100 INDEX OPTION (LFFB) £475 (£10 per full index point)

	4400	4450	4500	4550	4600	4650	4700
C	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
P	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Call	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Put	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

FTSE 250 INDEX OPTION (LFFB) £475 (£10 per full index point)

	4400	4450	4500	4550	4600	4650	4700
C	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
P	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Call	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Put	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

FTSE 100 INDEX OPTION (LFFB) £475 (£10 per full index point)

	4400	4450	4500	4550	4600	4650	4700
C	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
P	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Call	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Put	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

FTSE 250 INDEX OPTION (LFFB) £475 (£10 per full index point)

	4400	4450	4500	4550	4600	4650	4700
C	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
P	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Call	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Put	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

FTSE 1

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WORLD STOCK MARKETS

Highs & Lows shown on a 52 week basis

EUROPE

Table with 4 columns: Stock Name, Price, Change, % Change. Includes entries for Austria (Jun 5/1997), Belgium (Jun 5/1997), Germany (Jun 5/1997), France (Jun 5/1997), Greece (Jun 5/1997), Ireland (Jun 5/1997), Italy (Jun 5/1997), Luxembourg (Jun 5/1997), Netherlands (Jun 5/1997), Portugal (Jun 5/1997), Spain (Jun 5/1997), Sweden (Jun 5/1997), Switzerland (Jun 5/1997), and the UK (Jun 5/1997).

Table with 4 columns: Stock Name, Price, Change, % Change. Includes entries for Denmark (Jun 5/1997), Finland (Jun 5/1997), Norway (Jun 5/1997), and the Nordic Index (Jun 5/1997).

Table with 4 columns: Stock Name, Price, Change, % Change. Includes entries for the Baltic States (Jun 5/1997), the CEE Index (Jun 5/1997), and the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997).

Table with 4 columns: Stock Name, Price, Change, % Change. Includes entries for the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), and the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997).

Table with 4 columns: Stock Name, Price, Change, % Change. Includes entries for the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), and the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997).

Table with 4 columns: Stock Name, Price, Change, % Change. Includes entries for the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), and the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997).

Table with 4 columns: Stock Name, Price, Change, % Change. Includes entries for the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), and the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997).

Table with 4 columns: Stock Name, Price, Change, % Change. Includes entries for the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), and the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997).

Table with 4 columns: Stock Name, Price, Change, % Change. Includes entries for the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), and the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997).

Table with 4 columns: Stock Name, Price, Change, % Change. Includes entries for the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), and the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997).

Table with 4 columns: Stock Name, Price, Change, % Change. Includes entries for the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), and the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997).

Table with 4 columns: Stock Name, Price, Change, % Change. Includes entries for the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), and the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997).

Table with 4 columns: Stock Name, Price, Change, % Change. Includes entries for the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), and the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997).

Table with 4 columns: Stock Name, Price, Change, % Change. Includes entries for the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), and the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997).

Table with 4 columns: Stock Name, Price, Change, % Change. Includes entries for the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), and the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997).

Table with 4 columns: Stock Name, Price, Change, % Change. Includes entries for the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), and the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997).

Table with 4 columns: Stock Name, Price, Change, % Change. Includes entries for the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), and the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997).

Table with 4 columns: Stock Name, Price, Change, % Change. Includes entries for the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), and the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997).

Table with 4 columns: Stock Name, Price, Change, % Change. Includes entries for the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), and the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997).

Table with 4 columns: Stock Name, Price, Change, % Change. Includes entries for the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), and the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997).

Table with 4 columns: Stock Name, Price, Change, % Change. Includes entries for the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), and the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997).

Table with 4 columns: Stock Name, Price, Change, % Change. Includes entries for the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), and the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997).

Table with 4 columns: Stock Name, Price, Change, % Change. Includes entries for the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), and the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997).

Table with 4 columns: Stock Name, Price, Change, % Change. Includes entries for the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), and the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997).

Table with 4 columns: Stock Name, Price, Change, % Change. Includes entries for the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), and the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997).

Table with 4 columns: Stock Name, Price, Change, % Change. Includes entries for the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), and the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997).

Table with 4 columns: Stock Name, Price, Change, % Change. Includes entries for the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), and the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997).

Table with 4 columns: Stock Name, Price, Change, % Change. Includes entries for the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), and the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997).

Table with 4 columns: Stock Name, Price, Change, % Change. Includes entries for the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), and the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997).

Table with 4 columns: Stock Name, Price, Change, % Change. Includes entries for the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), and the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997).

Table with 4 columns: Stock Name, Price, Change, % Change. Includes entries for the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), and the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997).

Table with 4 columns: Stock Name, Price, Change, % Change. Includes entries for the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), and the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997).

Table with 4 columns: Stock Name, Price, Change, % Change. Includes entries for the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), and the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997).

Table with 4 columns: Stock Name, Price, Change, % Change. Includes entries for the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), and the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997).

Table with 4 columns: Stock Name, Price, Change, % Change. Includes entries for the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), and the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997).

Table with 4 columns: Stock Name, Price, Change, % Change. Includes entries for the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997), and the ECU Index (Jun 5/1997).

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US INDICES

Table with 4 columns: Index Name, Price, Change, % Change. Includes entries for Dow Jones, S&P 500, NASDAQ, and various sector indices.

AFRICA

Table with 4 columns: Stock Name, Price, Change, % Change. Includes entries for various African stock markets.

NORTH AMERICA

Table with 4 columns: Stock Name, Price, Change, % Change. Includes entries for various North American stock markets.

TOKYO - MOST ACTIVE STOCKS

Table with 4 columns: Stock Name, Price, Change, % Change. Includes entries for most active stocks in Tokyo.

1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029, 2030, 2031, 2032, 2033, 2034, 2035, 2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, 2040, 2041, 2042, 2043, 2044, 2045, 2046, 2047, 2048, 2049, 2050, 2051, 2052, 2053, 2054, 2055, 2056, 2057, 2058, 2059, 2060, 2061, 2062, 2063, 2064, 2065, 2066, 2067, 2068, 2069, 2070, 2071, 2072, 2073, 2074, 2075, 2076, 2077, 2078, 2079, 2080, 2081, 2082, 2083, 2084, 2085, 2086, 2087, 2088, 2089, 2090, 2091, 2092, 2093, 2094, 2095, 2096, 2097, 2098, 2099, 2100, 2101, 2102, 2103, 2104, 2105, 2106, 2107, 2108, 2109, 2110, 2111, 2112, 2113, 2114, 2115, 2116, 2117, 2118, 2119, 2120, 2121, 2122, 2123, 2124, 2125, 2126, 2127, 2128, 2129, 2130, 2131, 2132, 2133, 2134, 2135, 2136, 2137, 2138, 2139, 2140, 2141, 2142, 2143, 2144, 2145, 2146, 2147, 2148, 2149, 2150, 2151, 2152, 2153, 2154, 2155, 2156, 2157, 2158, 2159, 2160, 2161, 2162, 2163, 2164, 2165, 2166, 2167, 2168, 2169, 2170, 2171, 2172, 2173, 2174, 2175, 2176, 2177, 2178, 2179, 2180, 2181, 2182, 2183, 2184, 2185, 2186, 2187, 2188, 2189, 2190, 2191, 2192, 2193, 2194, 2195, 2196, 2197, 2198, 2199, 2200, 2201, 2202, 2203, 2204, 2205, 2206, 2207, 2208, 2209, 2210, 2211, 2212, 2213, 2214, 2215, 2216, 2217, 2218, 2219, 2220, 2221, 2222, 2223, 2224, 2225, 2226, 2227, 2228, 2229, 2230, 2231, 2232, 2233, 2234, 2235, 2236, 2237, 2238, 2239, 2240, 2241, 2242, 2243, 2244, 2245, 2246, 2247, 2248, 2249, 2250, 2251, 2252, 2253, 2254, 2255, 2256, 2257, 2258, 2259, 2260, 2261, 2262, 2263, 2264, 2265, 2266, 2267, 2268, 2269, 2270, 2271, 2272, 2273, 2274, 2275, 2276, 2277, 2278, 2279, 2280, 2281, 2282, 2283, 2284, 2285, 2286, 2287, 2288, 2289, 2290, 2291, 2292, 2293, 2294, 2295, 2296, 2297, 2298, 2299, 2300, 2301, 2302, 2303, 2304, 2305, 2306, 2307, 2308, 2309, 2310, 2311, 2312, 2313, 2314, 2315, 2316, 2317, 2318, 2319, 2320, 2321, 2322, 2323, 2324, 2325, 2326, 2327, 2328, 2329, 2330, 2331, 2332, 2333, 2334, 2335, 2336, 2337, 2338, 2339, 2340, 2341, 2342, 2343, 2344, 2345, 2346, 2347, 2348, 2349, 2350, 2351, 2352, 2353, 2354, 2355, 2356, 2357, 2358, 2359, 2360, 2361, 2362, 2363, 2364, 2365, 2366, 2367, 2368, 2369, 2370, 2371, 2372, 2373, 2374, 2375, 2376, 2377, 2378, 2379, 2380, 2381, 2382, 2383, 2384, 2385, 2386, 2387, 2388, 2389, 2390, 2391, 2392, 2393, 2394, 2395, 2396, 2397, 2398, 2399, 2400, 2401, 2402, 2403, 2404, 2405, 2406, 2407, 2408, 2409, 2410, 2411, 2412, 2413, 2414, 2415, 2416, 2417, 2418, 2419, 2420, 2421, 2422, 2423, 2424, 2425, 2426, 2427, 2428, 2429, 2430, 2431, 2432, 2433, 2434, 2435, 2436, 2437, 2438, 2439, 2440, 2441, 2442, 2443, 2444, 2445, 2446, 2447, 2448, 2449, 2450, 2451, 2452, 2453, 2454, 2455, 2456, 2457, 2458, 2459, 2460, 2461, 2462, 2463, 2464, 2465, 2466, 2467, 2468, 2469, 2470, 2471, 2472, 2473, 2474, 2475, 2476, 2477, 2478, 2479, 2480, 2481, 2482, 2483, 2484, 2485, 2486, 2487, 2488, 2489, 2490, 2491, 2492, 2493, 2494, 2495, 2496, 2497, 2498, 2499, 2500, 2501, 2502, 2503, 2504, 2505, 2506, 2507, 2508, 2509, 2510, 2511, 2512, 2513, 2514, 2515, 2516, 2517, 2518, 2519, 2520, 2521, 2522, 2523, 2524, 2525, 2526, 2527, 2528, 2529, 2530, 2531, 2532, 2533, 2534, 2535, 2536, 2537, 2538, 2539, 2540, 2541, 2542, 2543, 2544, 2545, 2546, 2547, 2548, 2549, 2550, 2551, 2552, 2553, 2554, 2555, 2556, 2557, 2558, 2559, 2560, 2561, 2562, 2563, 2564, 2565, 2566, 2567, 2568, 2569, 2570, 2571, 2572, 2573, 2574, 2575, 2576, 2577, 2578, 2579, 2580, 2581, 2582, 2583, 2584, 2585, 2586, 2587, 2588, 2589, 2590, 2591, 2592, 2593, 2594, 2595, 2596, 2597, 2598, 2599, 2600, 2601, 2602, 2603, 2604, 2605, 2606, 2607, 2608, 2609, 2610, 2611, 2612, 2613, 2614, 2615, 2616, 2617, 2618, 2619, 2620, 2621, 2622, 2623, 2624, 2625, 2626, 2627, 2628, 2629, 2630, 2631, 2632, 2633, 2634, 2635, 2636, 2637, 2638, 2639, 2640, 2641, 2642, 2643, 2644, 2645, 2646, 2647, 2648, 2649, 2650, 2651, 2652, 2653, 2654, 2655, 2656, 2657, 2658, 2659, 2660, 2661, 2662, 2663, 2664, 2665, 2666, 2667, 2668, 2669, 2670, 2671, 2672, 2673, 2674, 2675, 2676, 2677, 2678, 2679, 26

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE PRICES

AMEX PT

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Produced in

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NYSE PRICES

4 pay close June 5

Continued from previous page									
16 1/2	17 1/2	18 1/2	19 1/2	20 1/2	21 1/2	22 1/2	23 1/2	24 1/2	25 1/2
36 1/2	37 1/2	38 1/2	39 1/2	40 1/2	41 1/2	42 1/2	43 1/2	44 1/2	45 1/2
46 1/2	47 1/2	48 1/2	49 1/2	50 1/2	51 1/2	52 1/2	53 1/2	54 1/2	55 1/2
56 1/2	57 1/2	58 1/2	59 1/2	60 1/2	61 1/2	62 1/2	63 1/2	64 1/2	65 1/2
66 1/2	67 1/2	68 1/2	69 1/2	70 1/2	71 1/2	72 1/2	73 1/2	74 1/2	75 1/2
76 1/2	77 1/2	78 1/2	79 1/2	80 1/2	81 1/2	82 1/2	83 1/2	84 1/2	85 1/2
86 1/2	87 1/2	88 1/2	89 1/2	90 1/2	91 1/2	92 1/2	93 1/2	94 1/2	95 1/2
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146 1/2	147 1/2	148 1/2	149 1/2	150 1/2	151 1/2	152 1/2	153 1/2	154 1/2	155 1/2
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Company	Mid price on day	High	Low	Company	Mid price on day	High	Low		
Acti-On	US\$3.5	0	0.25	4.3%	Esprit Telecom AG	US\$7.525	1000	12.5%	5.3%
Adaptive Systems	US\$14.525	+11.25	8520	0	Ingenieria	US\$11.75	25500	12.7%	10.30%
AFI	25000	0	11.25	15.8%	Mediastar	US\$11.25	0	11.75	8.125
De Solvwegh AG	US\$20.25	0	75	10.6%	Peltech	US\$4.25	0	6.125	3.675

Prices for 5/6/97. Please note that mid prices are now used to calculate highs and lows

Information about ESAQ can be found on the Web site at: [HTTP://www.esdaq.be](http://www.esdaq.be)
 ESAQ offices are located in Brussels (Tel. 32-2 / 227 65 20) and in London (Tel. 44-171 / 489 9990).

Paris welcomes cabinet with 2.1% climb

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Credit Risk Analysts

As one of the world's leading investment banking and securities firms, Goldman Sachs has a global reputation which has been built on the skills, creativity and dedication of our people. We are committed to offering a challenging work environment which focuses on excellence in service, teamwork, integrity and creativity.

Our Credit Department is now seeking experienced and motivated credit analysts to join its high-profile and professional team. This team is responsible for managing all forms of credit risk which the firm incurs through its fixed income, equities, foreign exchange, commodities and other transactional businesses. The group is also responsible for supporting, as integral members of client project teams, the firm's investment banking and capital markets business, and providing ratings advisory assistance for our clients.

Successful candidates will be graduates with first-class academic qualifications, together with relevant credit training gained within a recognised investment house,

rating agency or similar institution. You will have between two and seven years relevant experience gained within the corporate, financial institution and/or sovereign (including emerging markets) sectors. Excellent written and oral communication skills are essential and fluency in one or more European languages would be an advantage.

Compensation will be competitive and will reflect normal investment banking practice.

Please apply in writing enclosing both a covering letter and a full curriculum vitae to our managing consultants Tim Smith or Mark Pettman at Michael Page City, Page House, 39-41 Parker Street, London WC2B 5LN, or contact them on 0171 269 2472. Fax number 0171 405 9649. Please quote reference 351098.

Goldman Sachs

TRAINEE FUND MANAGERS

Excellent opportunities for outstanding graduates to join leading investment management organisation.

Gartmore is recognised as one of the leading investment houses in the City, with a significant presence in both the UK and international markets. With group assets under management in excess of \$50bn, we are the fifth largest investment management company in the UK.

We are now seeking to recruit a number of exceptional graduates to develop a career in investment management. Successful individuals will follow a structured and intensive training programme, and will work closely with a personal mentor as well as undertaking formal study. Performance will be reviewed regularly and you will be expected to take on early responsibility.

To be considered for these positions, you must have a strong academic background and a minimum of a 2.1 degree. We are keen to receive applications both from individuals who have just graduated and those who have gained up to three years' experience within a commercial environment. You must be able to demonstrate a keen interest in developing a career in fund management, although experience within financial services is not a prerequisite.

You will be ambitious and committed, numerate and with an aptitude for analytical problem solving. Your confidence and credibility will give you the ability to make things happen and you will be a strong team player with outstanding interpersonal and presentation skills.

These opportunities provide first class career prospects for outstanding performers and carry a highly competitive remuneration package.

For an application form and information pack, please call our consultants, NBS Assessment Services on: 01753 608317 during office hours, quoting reference 5036, before 16th June 1997.

Gartmore

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Director Emerging Markets

Global Investment Bank

Remuneration Commensurate with Position

City

THE COMPANY

- ◆ Major UK based international banking group. Stable, profitable, prestigious organisation.
- ◆ Success story within investment banking. Headquartered in London with office network in over 20 countries.

THE POSITION

- ◆ Fixed Income Sales Trader. Sell diversified US Fixed Income product base to US Institutional and Financial Services companies.
- ◆ Build and maintain strong relationships with key customers globally. Join successful, highly regarded team.

QUALIFICATIONS

- ◆ Minimum 4 years' experience in high quality US investment banking environment. Strong evidence of exceptional client relationship management skills.
- ◆ Thorough knowledge and proven track record in trading bonds, swaps, options and FX. Also exposure to market making, arbitrage and proprietary trading.
- ◆ Experienced, inspirational manager. Team player.

Please send full cv, stating salary, ref F5706A1, to NBS, 10 Arthur Street, London EC4R 9AY

Fax 0171 623 1525 Tel 0171 623 1520

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Structured Finance Emerging Markets

London

£ Highly Attractive Package

Our client is an old established and highly prestigious British Merchant Bank with an enviable reputation for advising and arranging finance across a broad spectrum of emerging markets projects and capital equipment acquisition.

The continued success and expansion of the division has resulted in an exceptional opportunity for a senior individual with a proven track record in high level transaction origination to join this dynamic and highly entrepreneurial team.

Based in London, but with extensive worldwide travel, the successful candidate will be responsible for:

- The origination, structuring and execution of a wide range of transactions.
- The development of products and business in both mature and emerging markets.
- The continuing identification and evaluation of new business opportunities.

The successful candidate will have outstanding interpersonal skills and a minimum of 5-10 years experience with a proven track record of transaction origination and structuring. A creative approach to business is necessary to succeed in this highly meritocratic environment.

This is a senior appointment, with the successful applicant acting as deputy to the Head of the Division. As such, an excellent remuneration package will be offered, based on a generous basic salary.

Interested candidates should contact Richard Colgan or Paul Wilson on 0171 269 2315. Alternatively, write to them, enclosing a full curriculum vitae and current remuneration details at Michael Page City, Page House, 39-41 Parker Street, London WC2B 5LN. Fax 0171 405 9649. Please quote reference 341569.



Michael Page City

International Recruitment Consultants
London Paris Frankfurt Madrid Hong Kong Singapore Sydney

ANALYST – CORPORATE FINANCE

**Excellent
Package**

Salomon Brothers

Established in 1910, Salomon Brothers is a pre-eminent investment banking firm providing a first class service to governments, corporates, financial institutions and blue chip organisations. The European Investment Banking (EIB) division provides a full range of capital raising in sectors as diverse as Energy, Telecommunications and Media, Healthcare, Financial Institutions and Infrastructure across Europe and further afield.

Salomon's reputation has been built on absolute standards of quality, integrity and service. These are born of a desire, and ability, to commit to excellence both in technical and financial capabilities and, crucially, in the character of the professionals they employ.

EIB is now seeking applications from German speaking analysts who have 1-2 years' relevant experience within a similar financial institution. The successful applicant will commence employment with the German Coverage Team based in Frankfurt, and after 12 months return to the European Head Office in London. The analyst role is an important one which supports Senior Bankers through sourcing accurate and detailed research and analysis for business presentations to clients. Typical functions include:

- Financial modelling.
- Quantitative Analysis.
- Research.
- Statistical Support.
- Review and Organisation of Financial Data.

The work is high profile and challenging often involving long hours and intense pressure. Analysts are exposed to a broad range of people and products and expected to contribute ideas and help to win new business. They work alongside

experienced professionals and have access to excellent support and training along with clear career progression opportunities.

To be considered for this opportunity you will need to have strong analytical and numerical skills, both academically and practically. You will also be able to demonstrate achievement in a similarly demanding environment. Fluent German and English are pre-requisite, as is a high calibre first degree, ideally in a finance/maths/economics discipline.

In the first instance, please contact Miranda Newbould at Harrison Willis on 0171 344 5154 (daytime), 0171 622 8249 (evenings and weekends) or by writing to her at Harrison Willis, Cardinal House, 39/40 Albemarle Street, London, W1X 4ND.

Fax: 0171 344 0364.
E-mail: hwgroup@hwgroup.co.uk
<http://www.hwgroup.co.uk/hwgroup>

**HARRISON
WILLIS**

HW Group Company

Senior Investment Consultant

London

£ Attractive

As one of the world's leading investment consulting firms, our client provides investment advice, analytical tools and funds to institutional and individual investors, with offices throughout Europe, North America and the Asia/Pacific region. The investment consulting group is now seeking to recruit a Senior Consultant to expand its London operation.

The successful candidate will be responsible for providing professional advice on investment strategy and management to a prestigious UK and International client base. This will involve the delivery of consulting services encompassing strategic asset allocation policy, manager selection, representation at trustee and investment committee meetings and fund performance evaluation. Further responsibilities include relationship management and new business development.

Candidates will be mature, professional graduates, preferably with an MBA or equivalent qualification and with a minimum of five years' investment related experience gained within fund management, consulting or with

a plan sponsor. Excellent interpersonal and presentation skills, coupled with the ability to communicate effectively both verbally and in written form are essential. The successful candidate will also demonstrate strong management and leadership skills and the ability to effectively manage projects.

This position offers an exceptional opportunity and superb career development for an outstanding investment professional with the enthusiasm and commitment to provide consistently superior consulting services. An attractive remuneration package will reflect both the level of responsibility and the candidate's experience.

Interested applicants should send a full curriculum vitae to Sarah Hesse-Hunter at Michael Page City, Page House, 39-41 Parker Street, London WC2B 5LN or by fax to 0171 405 9649. For an initial confidential discussion, please telephone her on 0171 269 2314. Please quote reference 348494.



Michael Page City

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EQUITY FUND MANAGER

A high calibre motivated individual is required as a junior fund manager for a European Hedge Fund.

The applicant should have at least 3 years experience of European Equity Markets, including a sound working knowledge of company accounts. The Fund uses a bottom-up stock specific investment style, and the role demands an appropriately imaginative approach to equity fund management.

The position is based in the City, within one of Europe's leading specialist fund management companies.

Remuneration will be by salary and performance related bonus.

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Newton Investment Management is regulated by IMRO.

Securitization Team

Locations: City of London and Germany
Competitive Salary and Banking Benefits

One of Germany's largest universal banking groups is expanding its international operations in Germany and London and has a requirement for a securitization execution executive.

The position would be reporting to the Head of Origination and Investments, responsible for structuring, developing and delivering structured finance solutions.

The candidate must be able to illustrate:

- Project leadership.
- Establishing off-balance sheet and special purpose vehicle structures, including asset re-packaging and securitizations.
- Arranging and executing third party client and in-house securitization mandates.
- Working with sales and syndications.
- Co-ordinating due diligence, management and administrative support.
- Reviewing new securitization transactions.
- Liaising with legal, marketing and other structured finance departments in different European regions.
- Experience with rating agencies in negotiating proposed structures.

Candidates must have a minimum of 4 years' relevant experience and a proven track record in closing structured finance transactions.

It is essential the candidate interacts well with the team and has strong written and oral skills. We would expect the candidate to be formally credit or audit trained with sound factoring or structured finance experience and an investment banking product track record.

Please send your full CV together with details of your current package to our recruitment consultant, Karen Lewis, at the address below.

JONATHAN WREN
SEARCH & SELECTION

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34 London Wall, London EC2M 5RU
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- THE POSITION**
- Responsible for overall performance of specialist Dealing Team. Reports to Managing Director.
- Plan and implement Business Dealing Strategy to cover existing and new markets.
- Manage all dealing exposure and risk. Develop strong client and bank relationships.

QUALIFICATIONS

- Proven success in managing dealing operations with experience of international FX, settlement practices and Banknote Dealing. Over 10 years' experience.
- In-depth knowledge of FX products and treasury management.
- Strategic approach. Excellent communication and relationship management skills.

Please send full cv, stating salary, ref F576601 and the position in which you are interested to
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Due to internal promotion, we are now looking to appoint a replacement Head of our American department. Candidates will need an established track record and the ability to head our team of fund managers covering the American market.

Funds invested in the USA currently amount to some £850m across onshore and

offshore American unit trusts and international funds.

We offer attractive working conditions at a riverside location, together with a very competitive salary package and the usual range of benefits expected at this level.

Please send your CV, together with a covering letter which should highlight the ways in which you feel your experience and record will be of interest to us. All applications will be treated in strictest confidence and should be marked 'Private & Confidential' and addressed to: Robert Verbury, Chief Investment Officer, at the address below:

Perpetual Investment Management Services Limited, Perpetual House,
47 - 49 Station Road, Henley-on-Thames, Oxon RG9 1AF
(Regulated by IMRO)

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Price Waterhouse

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Private client investment management

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Running an office of around 25 staff, the Chief Executive will be responsible for the management and administration of the trusts and company interests associated with this prominent family. You will be a Director of the overall parent company and also a Director within some private company interests in the UK and overseas. In addition you will oversee the administration of the various trusts and investments and also play a key role in dealing with family members and their individual requirements, including taxation issues.

This is not merely an investment management or trust administration role. There are additional management demands in respect of leadership and ensuring value for money with regard to the services provided plus the need to deal with family members and beneficiaries on a regular basis.

This unique position calls for a combination of experience and skills. You could well be a chartered accountant or lawyer or possibly come from investment management or private banking. Whichever background you come from, you will have experience of dealing with private clients and investment and trust administration. You will certainly have reached a senior level and have experience of office and staff management and will be familiar with dealing with trustees and committees.

In terms of personal qualities, it should go without saying that we seek someone with integrity, discretion, tact and diplomacy. You should have the maturity to deal effectively and openly with people at all levels and ages and be able to thrive in an environment where you are providing a service to family members, even though you will have pressures and demands placed upon you from time to time.

We are looking for someone probably in their mid-late 40's who sees this as their final career move, but who still has the enthusiasm and energy to make a major contribution in this important role.

If you are interested, please write to Alannah Hunt, quoting reference A/1770 together with your CV, salary expectations and demonstrating how you feel you match these requirements. Applications should be received by 21 June.

Executive Search & Selection
Price Waterhouse Management Consulting Ltd
Southwark Towers
32 London Bridge Street
London
SE1 0BY
Fax: 0171 378 0647

Compliance Professionals

Our client enjoys a global reputation as one of the world's leading investment banking institutions. Dedicated to complying fully with the laws and regulations that govern their business, they are now seeking to recruit two compliance professionals to join their Central Compliance Division.

Assisting the Compliance Director, the principal responsibilities and duties of these two positions within this critical and high-profile division will include:

Assistant Compliance Officer

Ongoing analysis and assessment of the impact of new regulations in EU member states arising from ISD implementation. Reviewing investment research and helping develop the surveillance and monitoring capacity of the firm. Analysing UK regulatory initiatives for impact on the firm and developing the necessary changes in policies and procedures.

A sound knowledge of financial products, markets and businesses, together with a thorough understanding of applicable rules and regulations, is required. Ref: MGH122

Banking Compliance Officer

Providing dedicated compliance support for a business unit that specialises in arranging and syndicating loans and secondary debt trading. Assisting in investigating and responding to external enquiries and helping ensure the firm's compliance with trade and transaction reporting requirements.

Previous experience in commercial lending and knowledge of the regulatory requirements of the Bank of England and the SFA are required. Ref: MGH123

Both roles will demand strong interpersonal skills and the ability to interact comfortably at all levels. You will be educated to degree level, and a professional qualification would be desirable. The salary and benefits package will reflect the importance the firm attaches to its compliance resources.

If you are interested in either role, please apply quoting the appropriate reference and enclosing a copy of your CV. All responses will be treated in the strictest of confidence and should be addressed to Martyn Hughes at:

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Tel: 0171-293 7040. Fax: 0171-623 6011

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We are recruiting actively at all levels. With at least two years relevant experience you can join this high profile team where you will expand your knowledge by helping world class businesses solve complex problems. An accountancy qualification or MBA will be an advantage.

Please send a comprehensive CV, including current salary details and a daytime telephone number to Derek Ross at: Stonecutter Court, 1 Stonecutter Street, London EC4A 4TR.

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For each of the following branches
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Senior Relationship Manager

Through an extensive worldwide network, the bank is continuously reinforcing its international presence in corporate and investment banking as well as capital markets, with a major focus on emerging countries including Eastern Europe.

The position: you manage the relationship with the largest local and international firms of the country by detecting the business opportunities, designing the solutions with the product specialists based throughout the world and by following the implementation.

The candidates: you have 7-10 years international experience in a leading investment bank in these countries

or in a major financial center. The knowledge of the local language and English is prerequisite; another European language is a plus. You must have in-depth knowledge of the country including its economic environment. Initiative and creativity are required. A team player spirit is essential. The size and human resources policy of the bank will give broad career opportunities to successful candidates.

Please send your application to Media System, Garden House, Cloisters Business Centre, 8 Battersea Park Road, London SW8 4BG, on the reference 45567.

EMERGING MARKETS, FIXED INCOME ECONOMIST

Salary range £40 - 50k + bonus

As a recognised leader in the fixed income and equity markets, this International Investment Bank provides a comprehensive range of products and services in the primary and secondary bond and equity markets, currency and interest rate swaps and options, fixed income and equity derivative products and specialised instruments.

They are currently looking to recruit a professional to support the senior economist, providing support to the Emerging Markets desk. A key part of the role will be to produce macro economic analysis of African countries, as well as regions within Eastern Europe and Middle East.

The successful candidate will ideally have a PhD in Economics, a strong foundation in macro economic theory and applied country analysis, including exposure to the economics of Africa and Eastern Europe. Preference will be given to candidates who also have knowledge of African languages.

A competitive package and excellent career opportunities are offered to attract the very best candidates.

Please apply, quoting reference R0003 and enclosing your CV to Vanessa Rainbow, GMBM Response Management Services, 22 Little Portland Street, London W1N 5AF.



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DEBT CAPITAL MARKETS DESK ORIGINATION SUPPORT

As a recognised leader in the fixed income and equity markets, this International Investment Bank provides a comprehensive range of products and services in the primary and secondary bond and equity markets, currency and interest rate swaps and options, fixed income and equity derivative products and specialised instruments.

The Debt Capital Markets desk is responsible for the origination of fixed income instruments, derivative based liability management and structured products. Due to the expansion of their European business an opportunity exists in London for an analyst to join the team supporting senior originators covering Europe. The role will involve preparation and development of client proposals and research into markets and instruments with a collaborative effort in a close knit team environment. Career opportunities exist for the appointee to develop into an originator for new issues and derivatives. The successful candidate will be educated to degree level and have at least one year's experience as a Debt Capital Markets Analyst within an Investment Bank. The candidate will be highly numerate with proven quantitative skills together with experience of Word, Excel and PowerPoint. Fluency in a European language in addition to English is preferred.

A competitive salary and excellent career opportunities are offered to attract the very best candidates.

A detailed CV and covering letter should be addressed to Mrs V Rainbow, GMBM Response Management Services, 22 Little Portland Street, London W1N 5AF, quoting ref: R0005



GMBM
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PRIVATE CLIENT SERVICES ASSOCIATE

London

As a leading global securities firm and US investment bank, our client is looking for a high calibre individual to join their Private Client Services Division at Associate level.

The following attributes are essential:

- A superior academic background to include an MBA or PhD
- A Law degree from a leading University
- Experience of working in a Legal Firm in an advisory capacity
- Experience of working in a bank with experience in FX Trading, Corporate Finance, Securities, Trade Finance and Treasury Operations
- Experience of working and living in a Central European country
- High energy level and ability to cope in a highly pressurised environment
- Fluent in Russian, Bulgarian and English and a working knowledge of German and French

Please write enclosing a full CV to: The Confidential Reply Handling Service, Ref: 727, Associates in Advertising, 5 St John's Lane, London EC1M 4BH. Applications will only be forwarded to this client, but please clearly indicate any organisation to which your details should not be sent.

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HR MARKETING & COMMUNICATIONS

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RISK ANALYSTS

Major US investment bank requires VP/senior analyst level individuals with financial institutions and/or international corporate industry expertise for counterparty risk and M&A advisory roles. Strong credit research backgrounds required. German, Spanish, or Italian language skills a plus. Positions are London based.

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City based firm seeks a director level candidate with asset backed securitization expertise and 5-10 years credit analysis experience. Individual will spearhead securitization team. Position is London based.

EMERGING MARKETS SPECIALIST

Leading US house seeks VP with East European/Russian expertise. Credit or fixed income research background in sovereigns or financial institutions required. Position is London based.

FIXED INCOME RESEARCH ANALYSTS

● AVP/analyst level individuals with asset backed or commercial real estate industry expertise. Strong credit skills required for these major firms. Credit card/consumer loan specialization a plus. Loan portfolio work also useful. Positions are London and New York based.

● VP/senior analysts with property casualty, life, and/or mortgage insurance industry expertise required for leading international research house. Positions are London and New York based.

● VP with bank industry expertise required for major international investment firm. Position is based in Hong Kong and requires knowledge of the Asian region. Cantonese or Mandarin strongly preferred.

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European Investment Analyst

£Competitive Plus Benefits

Our client is a major European Investment House with some \$10 billion under management on behalf of global institutional clients.

An exciting opportunity has arisen on their European Desk for an Investment Analyst with 2-3 years experience of looking at specific geographical areas within Europe. Your role will be to assist the Investment Manager in the search, analysis and selection of a variety of Continental European small and mid caps companies for a variety of specialised investment vehicles.

The successful candidate will be expected to spend a high percentage of their time looking at the French market and therefore will need to be a fluent French speaker. A third European language ability is desirable as the job holder will have the opportunity to travel to Europe on a regular basis.

Interested applicants should forward their cv together with full salary details in confidence to Trevor Robinson at the address below.

JONATHAN WREN

JONATHAN WREN & Co Ltd,
FINANCIAL RECRUITMENT CONSULTANTS
NO.1 NEW STREET, LONDON EC2M 4TP
Tel: 0171 623 1266 Fax: 0171 628 5257 P30355

Emerging Markets team of an established International Bank require two new members who must be fluent in English, Russian and one other Eastern European Language:

- 1) CREDIT ANALYST educated to Graduate or Master level in Finance/Business related subjects. Minimum 12 months experience in a similar role within Eastern European markets. Salary c35k.
- 2) MIDDLE OFFICE ASSOCIATE educated to Master level in International Management and Finance. Knowledge of Eastern European markets and relevant experience. Salary c35k.

Please apply, in writing to PO Box 417, London EC3V 4QH

FORFEITING

An exciting opportunity has arisen for two experienced à forfait traders to join a new finance company being established in London in association with a major international bank. The traders will be expected to be active in the secondary market. The shareholders of the new Company, who are themselves experienced forfeiters, will assist in the sourcing of assets. The successful senior candidate will be appointed as a Director.

There are positions available for a Senior and Junior Trader with at least 5 and 2 years respectively of relevant experience with a major forfeiting house. The shareholders have a dynamic and imaginative approach to business which should be shared by the candidates.

The remuneration package, which will include a significant level of profit related bonuses, will be competitive and reflect the experience of the successful candidates.

To apply, please write, enclosing your c.v., to Box A5452, Financial Times, One Southwark Bridge, London SE1 9HL. Your application should include a note of your current remuneration package and advise for which of the two positions you are applying.

EXECUTIVES & MODELLERS

CORPORATE FINANCE

To £35,000 + excellent bonus potential

The client is a major international investment bank with a global focus. Corporate Finance has enjoyed considerable success resulting in sustained growth throughout the division.

As a consequence a number of new openings exist at Executive level for candidates capable of taking initiative and executing tasks with minimal supervision. Corporate Finance covers a wide range of products from M&A, advisory, privatisation etc and is divided across industry sector specialisation. Candidates will be newly/recently qualified ACA's preferably with some exposure to corporate finance activities. Alternatively you will be an experienced corporate financier from a banking background, seeking more defined and fluid career progression. All candidates should possess first class academic qualifications and excellent interpersonal skills.

For further information and a confidential discussion please contact David Goodrich or Julian Davey

Prime Executive

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The advisory and lending functions of this leading player in the field of Project Finance have created new openings for modellers to assist in the execution of transactions.

Their increasing profile in the market has resulted in significant success in securing major mandates in both advisory and lending. The bank has a firm policy of internal progression and as such has created openings for modellers working across a wide range of industry sectors on an international scale.

Candidates will ideally possess previous project finance experience gained from a banking, practice or industry/sponsor environment. Alternatively excellent modelling/cash flow forecasting skills gained from an accounting firm would also be considered. Excellent academic skills together with a team playing attitude and the desire to succeed are essential criteria.

Emerging Markets team of an established International Bank require two new members who must be fluent in English, Russian and one other Eastern European Language:

- 1) CREDIT ANALYST educated to Graduate or Master level in Finance/Business related subjects. Minimum 12 months experience in a similar role within Eastern European markets. Salary c35k.
- 2) MIDDLE OFFICE ASSOCIATE educated to Master level in International Management and Finance. Knowledge of Eastern European markets and relevant experience. Salary c35k.

Please apply, in writing to PO Box 417, London EC3V 4QH

CoreStates Bank

Global Financial Services - Asian Corporate Market

CoreStates Bank N.A. is the principal domestic banking subsidiary of CoreStates Financial Corp., a Philadelphia-based bank holding company with \$45 billion in assets, marketing diversified financial services in the United States and selected products and services worldwide through 6 overseas branches and 24 overseas offices.

Relationship Manager. This Philadelphia-based position provides an excellent opportunity to lead an initiative targeting Asian-based corporates. The initiative will be leveraged off of an existing portfolio of US subsidiaries, as well as opportunities developed through our extensive Asian branch network and our rapidly growing global trade services business. The focus will be on cross-selling CoreStates' credit and non-credit services, and credit management of overseas markets.

Requirements. A minimum of three years banking experience, with strong sales, negotiating and transactional skills. Strong technical knowledge of credit risk. Prior living/travel experience in Asia. Language proficiency important but not critical. Excellent communication, interpersonal and customer service skills.

Please forward your curriculum vitae to: CoreStates Bank N.A., Human Resources, F.C. 1-3-8-34, MS/RM P.O. Box 7558, Philadelphia PA, 19101-7558 USA. Fax 1-215-973-2402.

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DERIVATIVES
ASSOCIATE

London

Our client, a prestigious US investment bank, is looking for a high calibre and experienced professional at Associate level to join our Derivatives business.

The following attributes are essential:

- Strong quantitative skills and a superior academic background to include an MBA and a primary degree in Computer Engineering and Electrical Engineering
- Mathematical expertise gained during academic studies
- At least 5 years' experience in Software Engineering and Systems Architecture, with specific emphasis on software development, product strategy and writing/implementing marketing plans
- Sales and presentation experience to computing firms at international conferences
- Experience in a US investment bank working with structured Fixed Income Derivatives products
- High energy level and be able to cope in a highly pressurised environment
- Proven interpersonal skills

Please write enclosing a full CV to: The Confidential Reply Handling Service, Ref: 725, Associates in Advertising, 5 St John's Lane, London EC1M 4BH.

Applications will only be forwarded to this client, but please clearly indicate any organisation to which your details should not be sent.

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HR MARKETING & COMMUNICATIONS

CREDIT
RESEARCH
ANALYST

Competitive Salary · City

Our client, one of the world's leading financial institutions, operates a global credit business and profit centre. Business growth and an increasing focus on European Emerging Markets means they need an additional Credit Research Analyst. The team covers corporates and financial institutions and supports risk managers and product teams within the bank. It also provides analysis and credit opinions on specific industries and companies, and advises on and structures transactions.

To be considered, you will need outstanding finance-related qualifications, including an MBA; 2+ years' credit analysis experience in a major rating/regulatory agency or in credit/equity research; extensive knowledge of European Emerging Markets, including Romania, Hungary, Bulgaria, Kazakhstan and Russia; fluency in at least one other European language; and first-class communications skills.

In return, our client is offering a competitive package and excellent prospects.

To apply, please send full career details, quoting ref: 733, to: Alastair Lyon, Confidential Reply Handling Service, Associates in Advertising, 5 St John's Lane, London EC1M 4BH.

Applications will only be forwarded to this client. However, please indicate any organisation to whom your details should not be sent.

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HR MARKETING & COMMUNICATIONS

Corporate Finance Professionals

Deutsche Morgan Grenfell operates in over 30 countries and has over 8,000 staff. In the Asia Pacific region, we employ 2,000 people in 17 countries.

Our Investment Banking Division advises on and executes equity and equity-linked primary and secondary transactions, mergers & acquisitions, privatizations and corporate restructurings. As part of the expansion of our Hong Kong and Singapore offices, we are looking for corporate finance professionals to work in our Asian Investment Banking Division.

If you enjoy working in a challenging environment and seek opportunities for career development, please send your résumé by 15 June 1997 to: The Managing Director and Head of Investment Banking Division, Deutsche Morgan Grenfell, 20 Raffles Place, #26-01 Ocean Towers, Singapore 048620. NB: Please mark "Ref: Asia IBD" on the envelope.

The successful candidates must have:

- 2-3 year's corporate finance and/or strategic advisory experience in a US "bulge bracket" investment banking firm
- Significant transaction experience
- Proficiency in conducting sophisticated valuation analysis, including DCF modelling and comparable companies analysis.

We offer a competitive compensation package. Applications will be treated in strict confidence. Only shortlisted applicants will be notified.

Deutsche Morgan Grenfell

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appears in the UK edition every Wednesday & Thursday and in the International edition every Friday.

For further information please call:

Toby Fildes-Crofts on
+44 (0)171 873 4027

HEAD OF EQUITY RESEARCH - KOREA

A first tier European international investment bank, with a significant presence in eight Asian markets, is expanding its activities in the region. Our client is seeking to appoint a head of research for the Seoul office. This is a research-oriented firm with a history of developing rated analysts and research teams.

The head of research will be in an excellent position to establish a quality product in a market at an early stage in its development. This is a senior appointment which offers participation in executive management and a large amount of independence within a regional research team.

Reporting to the managing director and to the regional head of research, the primary responsibility will be to build a team and develop the firm's Korean equity research product. International marketing to global institutions and participation in corporate finance will be an intrinsic part of this role.

The successful candidate will have a minimum of four years' experience in equity analysis or fund management attained in a mature financial market. In addition to excellent presentation skills, they must demonstrate team building and leadership qualities.

In complete confidence please send a comprehensive CV or contact Ann Brier,

Account Director at Asia Pacific Consulting Limited, by 20 June 1997.

19/F Queen's Place, 74 Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong.

Tel: (852) 2525 1181 Fax: (852) 2525 6212; E-mail: abrier@hkstar.com

European Institutional
Equity Derivatives Sales

European equity derivatives value sales desk seeks qualified individuals to join sales effort focusing on volatility brokerage (OTC and listed options on stock and indices), basket trading on a back to back basis in major European markets, arbitrage opportunities in stocks, warrants and options strategies for their global client base. The group is part of a major international bank with AA credit rating. Positions will be available for the first three months in the Frankfurt office, after that also in London and Paris.

Please fax your CV to Frankfurt office 0049-69-710-7795

Attn: European equity derivatives sales

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Highly experienced analyst specialising in the assessment and rating of banks in developed and emerging markets. Excellent written, oral and computer skills. English, French and German languages.

Seeking new challenging openings in London or other world financial centres, preferably on a freelance basis, short/long-term assignments.

Reply to Box A5437, Financial Times, Southwark Bridge, London SE1 9HL

PROPRIETARY
TRADER

London

Our client, a prestigious US investment bank, is looking for a high calibre and experienced Proprietary Trader to join our Foreign Exchange business.

The following attributes are essential:

- Minimum 13 years' experience in Foreign Exchange as a Trader and a Salesperson
- Good knowledge of Swiss currency policy
- Must have a large portfolio of Swiss customers
- Must have fluent German and a working knowledge of French
- Proven interpersonal skills
- Experience in teaching Foreign Exchange products

Please write enclosing a full CV to: The Confidential Reply Handling Service, Ref: 726, Associates in Advertising, 5 St John's Lane, London EC1M 4BH.

Applications will only be forwarded to this client, but please clearly indicate any organisation to which your details should not be sent.

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HR MARKETING & COMMUNICATIONS

ACCOUNTANCY APPOINTMENTS

Finance Director
Telecommunications

From £70,000 North West

NORWEB Communications is a fast growing regional telecommunications company, changing the face of telecommunications in the North West.

As part of United Utilities plc Group, NORWEB Communications has been highly successful in penetrating the business telecoms market through the provision of high quality services based on the latest in fibre optic and digital switching technology.

Having recorded revenues of £12 million in 96/97, NORWEB Communications has ambitious plans to increase revenues significantly within the next few years through continued development of local business markets and expansion into new market areas. To facilitate this exponential growth, a restructured group of businesses is being established to manage existing and new telecommunications ventures providing an exciting new role for a first class Finance Director.

As a key part of the management team, this high profile role calls for broad domestic and international experience of the telecommunications industry.

The successful candidate will be responsible

for business, economic and financial planning, investment appraisal and the direction of the financial and management accounting function within the telecommunications division. Reporting to the Managing Director of Telecommunications, this is an opportunity to take the financial helm of a major business within the United Utilities Group.

A good degree and a UK accountancy qualification are prerequisites as is experience of a senior financial management role in a telecommunications company.

This is a real chance for an ambitious candidate to play an important part in developing a significant business and offers a salary upwards of £70,000 with a first class benefits package.

Please write with your CV to Paul Child, Search and Selection, The Old Pound House, London Road, Sarncliffe, Leeds LS1 5JD. Tel: 01544 875082, Fax: 01544 874877. Email: paul@searchandselection.com

NORWEB operates a no smoking policy. Equal consideration will be given to all applicants irrespective of race, gender, creed or disability.

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communications

a United Utilities company

ACA - PARTNER DESIGNATE

£35,000 plus accommodation & benefits

An outstanding opportunity to join a major, well established, international, professional firm as part of a multi-disciplinary team in Warsaw, and later, Prague.

Our clients offer a range of Professional services to many global and local organisations, including company secretarial support and contract accountancy and an audit facility. You'll provide technical support and management supervision of a large team of accountants and bookkeepers, help develop the auditing capability, and assist in client relationships including financial reporting, Polish, French or German would be useful but not as much as a strong professional practice background and the need to succeed in a dynamic environment.

Please phone or send CV to John Hyde PCCA or Rachel Clark BA(Hons.)

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From day one, the learning curve is steep. A constant review programme ensures that training and assignments are tailored to match your needs. On the job development is combined with approximately six weeks of training in the first year, with courses ranging from systems and finance to presentations, quality and leadership. Led by some of the best business and academic minds from within GE and externally, training continues throughout your career.

The learning opportunity is so enormous and the breadth of experience so wide that you will make rapid progress. Following an initial four month assimilation period, Associates are typically promoted after a year and become Managers after two, three years' experience prepares you for a leadership role anywhere in the world.

The qualifications required are simple: an outstanding academic record, at least 2-3 years' work experience and evidence of real achievement in any function of a major corporation or professional firm. Language skills - European or Asian - are also essential. Most important, however, is a real desire to make an impact, maximise your potential and ultimately to lead others. You will need enormous energy, relish change and have a passion for excellence. You must also have strong analytical skills and a truly international mindset, with the ability to drive quality and change in a company that detests red-tape and bureaucracy.

In return, GE offers challenge, exhilaration and opportunity on an accelerated development programme unlike anything else in the business world today.

If you would like to take up that challenge, please write today to our advising consultants at the address below enclosing a copy of your CV and current salary details quoting ref 214. Alderwick Consulting Limited, 95 Fetter Lane, London EC4A 3EE. Tel: (+44) 171 262 2560. For more information telephone (+44) 0171 262 9191 (weekdays) or (+44) 181 467 1408 or (+44) 966 119056 (evenings and weekends).

GE is an equal opportunity employer

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The Mean Fiddler Organisation is the biggest live music promoter in the U.K. We operate music venues and festivals in the U.S.A. and Ireland as well as in the U.K. and future plans include venue and festival opportunities in Europe. We wish to recruit a first class Group Financial Controller who is currently working in a multi-company dynamic environment. Experience of Sun accounting systems would be an advantage. Please send a detailed CV to Michael O'Keefe, 2228a High Street, Maresden, London, NW10 4LX.

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For further information please call:

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INTERNATIONAL UPSTREAM OIL AND GAS Finance Manager, West Africa

Ranger Oil is a Canadian Exploration and Production company with a long and successful history as an independent. Over the past several years, the Company has expanded operations beyond North America and North West Europe to West Africa, where it operates in Angola and Namibia and has interests in other countries in the region. An immediate vacancy exists, in Luanda, Angola, for a Finance Manager to provide business support and financial expertise for the Company's operations in Angola and, in the future, other locations in West Africa, which has been identified as a strategic area for the Company's future exploration and production activities.

The Finance Manager reports directly to the General Manager, Angola, with functional guidance from the Director, Finance located in the Company's UK office in Guildford, Surrey. Ideally, candidates will have at least 10 years post qualification experience in the industry, either with an operating or service company and will have managed a small finance group providing financial and management reporting services.

A key responsibility is to ensure compliance with relevant local and international laws and to provide financial information which will be used to make effective management decisions. Also of critical importance will be liaison with third parties, including government officials, state oil companies and partners. Candidates must demonstrate good communications, organisational and people skills to successfully manage these elements of the job. Competency in Information Systems is also required, as the Finance Manager will supervise this function locally. Finally, experience in working in international locations, preferably in Africa and a talent for languages are highly desirable in this position.

The appointment is for a two year assignment, which may be renewed upon completion. Residency in Luanda is required and an attractive overall remuneration package is in place to recognise the location and demands of the position.

Interested, qualified candidates are requested to write an introduction letter referencing this advertisement and provide a current CV, by 27 June, in confidence to:

Human Resources, West Africa, Ranger Oil (U.K.) Limited, Ranger House, Walnut Tree Close, Guildford, Surrey GU1 4US.

E-mail address: jbooth@guildford.Ranger-OIL.com

RANGER OIL

Manager Finance Projects

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Competitive package

adidas AG has an internationally renowned brand name and a reputation for product innovation which has enhanced its competitive position. The finance function has global responsibility for management and financial reporting, investor relations, mergers and acquisitions, treasury, IT, accounting systems, other finance matters and ad-hoc projects.

There is now a requirement for an experienced individual to join the central finance team, acting as a project co-ordinator covering a number of global and local projects. Working closely with the Chief Financial Officer, these could range from macro projects such as assessing the impact of a common European currency on the business or implementing a global forecasting system, to looking at more local taxation and regulatory issues. The role will also develop into acting as the in-house consultant for all finance related matters.

An MBA from a leading business school and preferably a Chartered Accountant or CPA, you will have three to four years' finance or corporate planning experience with a major global corporation or be working for a reputable management consultancy firm. Cultural awareness of the German marketplace and fluency in German and English are pre-requisites. Preference will be for individuals with branded consumer products knowledge coupled with strong project management experience. You will be a highly motivated team player with initiative and good communication skills.

This is an outstanding opportunity to join a high profile multinational corporate with strong growth prospects. Career enhancement opportunities are excellent and the package, depending on experience, will include an annual bonus, company car and the fringe benefits associated with a position at this level.

Interested applicants please send a full resume, quoting reference number 2506A/02 to Anthony Cook at Morgan & Banks PLC, Breitenham House, Lancaster Place, London WC2E 7EN or if you prefer, telephone 0171 240 1040. Fax Number 0171 240 1052. E-mail: info@morganbanks.com.uk Internet Home Page: http://www.morganbanks.com.au



adidas

GROUP FINANCIAL CONTROLLER

City

£55,000 + car

Our client, an extremely well established plc. within their field, provides professional advice, products and services to the insurance, corporate and financial markets on a global basis. The Group, with over 100 offices in the UK and overseas, has achieved consistent year on year growth, current t/o £100m. plus, through a small management team at Head Office.

As a consequence of internal promotions a Group Financial Controller is to be appointed who will undertake a hands-on role providing key financial and management input to Board members at Head Office. Responsibilities will include leading the group's corporate reporting on financial matters including company secretarial and taxation issues, providing guidance and sound technical advice to the varied businesses in the field, to maintain and enhance the scope of the central finance function and to contribute to strategic planning including new business evaluation.

Candidates for this challenging role should be graduate qualified chartered accountants, probably aged mid 30's, with a strong track record and broad financial management experience. First class accounting skills coupled with excellent inter-personal abilities and an enthusiastic and pragmatic approach are pre-requisites as the successful candidate will be working and liaising at all levels within this progressive group.

Please write enclosing full curriculum vitae, quoting ref 662 to: Philip Cartwright FCMA, Cartwright Consulting, 3 Wigmore Place, Cavendish Square, London W1H 9DB Tel: 0171 371 9476 Fax: 0171 371 9478

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FINANCIAL SELECTION & SEARCH

Chief Executive (designate)

Private client investment management

Excellent remuneration Central London

Running an office of around 25 staff, the Chief Executive will be responsible for the management and administration of the trusts and company interests associated with this prominent family. You will be a Director of the overall parent company and also a Director within some private company interests in the UK and overseas. In addition you will oversee the administration of the various trusts and investments and also play a key role in dealing with family members and their individual requirements, including taxation issues.

This is not merely an investment management or trust administration role. There are additional management demands in respect of leadership and ensuring value for money with regard to the services provided plus the need to deal with family members and beneficiaries on a regular basis.

This unique position calls for a combination of experience and skills. You could well be a chartered accountant or lawyer or possibly come from investment management or private banking. Whichever background you come from, you will have experience of dealing with private clients and investment and trust administration. You will certainly have reached a senior level and have experience of office and staff management and will be familiar with dealing with trustees and committees.

In terms of personal qualities, it should go without saying that we seek someone with integrity, discretion, tact and diplomacy. You should have the maturity to deal effectively and openly with people at all levels and ages and be able to thrive in an environment where you are providing a service to family members, even though you will have pressures and demands placed upon you from time to time.

We are looking for someone probably in their mid-late 40's who sees this as their final career move, but who still has the enthusiasm and energy to make a major contribution in this important role.

If you are interested, please write to Alannah Hunt, quoting reference A/1770 together with your CV, salary expectations and demonstrating how you feel you match these requirements. Applications should be received by 21 June.

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CASPIAN Global Emerging Markets

OPPORTUNITIES IN FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

A fast growing Emerging Markets investment group, Caspian is building a wide ranging investment banking franchise to provide securities trading, corporate finance, asset management and research services to an international client base. Established in 1995, we now have over 290 staff located in London, New York, South America, India and the Far East. Headed by an impressive executive team, we are building our resources to meet the challenge of rapid business expansion. Our finance function needs to recruit three talented individuals who will make a critical contribution to the development of the business support and control infrastructure.

Global Reporting Accountant

- Accounting for European holding companies; consolidation of Group financial statements.
- Collation and analysis of management information.
- Co-ordination of the budgeting process.
- Management of a small London team and liaison with Regional Controllers.

Global Tax Manager

- Wide ranging responsibility for corporate tax on an international level, and for personal tax and VAT.
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- "Greenfield site" opportunity to establish an operational audit function.
- Global brief covering Europe, the Americas, Asia and India; could be based in London, New York or Hong Kong.
- High level influence, reporting to the Board.

Candidates for these roles will be energetic, flexible individuals who thrive on responsibility and will enjoy the opportunity to make a contribution to a dynamic young organisation. Securities industry experience is desirable. Intelligence, technical skill, business understanding and the desire to be involved in an exciting group are pre-requisites; remuneration levels and career development potential will be highly attractive.

Please write to our advising consultants Janet Bullock at BBM Selection, 76 Watling Street, London EC4M 9Bf quoting ref: 437 and the role for which you wish to be considered, and enclosing a CV that includes contact telephone numbers. Any agency or direct applications will be forwarded to BBM. All applications will be handled in the strictest confidence.

Appointments Advertising

appears in the UK
edition every
Wednesday &
Thursday and in the
International edition
every Friday.

For information on
advertising
in this section
please call

Courtney Anderson
0171 873 4153

or

Toby Finden-Crofts
0171 873 4027

GROWTH IN A CARING ENVIRONMENT

FINANCIAL CONTROLLER

CareTech Community Services is one of the leading private providers of special needs care in the Northern Home Counties. It provides a range of residential and day-care services. Founded in 1993, the company has grown substantially and in 1996 raised funds from a leading private equity house for further expansion.

The company now needs to appoint a commercial financial controller who will assume the day to day financial leadership of the business and install the controls necessary to manage the projected growth. You will also be expected to take responsibility for developing the IT function in a multi-sited operation. A key issue is empathy with the providers and recipients of care.

Potters
Bar

Circa
£35K



You will be a graduate ACA/CIMA with one/two years PQE in commerce/industry or currently in a senior role with a professional firm in public practice, with the ability to be promoted to a board position within one/two years. Reporting to the Managing Director, you will provide the administrative fulcrum of the business. You will be working with a creative and innovative small senior management team committed to providing a meaningful and rewarding lifestyle for its clients.

Please apply to our recruitment consultants quoting reference 1299FT, to Adrian Wheale or Mark Dichter at Wheale Thomas Hodgins Plc, Executive Resourcing, 13 Berkeley Square, Clifton, Bristol, BS8 1HG.

International Investment Bank - Financial Management Opportunities

This leading investment banking subsidiary of one of the world's largest banks is continuing to diversify its Eurobonds, Government Bonds and Investment Management businesses. At the beginning of this year the company initiated a substantial reorganisation of its finance function, which has led to an increased need for enhanced management information systems and high calibre finance professionals. In order to support this programme of change management, it is now looking to recruit for the following two positions:

Financial Controller To £65,000+Banking Benefits

Working closely with and reporting to the Head of Finance and Controls, this role will involve:

- Managing, integrating and developing a team of 10 staff in the areas of financial and regulatory reporting, revenue analysis and management accounting.
- Establishing and implementing principles in the finance department.
- Handling major systems developments in order to address the needs of the business.
- Liaison with senior management on all strategic and operational issues.

This is a key role in the organisation and suitable candidates will be qualified accountants with financial services sector experience. Additionally, you should be able to demonstrate management experience and a track record of effecting change.

Revenue Analysis Manager To £45,000+Banking Benefits

Reporting to the Financial Controller, this role will involve the following:

- Working closely with the dealing room in the analysis of trading results, with commentary by income source.
- The enhancement of business systems in order to improve the quality of management information being produced.
- Managing a team of three in the production of daily/monthly management accounts.
- Established accounting procedures and reporting arrangements in connection with future business diversification plans.
- Liaison with senior management on all operational issues.

Suitable candidates should be qualified accountants with financial services sector experience, ideally covering a range of products. Additionally this is a role which will require strong interpersonal skills and management qualities.

These roles represent excellent opportunities for ambitious individuals to join a progressive organisation where you will influence the nature of financial management within the business.

For further details please contact our advising consultant Gary Hall on 0171 240 2101 quoting Ref GH1090 or write to him enclosing a full curriculum vitae at the address below.

Hall Alexander, Financial Recruitment Consultants, Wellington House, 8 Upper St Martin's Lane, Covent Garden, London WC2H 9DL Tel: 0171 240 2101 Fax: 0171 240 2060

**Hall
ALEXANDER**

Off-shore Trust Officer

Switzerland

Excellent Overseas Package

Our client is a prestigious international group with worldwide offices specialising in the establishment and administration of off-shore trusts and companies. The company focuses on advising individuals, family groups, business and professional firms on international tax planning, structuring, administration and the supervising of clients' investments.

Our client is looking to recruit a qualified accountant with the following attributes:

- Experience of trust and off-shore administration work.
- A confident and credible personality.

- Knowledge of the investment markets.
- Excellent communication skills.
- An interest and commitment to working and living abroad.
- The ability to quickly establish relationships with a variety of private clients.

If you are interested in this position please send or fax a full curriculum vitae stating current remuneration details to Joanna Adolph at Michael Page City, Page House, 39-41 Parker Street, London WC2B 5LN. Fax +44 171 405 9649, Tel +44 171 269 2341.



Michael Page City

International Recruitment Consultants
London Paris Frankfurt Madrid Hong Kong Singapore Sydney

ahrend Financial Controller

Chiswick, West London

c £50,000 Package + Car

An innovative, stimulating business driven by sound marketing policies and impressive plans for future growth, Ahrend is a leading force in the supply of premier quality office furnishing and associated design products. The expanding UK operation accounts for some £18 million of the International Group's turnover which is in excess of £250 million.

'Ambitious' would certainly describe the ideal individual sought to develop this key role and the company's future plans. Reporting to the Managing Director, the emphasis is genuinely on the commercial input you can provide to drive the business forward - increasing both market share and profitability.

Whilst day-to-day management of a loyal, capable finance and IT team will be your responsibility, other likely areas of involvement will include maintaining and enhancing client

relationships, financial strategy and planning, management reporting and financial control, liaising with international colleagues.

Applications are invited from driven, motivated, qualified accountants, ideally aged in their late 20s to early 30s, who can demonstrate a desire to succeed through hard work and a 'winning' outlook. A minimum of 3-4 years post qualified experience is essential, some of which is likely to have been gained within a trading environment. However, the dynamics of your current business are less important than the requisite personal qualities which will include a strong, robust character, a forward thinking attitude and proven commercial acumen.

Please apply in writing to David Angel and Elizabeth Ewen at Michael Page Finance, Page House, 39-41 Parker Street, London WC2B 5LN, quoting reference J351591.



Michael Page Finance

Specialists in Financial Recruitment
London Bristol Birmingham Edinburgh Glasgow Leatherhead Leeds
Maidenhead Manchester Milton Keynes Nottingham Reading St Albans & Worldwide

Salomon Brothers

Manager - Portfolio Accounting

London

£ Excellent Package

Salomon Brothers Asset Management Limited (SBAM Ltd), based in London, is part of a global network of asset management companies operating out of New York (headquarters), London, Frankfurt and Hong Kong with representative offices in Tokyo and Singapore. The group has approximately US\$24 billion in assets under management for a global institutional client base which includes government agencies, central banks, supranational institutions, insurance companies, corporations and pension funds. SBAM Ltd is a multi-currency fixed income specialist servicing clients with a comprehensive range of sophisticated multi-currency fixed income investment management products.

Due to internal restructuring a new role has been created as Manager of the substantial non-leveraged portfolios. The Manager will be responsible for a small team carrying out client reporting, performance measurement and other administrative duties. Specific responsibilities will include:

- Product quality control - valuation, pricing and performance.
- Extensive liaison with fund managers.

- Staff development, training and appraisal.
- Formulating, developing and controlling departmental procedures.
- Contribution to IT development within the department.

Ideal candidates will be graduate accountants from an investment or related financial services background, preferably in asset management and with a full understanding of accounting and valuation procedures in relation to both fixed income and equity products (Asian equities in particular). Knowledge of ADMR and performance measurement would be an advantage.

Candidates are likely to be a minimum of three years post qualified but more emphasis will be placed on candidate maturity, experience and presence. Previous supervisory experience is essential, as is PC literacy, in particular Excel. Candidates must be articulate, confident and organised. They should be self-motivated and able to work without a rigid framework and across all levels and disciplines.

Interested candidates should send a full CV with current remuneration details to Sarah Hunt at Michael Page City, Page House, 39-41 Parker Street, London WC2B 5LN, fax 0171 405 9649.



Michael Page City

International Recruitment Consultants
London Paris Frankfurt Madrid Hong Kong Singapore Sydney

Finance Director Designate

South Humberside

to £45,000 + Car

Our client is a dynamic £150 million plus turnover division of an extremely successful UK Plc specialising in food manufacturing which is currently implementing strategies, resulting in them attaining a market leading position within their sector.

As a consequence of these developments and a re-positioning of their client base an outstanding opportunity has arisen for a dynamic hands-on commercially astute Finance Director Designate. This is a high profile key appointment within the organisation requiring initially the development of a more targeted, responsive and user friendly, real time management information system. Reporting directly at Board level, you will be responsible for three separate business environments.

- The role will involve:
- Recognising commercial opportunities and variances within the company and evaluating solutions.
 - On going liaison with Operational Directors to identify and pursue commercial objectives.
 - Jointly preparing forecast budgets and long range plans.

- Development of effective management information providing on-line executive support.
- Enhance the costing and performance tracking systems of the organisation.

You will be an ambitious qualified CIMA accountant in your early to mid 30's, with a real desire to succeed, with excellent interpersonal, communication and leadership skills. You will be hands-on, highly commercial and possess a proven track record of achievement, ideally with a blue-chip FMCG manufacturing background. Extensive experience and exposure to costing and pricing is a necessity. You will be capable of becoming Finance Director within two years.

If you feel you have the necessary commerciality and dynamism to succeed in this challenging, high profile role, please send a comprehensive CV, quoting reference J53171, to Martin Harearty, Michael Page Finance, 28-32 St Pauls Street, Leeds LS1 2PX. Alternatively fax him on 0113 243 3177, or telephone him on 0113 246 9155.



Michael Page Finance

Specialists in Financial Recruitment
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Business Unit Controller Global Markets - Asia

Singapore

Attractive Package + Benefits

• Leading International Investment Bank •

Our client is the leading international investment bank and one of the world's leading financial institutions renowned for their innovative products and derivative structures. In line with the expansion in the Asia-Pacific, they are seeking a senior level finance and risk control person to head up their Global Markets Business Unit Controlling function in Asia.

Leading a team of experienced finance professionals, you will be responsible for all products, ie FX/MD, futures, options, equities, fixed income, OTCs, swaps and structured derivatives. You will be the driving force linking front to back office, dealing with daily product accounting issues, quantitative risk analysis, P&L attribution and P&L commentary analysis. Your contribution will be

instrumental to the strategic direction of this unit.

To succeed in this role, you should have a track record of at least eight years in a derivatives product control function in a financial institution and possess solid product and accounting knowledge, analytical and management skills. You should be driven with good interpersonal and communication skills.

Salary and remuneration package will be highly attractive for the right candidate. Please telephone Lee Foong Kam on 00 65 533 2777 or send a curriculum vitae to Michael Page International, 24 Raffles Place, #17-05 Clifford Centre, Singapore 048621. Fax 00 65 533 7227.



Michael Page International

International Recruitment Consultants
London Paris Amsterdam Düsseldorf Frankfurt Madrid Hong Kong Singapore Sydney Melbourne

Finance Director

The future is Right...the future is Ownership

South Devon c £40,000 Package + Equity + Relocation

Our client, a £4 million turnover hi-tech service based business is currently undertaking an MBO. With a new management team, the business has been substantially turned around, creating the opportunity for a Head of Finance. This will require an individual with the drive and ambition to jointly take the business through the millennium (planned growth at over 300%).

Operating as leaders in a truly niche market sector, your role will consume all areas of finance. Reporting to the Managing Director and leading the finance and IT team of six, emphasis will be placed on cash management, financial planning and performance monitoring thereof. Responsibilities will extend to cover the full review of business requirements/demands (both internal and external) to give clear uncomplicated MIS upgrading.

With growth both organic and acquisition based, you will be responsible for the full evaluation of any potential joint venture, new venture, investment or targeted competitor.

Due to clear focus on realising the aspirations of the senior management team, you will possess a track record of achievement emulating from a 'Big 6' background, combined with a numerate degree from a leading university. Probably aged 28-35, you will have shown and be able to demonstrate leadership and commercial skills that will complement the existing young, creative management team.

If your background and CV have the right profile and you possess a resilient, commercial bias, please send a comprehensive covering letter and CV (including current package and day time telephone number) to Gareth Davage at Michael Page Finance, 29 St Augustine's Parade, Bristol BS1 4UL, quoting BT77.



Michael Page Finance

Specialists in Financial Recruitment
London Bristol Birmingham Edinburgh Glasgow Leatherhead Leeds
Maidenhead Manchester Milton Keynes Nottingham Reading St Albans & Worldwide

FINANCE DIRECTOR

Hertfordshire

c £70,000+ Package (including car and bonus)

Our client is the International Division of a major international contracting Group, listed on the London Stock Exchange. They now seek a Finance Director for the Division which has a turnover of £150 million and operations in the Near East, Middle East and Asia.

THE POSITION

- Working as part of the executive team which is responsible for identifying, analysing and selecting suitable target markets and formulating and delivering business strategies.
- Overall responsibility for the financial management of the international businesses and development and leadership of the headquarters-based divisional finance team.
- Ensuring first-class, timely financial reporting routines, complying with group requirements, adding value to top-line management.

QUALIFICATIONS

- A qualified accountant of graduate calibre, likely age 35-45, with a proven track record in commercial financial management.
- Relevant sector knowledge (construction/engineering) with senior experience of a large group environment and of international operations.
- Proven management skills, with the ability to motivate and develop individuals and establish and conduct excellent lines of communication across all levels of an international operation.
- Strong operational and strategic intellect, presenting first class credentials to contribute towards the continuing drive for growth and success.

Interested candidates should write, enclosing full career and current salary details, to the advising consultant Jon Boyle, at Questor International Ltd, 3 Burlington Gardens, London W1X 1LE. Please quote reference 2243. Telephone: 0171 293 8300. Fax: 0171 287 5457. E-mail: jon@questorint.com



QUESTOR INTERNATIONAL

WORKING ABROAD

Working in Asia: Banking

Singapore and Hong Kong

Wednesday 18th June 1997 - 6.30pm

Michael Page International is hosting a seminar in Central London for accountants (newly qualified to five years PQE) interested in working in the banking industry in Singapore or Hong Kong. Our Singapore Director, Scott Maynard, will be at the seminar to offer you the opportunity to discuss career possibilities in Singapore and Hong Kong.

Demand for this seminar is likely to be high, so telephone early to secure your place. Please contact Kate Timms on 0171 269 2548 as soon as possible for a booking form.



Michael Page International

International Recruitment Consultants
London Paris Amsterdam Düsseldorf Frankfurt Madrid Hong Kong Singapore Sydney Melbourne

Handwritten note: J351591

GlaxoWellcome

Financial Reporting Accountant

c £35,000 + BENEFITS • GREENFORD, MIDDLESEX

Glaxo Wellcome is one of the world's largest pharmaceutical companies with annual sales of £8 billion, operating companies in 83 countries and 54,000 employees worldwide. Its shares are listed on stock exchanges in London, New York and Tokyo.

Due to their ongoing philosophy of personal development within the finance team, Glaxo Wellcome wishes to appoint a new Financial Reporting Accountant in Group Finance at their global headquarters in Greenford. Group Financial Reporting is responsible for the production of quarterly, consolidated Group accounts and the preparation of the Group's externally published financial reports in accordance with legal and listing requirements.

Working within a small high profile team, your responsibilities will encompass:

- Generation, analysis and interpretation of consolidated financial data and reports.
- Development of financial reports so as to achieve a fair and balanced portrayal of Glaxo Wellcome's business performance and objectives.

- Liaison with Group companies and head office departments on accounting issues.
- Development of the process of production of consolidated data and supporting financial reports.
- The review and implementation of technical accounting requirements as they affect Glaxo Wellcome.

Prospective candidates will be ACA qualified with post-qualification experience, either making a move from practice or from industry with relevant experience. You will need strong accounting skills and up-to-date technical knowledge, combined with good interpersonal and organisational skills.

With this role come the rewards and career progression that only Glaxo Wellcome can offer. Should you feel you possess the qualities to meet this challenging opportunity, please telephone Keith Mackenzie on 0171 263 2262 to discuss further or forward your curriculum vitae to Michael Page Finance, Page House, 39-41 Parker Street, London WC2B 6LN. Fax 0171 742 3578.



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LONDON

c £60,000 + BENEFITS

Coopers & Lybrand is one of the leading providers of business advisory services in the UK and internationally. The UK firm numbers approximately 10,000 partners and staff and operates from more than 30 offices. Knowledge and Information are at the heart of all that we do and Information technology is a key enabler of our business. A major programme of enhancement to information systems is underway and the commitment to improvement is ongoing rather than one-off.

The Commercial Manager will lead a team of twelve with responsibility for every aspect of commercial financial management and procurement that you would expect to be associated with a very substantial project and operational IT/IS budget - in effect a Finance and Procurement Director for this increasingly significant part of the firm. You will set the agenda in managing all existing and new IT related contracts and can look forward to extensive senior level contact both internally and with suppliers.

A graduate qualified accountant of the very highest calibre, you will bring several years experience of financial management, including management accounting for services and projects, from a blue chip environment. You must be fully conversant with the IT sector. We therefore envisage you will have a background which includes responsibility for the financial aspects of IT in a major user or relevant experience in an ITAS hardware/software/services provider. Ideally you will have experience of complex negotiations and a good awareness of contract law implications. This is a high visibility role with the opportunity to develop a career in the wider firm.

Please send full personal and career details, including current remuneration and daytime telephone number, in confidence to Tim Latham, Coopers & Lybrand Executive Resourcing Ltd, 7 Embankment Place, London WC2N 6NN, or e-mail: tim.latham@gb.coopers.com quoting reference TL1260F.



Schroders

Finance and Administration Director
Indonesia

Schroders is one of the largest and most international of the UK based investment banking groups. South East Asia plays an important part in our strategy and we currently employ around 60 people in the Investment Banking and Investment Management businesses in Indonesia. The Company is a member of the Jakarta Stock Exchange.

An opportunity has arisen for a Finance and Administration Director in order to strengthen the team in Jakarta. The role, reporting jointly to the Managing Director in Indonesia and the Finance and Administration Director in S. E. Asia (based in Singapore), encompasses responsibility for the financial and administrative affairs, including regulatory and control aspects, and for monitoring settlements, IT and HR. The successful candidate will be a qualified accountant with several years' post-qualification experience, a part of which must have been in the financial services industry. Strong management skills will be essential as will the ability to handle a broad range of responsibilities. Fluency in English is mandatory. Asian experience preferable and Bahasa Indonesian desirable.

A competitive package is offered and there are opportunities for career progression within the Schroder Group world-wide.

Applications, including full résumé, should be sent to Sue Cox, Group Personnel Director, Schroders, 120 Cheapside, London EC2V 6DS.

Finance Director - Germany

c. DM250,000 + Bonus + Benefits

Frankfurt

Our client is a multi-billion dollar organisation that is recognised as being a market leader in the transportation service industry.

This US based multinational corporation is currently seeking a Finance Director for its German business unit. Responsibilities will include:

- Direct the financial and accounting functions of the business unit in accordance with US GAAP standards and local statutory requirements.
- Prepare, analyse and interpret financial matters for utilisation by management in the decision making process and evaluate the data with reference to company and unit objectives.
- Establish and maintain an integrated financial plan consistent with the company's goals and objectives, both short and long term, analysed and revised as required and communicated to all levels of management.
- Develop and revise internal control standards to provide guidance and assistance to other members of management in ensuring conformance with company standards.

- Oversee assigned tax, treasury, purchasing and MIS functions, maintain appropriate relationships with internal and external auditors and develop and maintain systems and procedures in accordance with company standards.

The ideal candidate will be a qualified accountant, and MBA in Finance would also be a benefit. With at least 10 years' experience with a US multinational organisation you will possess prior Controllership or FD experience. Given the highly commercial focus of this position, the individual will display both strong technical skills and considerable business acumen.

This is a challenging and demanding role which will require a pro-active individual with superior communication skills, a grasp of day-to-day management as well as the ability to make a significant contribution, at a strategic level, to the performance and profitability of the company. Fluent English and German is essential.

Suitable candidates should forward their details to the advising consultant at Harvey Nash Plc, 13 Bruton Street, London W1X 7AH. (Tel: 0171 333 0033, Fax: 0171 333 0032.) Please quote reference number HNFI87FT. You may also apply via http://taps.com/Harvey_Nash

HARVEY NASH



This international FMCG company was established to capitalise on new opportunities in emerging markets. They have achieved tremendous success in recent years, and expect to double sales in the next 5 years.

They are now seeking to appoint an ambitious Financial Controller with a hands-on approach to join this dynamic and entrepreneurial team.

FINANCIAL CONTROLLER

c. £40k + considerable performance related benefits

Belgium

The Role

Reporting to the Managing Director you will be solely responsible for:

- management reporting for group and company
- control of assets, group costing and pricing
- budget, statutory accounts and VAT
- divisional control for the group factory
- supporting local staff in all financial areas

The Person

- a qualified accountant with around 5 years experience
- an international company background, preferably in FMCG
- solid experience in MRP and ABC gained in a manufacturing or logistics environment
- strong leadership and man-management skills
- clear and effective communication skills.

This is an outstanding opportunity for an ambitious young accountant who responds best to a dynamic and entrepreneurial environment.

If you possess an enthusiasm for change, are an innovative thinker and wish to take part in this ambitious growth plan then apply in writing to Christopher King, Mercuri Urval Limited, Spencer House, 29 Grove Hill Road, Harrow, Middx HA1 3BN quoting Ref: CK/FC/97.

Mercuri Urval

Deputy Group Treasurer

Major Manufacturing Plc

£45,000 + Excellent Benefits

London

Superb opportunity for young Treasurer in blue-chip international group.

THE COMPANY

- ◆ Progressive, diversified, substantial plc. Strongly branded. Undertaking major change management programme.
- ◆ Worldwide manufacturing operations. Reputation for innovative product development.
- ◆ Commitment to strong financial discipline and profitable growth.

THE POSITION

- ◆ Report to Group Treasurer. Key member of small, focused team.
- ◆ Responsibilities within operations, systems, risk management and financing.

- ◆ Major role in management of worldwide cash and borrowings. Build effective internal and external links.

QUALIFICATIONS

- ◆ Graduate with ACT and accountancy qualifications. Minimum 3 years' plc treasury experience.
- ◆ Strong technical competence. Computer literate; state of the art systems knowledge.
- ◆ Enthusiastic self starter able to balance risk minimisation with creative solutions. Team builder.
- ◆ Energetic, dynamic clarity of thought, attention to detail. Outstanding interpersonal skills.

Please send full cv, stating salary, ref LG70516, to NBS, 54 Jermyn Street, London SW1Y 6LX
Fax 0171 409 1786 Tel 0171 493 6392

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NB Selection - London



Selection and Search

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Financial Controller

Retail Sector

To £40,000 + Car & Benefits

Yorkshire

Bright and ambitious finance professional for business with flotation prospects.

THE COMPANY

- ◆ Nationally recognised, dynamic and highly profitable £70m retailer of ladies' fashionwear. Extensive UK branch network: in-house manufacturing operation. Strong niche market focus.
- ◆ Track record of rapid expansion, clear strategic plans for further organic growth. Flotation prospects within 2-3 years.
- ◆ Challenging and meritoric working environment. Highly focused, innovative and entrepreneurial Board.

THE POSITION

- ◆ Real opportunity to impact performance and growth as key member of management team. Fully devolved responsibility for financial management.
- ◆ Implement tight financial controls. Drive improvements in systems and procedures to deliver competitive advantage.

- ◆ Develop strong interface with retail operations in particular. Lead, motivate and develop team of 22. Report to Finance Director.

QUALIFICATIONS

- ◆ Bright, qualified accountant with exceptional commercial flair. First class intellect. Retail or manufacturing experience
- ◆ Disciplined self starter with strong attention to detail. Good internal relationship builder. Strong IT modelling skills.
- ◆ Confident, articulate and results driven. Prepared to stand up and be counted.

Please send full cv, stating salary, ref LD70602, to NBS, Yorkshire House, Greek Street, Leeds LS1 5SX
Fax 0113 243 2339 Tel 0113 245 3830

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J. K. 10/15/97

Schlumberger IPM

Project Controllers

International Opportunities

Qualified Accountants

MBAs

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Experience in Engineering, Construction, Petrochemical, Oilfield Services and similar industries

We invite applications for positions in project control. Successful applicants would become members of our worldwide team of professionals delivering a comprehensive yet flexible project management services tailored to the unique needs of Schlumberger's clients.

Applications are encouraged from professionals with five years experience in project control in the engineering, petrochemical, construction, oilfield services and similar industries. Candidates may be financial professionals with an accounting background, or have an engineering background with an MBA.

Successful candidates should be able to communicate effectively in English and have a proven ability to work internationally. Multiple assignments will be available.

Currently, openings exist in the Middle East, Asia and Europe.

Interested applicants should contact: **Paul Blum**, Tel: +44 1273 835 7335 or Fax: +44 1273 835 7336. Alternatively email: paul.blum@schlumberger.com

Asbury Mansfield

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- Providing leadership and career development of key regional finance executives

You will possess strong analytical, planning and commercial problem solving skills, with a minimum of 10 years PQE combined with 5 years influencing group strategy. Fluency in Spanish or Italian with international exposure will be advantageous.

To discuss this opportunity telephone Jason Gasparro on 0171 405 4161 quoting reference no: 3249 or alternatively send your details to him at the address below:

5 Bream's Buildings
Chancery Lane
London EC4A 1DY
Tel: 0171 405 4161
Fax: 0171 405 1140
E-Mail: franco@psd.co.uk
Internet: www.psd.co.uk



PSD

FMS
Finance and
Accountancy
Recruitment

John Elliott

FINANCE DIRECTOR

This 27 partner legal firm enjoys an established reputation and consistent growth. As well as thriving property and commercial teams the firm is pre-eminent in the field of insurance law and liability litigation. They seek to strengthen the management of the practice by recruiting an Influential Finance Director to support the partnership in its continued development.

Working with a Finance Committee, in addition to the standard accountancy routines, responsibilities will include budgeting procedures, improving automated data capturing systems, and

LONDON

£70,000

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INTERNATIONAL
CORPORATE - EXECUTIVE
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analysis of trends for management purposes. The individual will be a key player in the efficient management of the practice and will need to be a relationship manager in the truest sense. Candidates must be qualified accountants, able to demonstrate their abilities to influence colleagues and instigate change in an environment where the preservation of personal trust is paramount.

Please apply, in confidence to Stephen Williams, 15 Bloomsbury Square, London WC1A 2LJ, Phone 0171 831 8383, fax 0171 831 9571.

Poplar HARCA

Poplar HARCA is a new housing and regeneration agency working in the London Borough of Tower Hamlets. Following a positive vote by tenants, the HARCA will take over just under 2,000 homes on three estates in early 1998. Subject to further tenant ballots, the HARCA will over the next three years grow to 6,500 homes, delivering a multi-million pound refurbishment and regeneration programme. The HARCA now wishes to recruit its first senior staff.

HACAS
Housing Action Community Agency

Finance Director

Salary £46,000 - £52,000 p.a.

The Finance Director will establish and lead the team responsible for financial control and financial management. The Finance Director will take personal responsibility for managing the HARCA's loan portfolio and relations with lenders.

Candidates will need to be fully qualified (CA, ACCA, CIMA or CIPFA), and experienced and effective financial managers. Experience of developing and implementing complex financial strategies is essential. The emphasis of the Senior Management Team will be on performance. Candidates will need to show a track record in achieving corporate as well as departmental objectives.

Candidates should apply in their own style by 16 June 1997 at 12 noon to HACAS, the HARCA's advisers, whose address is given below. An information pack is available from HACAS.

HACAS Ltd, United House, North Road, London N7 9DP. Telephone 0171 609 9491. Fax 0171 700 7589.

HSBC Markets

HSBC Markets is seeking three qualified candidates to join its highly successful Global Structured Finance Group. The Tokyo team, with responsibility for origination, structuring and executing Asian based transactions is looking to build on its recent widely publicized successes. If you are currently working for a major international investment bank and are looking to join a global team of experienced professionals responsible for managing the entire transaction instead of simply "sales" or "origination" we are interested in meeting with you.

The three successful candidates will be able to demonstrate the following:

Senior Transactor

- Extensive experience in originating, negotiating and closing structured transactions which may draw on your background in capital market products and derivatives;
- A track record showing your capability to generate fee income in line with the value you have contributed to client driven, cross border transactions;
- Strong relationships with issuers and/or investors.

Junior Transactor

- Strong understanding of structured finance and asset securitization transactions;
- Numerate with good analytical and computer skills;
- Minimum of three years experience in international finance or investment banking.

Team Assistant

- Strong command of both spoken and written English;
- Efficiency in computer (MS Office applications) and organizational skills;
- Work experience in foreign bank or securities firm preferred.

For each of the above positions, a high degree of emphasis is placed on self-starters with excellent presentation and interpersonal skills. International experience, particularly in Asia, would be an advantage. Each position offers significant scope for personal development and advancement. Salaries and benefits shall be competitive and commensurate with experience.

Interested parties should contact Human Resources Department at HSBC James Capel Japan Limited, Tokyo Branch, Kyobashi Ichome Building, 13-1, Kyobashi 1-chome, Chuo-ku, Tokyo 104 Tel: (03) 5203-3747

Finance Director VENTURE CAPITAL INVESTMENT

£60,000 + Equity

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An outstanding opportunity to join a £15m multi-site service organisation, with ambitious growth plans and operating in a dynamic sector. The result of a successful venture capital investment.

• **RESPONSIBILITY** is to the Managing Director for running a professional finance function combined with an authoritative input into the commercial and strategic direction of the Company, including the preparation for a Stock Market flotation or Trade Sale.

• **THE NEED** is for a qualified accountant, probably a graduate, aged 30-40, of above average intellect, with well developed analytical powers and commercial acumen. Good communication skills and leadership qualities are essential. Previous experience in a service organisation would be desirable.

Write in confidence enclosing a Curriculum Vitae and remuneration package, quoting reference T8342 to:

TK
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8 Hallam Street, London W1N 6DJ. Fax: 0171 631 5317
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West London

"Great marketing, great cashflow, and a great growth profile". A bold statement from an already highly successful company that is perfectly placed to continue its growth in the field of international consumer products under its new name of Fortune Brands. With worldwide sales of \$4.7bn, and twelve brands that generate over \$100m each the group focusses primarily on distilled spirits, golf and leisure products and office equipment. Notable names include Jim Beam, Whyte & Mackay, Titleist, and ACCO. Operating from new offices in West London, the company now seeks to recruit a number of professionals to form its European audit team.

Acting alone or as part of a team, auditors will take a 'value for money' approach to their reviews, with management of larger projects revolved throughout the team. The function will adopt risk based techniques covering areas as diverse as finance, production, distribution, sales and marketing. With a high level of project work, the emphasis will lie in adopting a progressive audit philosophy that stresses a consultative approach to the work.

Frequent European travel (50% of your time) and exposure to senior management/Board Directors means that auditors must have exemplary interpersonal skills, and a high degree of commercial

acumen. The team will be a multi-disciplined function, and as such, whilst all members will have commercial experience, backgrounds can vary. Of particular interest are qualified accountants with previous

internal audit/line finance experience, candidates with extensive knowledge of distribution/manufacturing environments, or individuals with a good knowledge of Management Information Systems. A second European language (preferably French) is particularly useful, as is knowledge of interrogation software (preferably ACL). Individuals should be able to show high degrees of initiative and flair in order to take advantage of future worldwide opportunities.

To register your interest in these exceptional opportunities please contact our retained consultants Matthew Derwood or Paul Gietzel at Executive Connections on 0171 304 9000 (evenings/weekends 0171 254 3849). Alternatively send your Curriculum Vitae to them at 43 Eagle Street, London WC1R 4AR E-mail: Fortune.Brands@executive-connections.co.uk or Fax: 0171 304 9001. Please note: Any CVs sent directly to Fortune Brands will be forwarded to Executive Connections.

CARIBBEAN BANK SENIOR POSITIONS

GENERAL MANAGER

We are seeking a mature banker with 20 years or more of banking experience in a broad range of positions with major OECD Financial institutions. Candidates are expected to have strong general management background in branch administration and operations and to have served in senior positions in the Commercial and Personal Lending area, preferably in both line and staff roles. Candidates should possess a good balance of leadership, banking experience and academic qualification. The position reports to the Executive Director of the Bank.

CREDIT/AUDIT MANAGER

We are seeking a senior credit officer for the bank. Candidates for this position must have at least 20 years experience in banking and particularly in credit department account management. The ideal candidate will have had exposure as both a senior lending officer and a senior credit manager in major OECD Financial institutions. Exposure to an internal audit role would be an asset. We are seeking a common sense individual with a good balance of experience and academic qualifications. This position reports to the Executive Director of the Bank.

We offer attractive remuneration based on the level of experience the candidates bring to the roles. Packages include U.S. Dollar salary and automobile/housing allowance. Applications from Caribbean nationals are encouraged but all applications will be considered on their merits.

Please forward detailed resumes together with an indication of the salary level expected by mail, email or fax by June 20th 1997 to OTIC Corporation, 177 East 77th Street - 5D, New York, NY, 10021. Email: otic@oticcorp.com. Fax: (212) 628-0116

UK & MEA Finance Director

Maidenhead

No experience & benefits

Business Objects is the world's leading supplier of integrated query, reporting and analysis software tools. Listed on the US NASDAQ stock exchange and with dual headquarters in both Paris and San Jose, CA, the company continues to have year-on-year growth with worldwide revenues in excess of \$85m. The opportunity exists for an individual to further develop their career and make a significant contribution to the development and growth, at a corporate level, of this World Class global software company in the UK & MEA region.

Reporting to the Vice President of Finance, who is based in Paris, the UK & MEA Finance Director will be responsible for all areas of accounting and financial control, including responsibility for Ledger Control, Distribution, Human Resources & Payroll and Facilities Management. In addition this person will be responsible for all of the company's policies and procedures, in particular those regarding revenue recognition and contractual licensing language and practices. You will also be expected to provide a contribution to both Corporate and Local Strategies.

The ideal candidate will have a minimum of 5 years' experience, with a combination of public accounting (audit) experience and operational management of a finance function. Working alongside the UK Managing Director and based in the UK, you will need to demonstrate management of corporate and local issues, as well as the ability to interact with various clients and service providers. We would expect you to have experience of US Accounting Practices as well as an appreciation of the IT industry.

To apply contact David Brent, Recruitment Manager, on the number below, or send your details to him at: Business Objects (UK) Ltd, Objects Court, 29-41 Moorbridge Road, Maidenhead, Berkshire SL6 8LT.

Tel: 0181 878 5300. Fax: 0181 876 9614.

E-mail: david_brent@businessobjects.co.uk<http://www.businessobjects.com>
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Group Finance Director

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As a small, profitable, highly respected PLC operating in the design conscious F.M.G.B. market place, focus remains on quality and responding promptly to blue-chip customer needs. The market place is an international one with all the opportunities and challenges that brings.

The Group needs to appoint a commercially minded Finance Director who will play a pro-active role in the management of the Group, whilst maintaining a close link with the main operational units.

Candidates should be qualified graduate accountants who can demonstrate a progressive track record gained in a

quality manufacturing environment. You should possess sound I.T. skills, be able to deliver to a high standard and provide a strong commercial input. Experience of dealing with the City would be desirable but not essential. Acquisitions experience would be preferable as would knowledge of Company Secretarial matters.

Please send full personal and career details, including current remuneration level and daytime telephone number, in confidence to John Elliott, Coopers & Lybrand Executive Resourcing Ltd, Temple Court, 35 Bull Street, Birmingham B4 6JT, quoting reference JE336 on both envelope and letter.

IT Appointments



AINSWORTH & ASSOCIATES

Ainsworth and Associates are specialists in the development of Business Solutions and the application of Information Technology in Finance, with long experience of financial business operations in many different client environments. During the past ten years, we have developed a reputation for excellence unequalled in our field.

Owing to recent expansion we are currently seeking to recruit

Principal & Senior Consultants

with experience in

Project Management

You have at least 5 years experience running multi-man-year bespoke developments or package selection systems integration projects using modern Project Management tools and methods within the financial services industry.

Business Analysis

Your profound understanding of the financial services industry will have been gained over a period of 5-10 years, developing IT solutions with a leader in Asset Management, Custody, Securities Trading & Processing, Investment Banking or Life & Pensions.

Systems Integration

You have specialist understanding in areas such as interfaces, data integrity and security, application and infrastructure performance and tuning, software configuration management, and supplier management gained in a sophisticated financial services environment.

Software Development

You are an accomplished practitioner in the use of PowerBuilder, C++ or VB5, maybe with team leading experience for large scale developments ideally but not necessarily in the financial services sector.

We offer an attractive remuneration package including equity participation and provide an excellent environment for personal development.

In the first instance please contact our retained consultants, quoting reference DA/5, Vine Pomeroy Limited, Suite 26, Ludgate House, 107-111 Fleet Street, London EC4A 2AB. Tel: 0171-955 0900. Fax: 0171-955 0901.

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Our client is a major financial institution, with its principal operational base in the United Arab Emirates. As a consequence of a decision to replace all of its core IT systems, the need has arisen to appoint two Senior Business Analysts to work with the Chief Information Officer to define and implement a new IT strategy.

These are senior roles, to undertake definition of the business requirements and to set standards of best business practice for the new systems implementation.

Successful candidates will be graduates, preferably with a second degree, with at least ten years' IT experience, of which at least six will have been in the financial services industry. They will be able to demonstrate a track record of implementing successful projects either from a business analyst or project management point of view. Extensive knowledge of current IT technology will be required, particularly of UNIX, Windows, NT and networking

technologies and a clear understanding and knowledge of the work of a major financial institution, particularly fund management. Excellent communication skills will be needed, as will be a high level of diplomacy and sensitivity to situations. Individuals should be used to working alone or in a team, heading up projects or working with business groups to define requirements and be able to deliver, through the IT department, creative, innovative and effective solutions.

If you are highly motivated and clear thinking, with a strong desire to improve business performance through state of the art IT systems, please send your CV with details of current remuneration to:

Bernard Grant, KPMG Executive Selection & Search,
1-2 Dorset Rise, Blackfriars, London EC4Y 8AE.
Fax number: 0171 311 5872. (Ref: SBA)

KPMG Selection & Search

SYSTEMS ACCOUNTANT

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The Economist Group is an independent and international publishing and information group. Turnover has doubled in the past five years and is now approaching £200m. The group has 1,600 employees worldwide and is set to continue to invest and grow.

As Systems Accountant, you will be responsible for the maintenance and further development of the group's global accounting system. A member of the finance function, but with close links with the group's IT departments and business managers, you should have experience of mid-range PC-based client server accounting software.

Currently based on Mainland and with sites in London, Hong Kong and North America, you will have the ambition and vision to build and invest in a system that can accommodate the group's future growth and information needs. You should also be comfortable with accounting in a multi-currency environment. This high-profile role will involve close communication and an understanding of business requirements.

Please apply with full details to John Parker, Group Financial Controller, at the address below.

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Courtney Anderson on
+44 0171 873 4095



IT SUPPORT ASSISTANT
Salary: £17K (Dep. on Exp.)

Financial Times Television is an affiliate company to the Financial Times Newspaper, and a division of Pearson Television producing over 7 hours of live programming daily. Our 80+ staff consisting of Journalists, Producers, Technical and Marketing and Admin staff produce and broadcast our unique brand of programmes from within our central London studios.

We require an IT Support Assistant to help manage our TCP/IP and NBT Network of 30+ Windows 95 and WFWG PCs, IRIS UNIX servers, terminal servers and 40 VT520 clients (distributing News wires and Autocue/promoter feeds).

The vacancy is mainly to support the PC network but we would expect the successful candidate to come to grips with most of our IT resources.

The ideal candidate would be eager to learn about IT systems within the television industry with approx. 1 years experience. IT support can be a stressful job especially within this type of environment so all candidates must be able to work effectively under pressure.

Please forward a recent CV and covering letter.

Maurice Dean
IT Manager,
Financial Times Television
1 Stephen Street
London W1P 1PJ
Fax: 0171 691 6068

A Pearson Television Company

Technology Careers in Investment Banking



An evening Seminar for fast track professionals

Central London

Thursday 19th June

In your academic life you made a huge personal investment in your knowledge and skills.

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You are motivated by challenge. You aspire to be part of a global industry. You are fascinated by technology and innovation and want a career where these are at the heart of success. Investment banking seems to meet these criteria, but you want to learn more. So what next?

If these aspirations strike a chord, you should attend our forthcoming seminar which is aimed at top calibre graduates who seek challenge, opportunity and career development in the global financial markets.

The evening will be informative but informal. You will hear about BZW, careers in technology and about specific opportunities, direct from the BZW team.

As to your background, you may be in technology or just thinking about making the move. We are flexible about recent industry experience and previous financial services knowledge is not a pre-requisite. However, a career in BZW Technology requires strong intellect, a good degree, excellent communication skills and the ability to work in a team. Age range sought is 23-28 with 2-5 years experience gained within a blue-chip environment.

If you are interested in attending the seminar, please return the attached form as soon as possible to Fiona Robertson, Michael Page Technology, Freeport, London WC2R 5BR, or via the Internet on http://taps.com/Michael_Page

Michael Page Technology
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NAME: _____	ADDRESS: _____
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CURRENT EMPLOYER: _____	AGE: _____
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IT Controller

Thorn is a major international group with an annual turnover in excess of £1.5 billion. In Europe, Thorn operates in 13 countries and the core businesses are brand leaders in their respective markets.

This is an opportunity with Thorn Europe, owing to the creation of a new management role with pan European exposure, to establish high standards of procedures for professionally managing all systems changes impacting on finance across Europe and ensuring compliance with those procedures. Responsibilities include:

- Regular reporting at Director and senior management level across the UK and Europe.
- Defining policy to system change control for finance, across Europe.
- Managing the day-to-day working relationship with the IT function, on behalf of finance.
- Guiding the European Finance Team on technology and service related decisions. Advising on prioritisation of systems resource/budget.

You are likely to be a qualified ACA accountant with in excess of five years POE, preferably with a background in the profession and subsequent commercial experience. You should also possess a knowledge of project management implementation, as well as understanding process and control implications. Strong interpersonal skills and the ability to build and develop working relationships in conjunction with the ability to influence and manage potentially conflicting situations are essential skills. You should also be a results focused, tenacious individual who can grasp new ideas and concepts quickly.

This is a high profile opportunity, reporting to the Director of Finance, within a prestigious and forward-thinking multinational. Career development opportunities within the Group are first class and the financial package includes bonus, PRP, and other benefits associated with a major international corporation.

Please apply enclosing a full CV and details on your current salary package, quoting ref RB2611, to Rachel Boyland at Robert Half International, Princess Beatrix House, Victoria Street, Windsor, Berks, SL4 1EH. Telephone: 01753 857 777 Facsimile: 01753 841 676

Any CV submitted direct to Thorn will be forwarded to Robert Half as retained consultants

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